

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS  
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS  
Public Health and Welfare Section

BULLETIN

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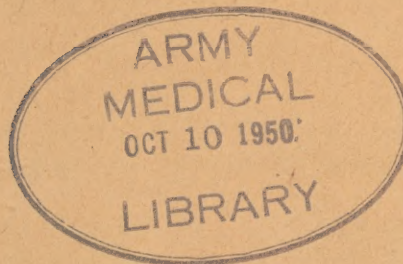
1950

SECTION

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SECTION I  
MEDICAL SERVICES

Unitarian Medical Mission

The closing exercises of the Unitarian Medical Educational Mission took place in Osaka on September 5, 1950. The effects of that mission are already felt throughout Japan. Shortly after the closing exercises, a conference was called in Osaka by all deans of the medical schools participating, where changes in curricula and cooperation between departments were emphasized. The Japanese evidences particular interest in the organization of clinical pathological conferences as carried out by the mission and are endeavoring to institute similar conferences in their own schools. The faculties of all medical schools in the Tokyo area have also met for discussions concerning cooperative efforts to stimulate clinical pathological conferences.

SECTION II

NUTRITION

Attached as Inclosures 1 and 2 are Results of Nutrition Surveys in Japan for February and May 1950.

SECTION III

VETERINARY AFFAIRS

Weekly Rabies Report

The Veterinary Affairs Section, Ministry of Welfare submitted the following report on rabies cases occurring during the period 20 August - 2 September 1950.

<u>Prefecture</u>	<u>No. of Cases</u> (20-26 August)	<u>No. of Cases</u> (27 August-2 September)
Tokyo	6	11
Kanagawa	2	1
Chiba	0	1
Saitama	3	2
Ibaragi	0	1
Gumma	0	3
Tochigi	0	0
Shizuoka	1	0
Osaka	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	12	19

Japanese statistics for period of 1 January - 2 September 1950 disclose a total of 681 cases of rabies in dogs, 1,437 humans have reported being bitten by dogs with 42 deaths.

Weekly Animal Disease Report

The Animal Hygiene Section, Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, submitted the following outbreaks of animal diseases for the period 26 August - 8 September 1950.

<u>Prefecture</u>	<u>Diseases</u>	<u>No. of Cases</u> (26 Aug. 1 Sept)	<u>No. of Cases</u> (2 - 8 Sept)
Akita	Equine encephalomyelitis	7 (suspect)	
Aomori	" "	12 "	
Fukushima	" "	2 "	
Fukuoka	" "	1 "	
Hokkaido	" "	3 "	16 (suspect)
Miyagi	" "	2 "	1 "



<u>Prefecture</u>	<u>Disease</u>	<u>No. of Cases</u>	<u>No. of Cases</u>
Nagano	Equine encephalomyelitis	1 (suspect)	2 (suspect)
Niigata	" "	2 "	
Okayama	" "	2 "	
Yamagata	" "	2 "	
Total	" "	34 (suspect)	19
Chiba	Swine erysipelas	1	
Fukushima	Anthrax	1	
Iwate	Swine cholera		20
Kagoshima	" "	51	17
Miyazaki	" "		3
Niigata	Swine ersipelas		2
Saitama	Swine cholera	2	
Tokyo	" "	2	
Yamagata	" "	1	

Cumulative Total - 1 January to date of report

Anthrax	11
Blackleg	6
Piroplasmosis	2
Posi. Equine encephalomyelitis	15
Susp. " "	363
Swine cholera	1,537
Swine erysipelas	354
Swine plague	61

SECTION III

NARCOTIC CONTROL

Narcotic Control Activities Report - July

The July report on narcotic control activities from the Ministry of Welfare contained the following information:

Arrests	Registered persons	39
	Unregistered persons	278
	(including 59 Koreans and 19 foreign nationals)	
Convictions	Registered persons	9
	Unregistered persons	93
	(including 13 Koreans and 9 foreign nations)	
Theft of narcotics (Including one hospital)		10
Losses by fire (including one drug store)		5

Penalties for registrants varied from ¥10,000 fine to twelve months penal servitude. Five out of six sentences of penal servitude were suspended. Six sentences were appealed, two by procurators, two by defendants and two by both parties.

Penalties for non-registrants tried in Japanese Courts varied from ¥2,000 fine to seven years penal servitude. Twenty-four out of eighty-nine sentences of penal servitude were suspended. Nine sentences were appealed by procurators, twenty-six were appealed by defendants and two were appealed by both parties.

Eleven Japanese tried in Military Courts received sentences varying from three months to two years penal servitude with one defendant fined ¥36,000 and three found not guilty.



Six Koreans received sentences varying from two years to three years penal servitude. Two are to be deported at the conclusion of the sentence of penal servitude and two were assessed fines and ordered deported. Six received suspended sentences all of which were appealed by the procurators. Two were found not guilty.

Penalties for seven foreign nationals varied from three months to three years penal servitude. Three are to be deported after the conclusion of the servitude. One was found not guilty.

Six registrants received administrative disposition and 97 were admonished. Eight non-registrants were released, because of insufficient evidence.

Inspections of registrants	1562
Investigations originated	302
Investigations concluded	400
Investigations not concluded	328

#### SECTION IV

#### WELFARE

##### Work Shop Inspections

Attached as Inclosure 3 is a translation of Ministry of Welfare directive SHA OTSU HATSU No. 134, dated 23 August 1950, Subject: Review and Guidance of Work-shops in connection with its Renovation Program. The directive requests that inspections of work shops be completed by 10 September 1950, in advance of inspection to be conducted throughout Japan by Ministry Officials during latter September. Ministry Officials seem confident that abuses which were generally prevalent throughout the Work Shop Program have been eliminated through efforts of prefectures and local officials.

##### Medical Care

Attached as Inclosure 4 is a translation of Ministry of Welfare Directive HATSU-SHA No. 60, dated 23 August 1950, Subject: Matters Concerning the Regulation on the Charge of Medical Care by the Designated Medical Agency under the Provisions of the Daily Life Security Law.

##### UNICEF

156,718 children under age of eighteen years received the 50 grams daily supplemented of milk under the UNICEF program during July, 1950.

Type of Feeding Center	No. of Centers	Total Children Participating
(1) Baby Clinics (Infant feeding program)	18	3,249 (under 1 yr. of age)
(2) Day Nurseries (Day nursery feeding program)	259	25,422 (1-6 yrs. of age)
(3) Primary Schools (School lunch demonstration Program and Schools in depressed areas)	66	62,073 (6-10 yrs. of age)
(4) Mother and Children's Homes and Orphanages (Mother and children's homes and orphanages)	706	36,406
(5) Special Institutions and Schools (Crippled children's homes, homes for blind, deaf, dumb and mentally deficient children and juvenile correctional institutions)	189	13,491
(6) Hospitals	125	3,617



	(National children's TB sanatoria, public and private TB hospitals and leprosaria	
(7)	Health Centers 127	12,460
	(Model health centers and selected health centers in urban and depressed areas)	

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Total 1,490

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156,718

*11,000,000*

CRAWFORD F. SAMS  
Brigadier General, Medical Corps  
Chief

8 Incls.

1. Result of Nutrition Survey, Japan - February 1950
2. Result of Nutrition Survey, Japan - May 1950
3. Sha Otsu Hatsu No. 134
4. Hatsu Sha No. 60
5. Japanese Hospital Report - July 1950
6. Digest of Weekly Report of Communicable Diseases in Japan, Week Ending 19 August 1950
7. Digest of Weekly Report of Communicable Diseases in Japan, Week Ending 26 August 1950
8. Digest of Monthly Report of Communicable Diseases in Japan for the Four Week Period Ending 26 August 1950.



## RESULTS OF NUTRITION SURVEYS - JAPAN - FEB. 1950

## Nutrients in Grams and Calories per Capita per Day.

	All Japan	1/ Urban	2/ Rural	Total	Tokyo Farmer	Non-farmer
<u>Number</u>						
Families	7,332	3,423	3,899	971	21	950
Persons	38,993	17,130	21,863	4,879	138	4,741
<u>Pop. Ratios</u>						
<u>Adult Unit</u>						
Protein	0.853	0.858	0.851	0.858	0.871	0.858
Calories	0.811	0.801	0.815	0.797	0.815	0.797
<u>Protein (Grams)</u>						
Animal	15.2	20.3	12.7	17.8	11.8	17.9
Vegetable	51.6	51.8	51.5	53.0	47.0	53.2
Total	66.8	72.1	64.2	70.8	58.8	71.1
<u>Fat (Grams)</u>	17.1	20.0	14.2	19.9	12.7	20.2
<u>Carbohydrate (Grams)</u>	417.3	401.2	426.1	380.2	380.9	380.2
<u>Calories</u>						
Ration	726	1,297	443	1,426	331	1,458
Free Market	271	477	169	465	150	475
Home Production	1,049	242	1,449	53	1,378	13
Gift	33	45	27	38	14	39
Total	2,079	2,061	2,088	1,982	1,873	1,985

1/ All cities 30,000 population and over

2/ Rural all prefectures



Grams of Various Classes of Food Consumed Per Capita  
Per Day from Nutrition Surveys - Japan - Feb. 1950

	All Japan	1/ Urban	2/ Rural	Total	Tokyo Farmer	Non-farmer
<u>Grains</u>						
Rice	345.8	313.9	363.1	268.2	386.4	264.7
Wheat	63.7	115.4	38.1	173.0	26.8	177.4
Barley	58.8	44.7	65.8	39.7	35.6	39.8
Corn Meal	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.0	-	0.0
Others	5.3	1.4	7.2	0.5	0.8	0.5
Total	475.0	475.5	474.8	481.4	449.6	482.4
<u>Nuts, Etc.</u>	0.9	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.2
<u>Potatoes</u>						
Sweet	98.3	65.2	114.7	52.1	50.1	52.1
White	23.6	20.0	25.4	24.6	46.2	23.9
Others	16.8	9.5	20.4	8.2	25.5	7.7
Total	138.7	94.7	160.5	84.9	121.8	83.7
<u>Sugars</u>	6.7	10.3	4.9	9.2	1.6	9.4
<u>Oils</u>	2.3	3.7	1.6	4.6	1.5	4.7
<u>Legumes</u>						
Soya beans	4.4	4.2	4.5	3.6	0.9	3.7
Misc. beans	30.1	26.9	31.7	26.4	28.2	26.4
Soya products	17.8	22.7	15.4	19.4	11.0	19.6
Other beans	4.6	6.1	3.8	11.2	9.8	11.3
Total	56.9	59.9	55.4	60.6	49.9	61.0
<u>Animal Foods</u>						
Fish - fresh	44.1	62.7	34.9	51.1	59.5	50.8
" - dried	10.0	11.4	9.3	7.6	1.7	7.8
Meat, Poultry	9.4	14.7	6.8	17.9	6.2	18.3
Eggs	4.7	7.1	3.5	8.9	-	9.2
Milk	4.4	7.8	2.7	10.0	0.1	10.3
Total	72.6	103.7	57.2	95.5	67.5	96.4
<u>Leafy, Green &amp; Yellow Vegetables</u>	70.0	81.5	64.3	68.8	105.9	67.7
<u>Other Fruits &amp; Vegetables</u>						
Citrus, Tomatoes	10.7	17.6	7.3	16.1	2.8	16.5
Other Fruits	9.3	16.0	6.0	14.2	5.6	14.4
Other Vegetab.	125.6	84.6	145.9	73.3	38.5	74.3
Total	145.6	118.2	159.2	103.6	46.9	105.2
<u>Seaweeds</u>	2.6	3.2	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.7
<u>Processed Veg.</u>						
Dried	3.5	2.9	3.8	2.1	0.1	2.2
Pickled	57.6	46.3	63.2	38.7	78.4	37.5
Total	61.1	49.2	67.0	40.8	78.5	39.7
<u>Flavours</u>	31.5	34.1	30.2	29.6	32.0	29.5
TOTAL	1063.9	1034.6	1078.5	981.9	958.6	982.6



# RESULTS OF NUTRITION SURVEYS - JAPAN - FEB. 1950

## Nutrients in Grams and Calories per Capita per Day

	3/ 11 Cities			4/ Other Cities		
	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer
<u>Number</u>						
Families	1,174	156	1,018	1,278	99	1,179
Persons	5,848	1,006	4,862	6,383	599	5,784
<u>Pop. Ratios</u>						
<u>Adult Unit</u>						
Proteins	0.857	0.860	0.857	0.858	0.877	0.856
Calories	0.802	0.810	0.800	0.803	0.827	0.801
<u>Protein (grams)</u>						
Animal	19.6	14.1	20.8	21.2	14.2	22.0
Vegetable	51.6	55.8	50.7	51.5	54.5	51.1
Total	71.2	69.9	71.5	72.7	68.7	73.1
<u>Fat (grams)</u>	19.1	15.9	19.8	20.1	15.9	20.5
<u>Carbohydrate (grams)</u>	404.5	465.4	392.1	402.6	444.0	398.2
<u>Calories</u>						
Ration	1,170	131	1,383	1,314	146	1,437
Free Market	489	146	559	476	135	512
Home Production	381	2,013	47	236	1,887	62
Gift	34	8	39	54	14	58
Total	2,074	2,298	2,028	2,080	2,182	2,069

3/ Nagoya, Osaka, Kure, Fukuoka, Sapporo, Sendai, Kanagawa, Matsuyama, Yokohama, Kyoto and Kobe.

4/ All other cities 30,000 population and over.



Grams of Various Classes of Food Consumer Per Capita  
Per Day from Nutrition Surveys - Japan - Feb. 1950

	3/			4/		
	11 Cities Total	Farmer	Non-farmer	Other Cities Total	Farmer	Non-farmer
<u>Grains</u>						
Rice	332.1	447.8	308.5	319.0	424.6	307.9
Wheat	106.6	23.0	123.6	103.4	39.4	110.1
Barley	42.5	42.6	42.4	46.8	63.4	44.9
Corn meal	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.0
Others	1.0	2.6	0.6	1.7	0.6	1.8
Total	482.4	516.6	475.2	471.0	528.6	464.7
<u>Nuts, Etc.</u>	0.7	2.3	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.6
<u>Potatoes</u>						
Sweet	70.4	127.0	58.8	66.5	41.6	69.1
White	24.5	32.8	22.8	16.8	27.7	15.7
Others	10.7	18.4	9.2	9.4	6.4	9.7
Total	105.6	178.2	90.8	92.7	75.7	94.5
<u>Sugars</u>	9.9	6.8	10.5	10.6	6.8	11.1
<u>Oils</u>	3.6	1.7	4.0	3.7	2.6	3.9
<u>Legumes</u>						
Soya beans	3.6	3.9	3.6	4.7	6.8	4.4
Misc. beans	26.1	39.2	23.5	27.4	32.6	26.9
Soya products	27.3	24.2	28.0	21.6	11.8	22.7
Other beans	6.8	5.9	6.9	4.6	5.8	4.5
Total	63.8	73.2	62.0	58.3	57.0	58.5
<u>Animal Foods</u>						
Fish - fresh	62.3	55.9	63.6	66.2	46.3	68.3
" - dried	12.2	9.4	12.7	12.0	9.7	12.3
Meat, Poultry	15.6	3.8	18.0	13.6	5.1	14.5
Eggs	6.3	3.3	7.0	6.7	4.9	6.9
Milk	9.2	0.8	10.9	6.4	1.7	6.9
Total	105.6	73.2	112.2	104.9	67.7	108.9
<u>Leafy, Green &amp; Yellow Vegetables</u>	76.7	59.9	80.2	86.7	93.9	85.8
<u>Other Fruits &amp; Vegetables</u>						
Citrus, Tomatoes	17.2	22.0	16.3	17.9	8.5	18.9
Other Fruits	14.7	3.3	17.0	17.0	8.1	17.0
Other Vegetab.	105.6	143.9	97.8	79.2	71.4	80.0
Total	137.5	169.2	131.1	114.1	88.0	116.8
<u>Seaweeds</u>	3.2	1.6	3.5	3.5	2.6	3.6
<u>Processed Veg.</u>						
Dried	2.3	1.4	2.4	3.3	4.5	3.1
Pickled	50.9	21.7	48.7	46.5	58.2	45.3
Total	53.2	63.1	51.1	49.8	62.7	48.4
<u>Flavours</u>	37.0	41.1	36.1	34.4	32.8	34.7
TOTAL	1079.2	1186.9	1057.1	1030.3	1018.9	1031.5



# RESULTS OF NUTRITION SURVEYS - JAPAN - FEB. 1950

## Nutrients in Grams and Calories per Capita per Day

	2/ Rural Areas		Non-farmer	Special Areas			3 Coal Mines
	Total	Farmer		Tokyo Railways	Akita Copper Mine		
<u>Number</u>							
Families	3,899	2,556	1,343	98	100		298
Persons	21,863	15,372	6,491	497	470		1,337
<u>Pop. Ratios</u>							
<u>Adult Unit</u>							
Proteins	0.851	0.853	0.846	0.828	0.813		0.839
Calories	0.815	0.822	0.798	0.762	0.806		0.834
<u>Protein (grams)</u>							
Animal	12.7	12.0	14.6	17.3	20.0		18.5
Vegotable	51.5	52.0	50.4	49.5	56.7		57.5
Total	64.2	64.0	65.0	66.8	76.7		76.0
<u>Fat (grams)</u>	14.2	13.6	15.7	18.8	18.2		22.1
<u>Carbohydrate (grams)</u>	426.1	435.7	403.0	363.8	441.7		427.6
<u>Calories</u>							
Ration	443	118	1,226	1,394	1,698		1,736
Free Market	169	103	326	442	494		408
Home Production	1,449	1,883	406	8	17		56
Gift	27	17	50	53	32		35
Total	2,088	2,121	2,007	1,897	2,241		2,235



Grams of Various Classes of Food Consumer Per Capita  
Per Day from Nutrition Surveys - Japan - Feb. 1950

	<u>2/</u> Rural Areas			Tokyo	Akita	3 Coal
	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer	Railways	Copper Mines	Mines
<u>Grains</u>						
Rice	363.1	379.9	322.8	238.9	411.9	338.3
Wheat	38.1	28.0	62.5	129.4	66.4	106.7
Barley	65.8	70.2	55.2	50.8	15.8	39.4
Corn meal	0.6	0.8	0.1	-	-	-
Others	7.2	8.3	4.7	0.9	0.3	0.6
Total	474.8	487.2	445.3	420.0	494.4	485.0
<u>Nuts, etc.</u>	1.1	0.3	3.1	0.1	1.4	2.4
<u>Potatoes</u>						
Sweet	114.7	120.2	101.5	67.8	51.1	50.9
White	25.4	25.0	26.3	33.1	32.1	40.1
Others	20.4	20.6	20.0	6.2	5.9	7.3
Total	160.5	165.8	147.8	107.1	89.1	98.3
<u>Sugars</u>	4.9	4.3	6.3	9.0	11.7	9.6
<u>Oils</u>	1.6	1.3	2.1	3.7	3.8	7.3
<u>Legumes</u>						
Soya beans	4.5	4.2	5.1	4.3	1.9	12.3
Misc. beans	31.7	32.4	29.9	14.0	44.5	20.3
Soya products	15.4	14.5	17.5	28.2	35.2	22.3
Other beans	3.8	3.2	5.3	12.6	4.3	6.4
Total	55.4	54.3	57.8	59.1	85.9	61.3
<u>Animal Foods</u>						
Fish - fresh	34.9	33.2	39.0	51.1	92.7	80.2
" - dried	9.3	8.6	10.8	14.0	6.5	4.8
Meat, Poultry	6.8	6.0	8.8	13.0	4.0	8.6
Eggs	3.5	3.0	4.8	7.5	1.9	3.0
Milk	2.7	2.1	4.1	1.9	1.1	1.2
Total	57.2	52.9	67.5	87.5	106.4	97.8
<u>Leafy, Green &amp; Yellow Vegetables</u>	64.3	66.2	60.0	73.7	61.5	67.7
<u>Other Fruits &amp; Vegetables</u>						
Citrus, Tomatoes	7.3	5.5	11.6	19.8	1.3	5.8
Other Fruits	6.0	4.8	8.7	18.6	43.8	9.4
Other Vegetab.	145.9	153.0	128.7	79.7	90.0	129.7
Total	159.2	163.3	149.0	100.1	135.1	144.9
<u>Seafoods</u>	2.3	2.0	3.0	3.4	3.8	3.3
<u>Processed Veg.</u>						
Dried	3.8	3.9	3.7	1.0	6.0	5.1
Pickled	63.2	68.3	50.8	30.5	112.2	88.0
Total	67.0	72.2	54.5	31.5	118.2	93.1
<u>Flavours</u>	30.2	28.7	34.1	30.9	38.8	49.3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1078.5</b>	<b>1098.5</b>	<b>1030.5</b>	<b>926.1</b>	<b>1150.1</b>	<b>1120.0</b>



DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD ACCORDING TO CONSUMER PER CAPITA PER DAY  
February 1950

Class	Tokyo		11 Cities		Other Cities		Rural Areas					
	Total	Farmer	Total	Farmer	Total	Farmer	Total	Farmer				
Total	971	21	950	1,174	156	1,018	1,278	99	1,179	3,899	2,556	1,343
under 1000	1	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	1
1000 - 1099	4	-	4	2	-	2	2	-	2	17	7	10
1100 - 1199	8	-	8	4	-	4	2	-	2	26	7	19
1200 - 1299	21	-	21	14	2	12	7	-	7	51	15	36
1300 - 1399	41	2	39	25	1	24	25	-	25	84	35	49
1400 - 1499	62	4	58	47	2	45	48	1	47	147	59	88
1500 - 1599	66	1	65	59	5	54	58	1	57	178	82	96
1600 - 1699	87	1	86	52	3	49	84	2	82	239	124	115
1700 - 1799	88	2	86	103	10	93	90	7	83	292	175	117
1800 - 1899	85	1	84	113	6	107	103	10	93	318	198	120
1900 - 1999	94	2	94	129	10	119	130	11	119	327	216	111
2000 - 2099	88	1	87	100	5	95	124	12	112	364	247	117
2100 - 2199	79	2	77	94	14	80	130	13	117	326	241	85
2200 - 2299	60	1	59	88	20	68	97	6	91	326	246	86
2300 - 2399	35	1	34	79	17	62	88	8	80	283	209	74
2400 - 2499	44	1	43	64	13	51	67	9	58	227	173	54
2500 - 2599	29	-	29	49	13	36	53	2	51	167	126	41
2600 - 2699	19	1	18	41	12	29	52	4	48	130	93	37
2700 - 2799	31	-	21	43	10	33	39	5	34	105	80	25
2800 - 2899	11	-	11	29	5	24	30	3	27	82	65	17
2900 - 2999	7	-	7	15	3	12	20	2	18	65	50	15
3000 and over	19	1	18	22	5	17	29	3	26	144	108	36



NUTRITIVE VALUE\* OF FOOD CONSUMPTION - FEB. 1950  
From Nutrition Surveys

Area	Cal- ories	Protein		Fat gm	Carbo- hydrate gm	Calcium gm	Phos- phorus		Iron mgm	V I T A M I N S				
		gm	Animal				gm	gm		A I.U.	B <sub>1</sub> mgm	B <sub>2</sub> mgm	Niacin mgm	C mgm
All Japan	2079	66.8	15.2	16.1	417	.25	1.76		46	2229	1.53	.71	9.5	105
Urban	2061	72.1	20.3	20.0	401	.26	1.78		49	2640	1.60	.76	9.7	96
Tokyo	1982	70.8	17.8	19.9	380	.26	1.77		49	2264	1.72	.73	9.3	82
11 Cities	2074	71.2	19.6	19.1	405	.27	1.82		49	2493	1.64	.76	9.7	99
Other Cities	2080	72.7	21.2	20.1	403	.26	1.77		48	2795	1.56	.76	9.7	98
Rural	2068	64.2	12.7	14.7	426	.25	1.74		45	2095	1.50	.66	9.3	110

\*Before Cooking

Approximate Loss Percent of Vitamins and Minerals by Cooking

Vitamin A	10-20
B <sub>1</sub>	40-50
B <sub>2</sub>	20-30
C	50-60

Minerals 20-30

Japanese Standard Requirement (per Capita)

Calories	-	2150	Vitamins	I. U.
Protein	-	75 gm	A	3000
Fat	-	25 gm	B <sub>1</sub>	1.0 mgm
Calcium	-	1 gm	B <sub>2</sub>	1.0 mgm
Iron	-	10 mgm	Niacin	10 mgm
			C	40 mgm



NUTRITION SURVEYS - DEFICIENCY SYMPTOMS - FEBRUARY 1950  
Percentage of individual showing symptoms with nutrition deficiencies

	No. Persons Examined	1/ Anemia	2/ Hyperker- atosis	3/ Keroph- thalmia	4/ Chei- losis	5/ Glos- sitis	6/ Loss of Knee Jerk	7/ Edema	8/ Chronic Diarrhea	9/ Brady- cardia	10/ Delayed Healng.	11/ Deficient Lactation	No. Symptoms (sound)	One Sympt.
All Japan	-	3.0	2.5	0.0	7.9	1.8	7.0	1.2	0.6	2.7	11.3	7.8	76.1	23.9
Urban	-	2.4	2.7	0.0	6.1	2.2	8.6	1.0	0.6	2.4	8.5	22.0	77.7	22.3
Tokyo	3,744	2.5	0.4	-	3.5	0.6	3.7	1.6	1.0	0.9	10.3	23.5	86.4	13.6
11 Cities	5,264	2.4	1.9	0.0	7.9	1.8	7.2	1.4	0.9	1.5	10.3	24.2	77.0	23.0
Other Cities	5,678	2.3	3.6	0.1	5.7	2.9	10.4	0.9	0.3	3.1	7.4	20.5	75.8	24.2
Rural Areas	19,956	3.4	2.4	0.2	8.8	1.6	6.2	1.3	0.6	2.9	12.7	7.0	75.3	24.7
Tokyo														
Railways	431	0.5	1.6	-	4.6	3.0	13.5	0.7	-	-	17.2	-	77.0	23.0
Akita Copper														
Mine	454	2.4	2.0	0.2	4.2	2.7	1.8	1.5	0.4	7.0	17.2	25.0	80.4	17.6
3 Coal Mines	1,251	2.6	3.4	-	4.5	0.5	4.0	0.7	0.3	1.4	13.6	17.5	82.7	17.3

1/ Deficiency of quantity or quality of blood due to wasting disease, loss of blood and imperfect nutrition, marked by paleness of the skin, mucous membranes, loss of energy, palpitation of the heart, etc.

2/ Hypertrophy corneous layer in the skin.

3/ Conjunctivitis, eye disease, due to deficiency of Vitamin A.

4/ A condition marked by lesions on the lips and corners of the mouth.

5/ Inflammation of the tongue.

6/ Absence of reflex contraction of the quadriceps muscle.

7/ Fluid in the body tissues.

8/ Abnormally frequent and loose fecal discharges for a long period.

9/ Abnormal slowness of the heart beat, as evidenced by slowing of the pulse rate. This examination included only persons over 13 years of age.

10/ Infrequency of the sanguinous discharge of women 17 - 45 years of age. 11/ Inability of mother to furnish sufficient milk to breast feed her baby under six months.



NUMBER OF PERSONS EXAMINED IN NUTRITION SURVEY, PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO OVERWEIGHT OR UNDERWEIGHT AND AVERAGE WEIGHT IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW THE TEN PERCENT LEVEL, MEASURED FROM THE STANDARD WEIGHT BY AGE GROUPS -  
FEBRUARY 1950

NUMBER OF PERSONS EXAMINED AND WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION - AVERAGE WEIGHT IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW TEN PERCENT LEVEL.	(AGE IN YEARS)										
	AVERAGE FOR ALL AGES	UNDER 2 YEARS	2 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 30	31 - 40	41 - 50	51 -	

Tokyo	Number of persons examined in each age group	3,712	200	471	569	360	345	496	493	401	377
Percent more than 10% below standard weight	13.9	18.5	17.0	7.7	6.9	8.4	12.9	15.5	19.4	22.3	
Percent 10% above or below standard weight	61.3	47.0	56.2	50.1	57.3	79.6	70.0	65.6	64.4	64.4	
Percent more than 10% above standard weight	24.8	34.5	26.8	42.2	35.8	17.7	17.1	18.9	16.2	13.3	
Average weight (kilogram) below standard weight	4.2	1.0	21.5	12.0	3.3	3.2	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	
Average weight (kilogram) above standard weight	3.8	1.1	1.5	3.0	4.2	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.3	

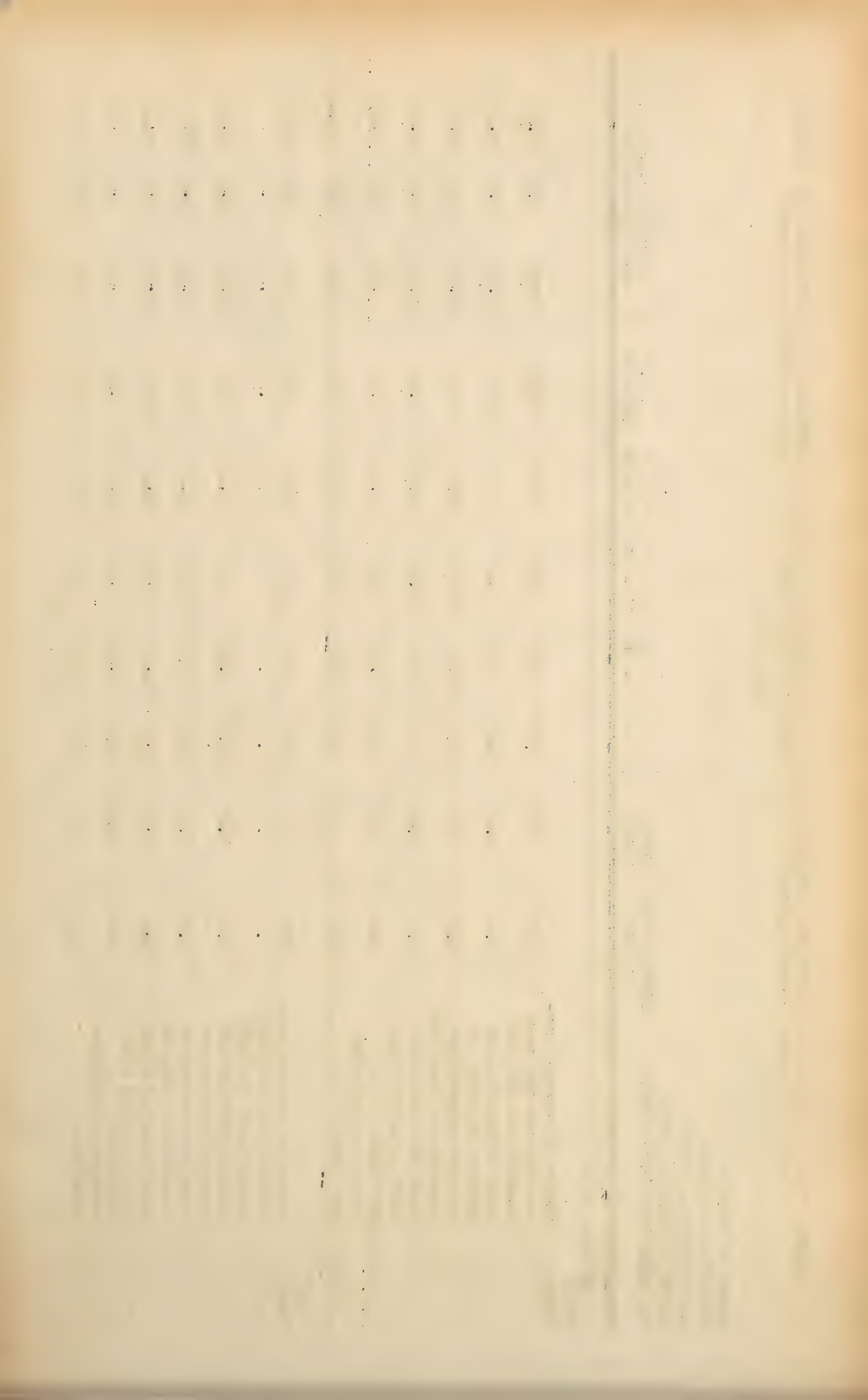
3/ Eleven Cities	Number of persons exam- ined in each age group	5,212	280	554	649	611	488	732	672	586	640
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NUMBER OF PERSONS EXAMINED IN NUTRITION SURVEYS, PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO OVERWEIGHT OR UNDERWEIGHT AND AVERAGE WEIGHT IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW TEN PERCENT LEVEL, MEASURED FROM THE STANDARD WEIGHT BY AGE GROUPS  
February 1950

NUMBER OF PERSONS EXAMINED AND WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION - AVERAGE WEIGHT IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW TEN PERCENT LEVEL		AVERAGES FOR ALL AGES										
		UNDER 2 YEARS										
		2 - 5										
		6 - 10										
		11 - 15										
		16 - 20										
		21 - 30										
		31 - 40										
		41 - 50										
		51										
4/ Other Cities	Number of persons examined in each age group	5,635	278	571	831	689	500	668	799	666	633	
	Percent more than 10% below standard weight	13.6	20.1	16.6	6.3	6.1	7.2	13.5	16.0	18.8	22.3	
	Percent 10% above or below standard weight	63.0	44.7	64.7	62.1	60.7	68.0	66.4	63.0	64.2	64.7	
	Percent more than 10% above standard weight	23.4	35.2	18.7	31.6	33.2	24.8	20.1	21.0	17.0	13.0	
	Average weight kilograms below	4.4	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.7	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	
	Average weight kilograms above	4.1	1.2	1.5	2.5	4.2	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.3	
2/ Rural Areas	Number of persons examined in each age group	19,729	1,119	1,982	2,557	2,426	1,886	2,610	2,215	1,980	2,954	
	Percent more than 10% below standard weight	9.9	20.9	11.0	4.4	4.5	5.4	7.5	10.2	12.7	17.4	
	Percent 10% above or below standard weight	61.9	47.6	68.7	53.7	52.2	64.5	67.3	65.2	65.8	66.2	
	Percent more than 10% above standard weight	28.2	31.5	20.3	44.9	43.3	30.1	25.2	24.6	21.5	16.4	
	Average weight kilograms below	4.0	1.0	1.4	2.0	3.6	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	
	Average weight kilograms above	4.3	1.1	1.5	2.4	4.4	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.3	







RESULTS OF NUTRITION SURVEYS - JAPAN  
NUTRIENTS IN GRAMS AND CALORIES PER CAPITA PER DAY

	ALL JAPAN		TOKYO				OTHER CITIES				RURAL AREAS			
	Urban	Total	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer	Total	Farmer	Non-farmer
Number of Families	7,214	3,396	971	20	951	1,167	151	1,016	1,258	96	1,162	3,818	2,561	1,257
Number of Persons	38,384	16,951	4,871	137	4,734	5,842	989	4,853	6,238	591	5,647	21,433	15,376	6,057
Adult units:														
Protein	0.852	0.858	0.860	0.877	0.859	0.861	0.866	0.859	0.857	0.871	0.856	0.849	0.850	0.845
Calories	0.833	0.811	0.798	0.874	0.796	0.813	0.860	0.803	0.813	0.876	0.807	0.844	0.860	0.803
Protein (gram)														
Total	69.6	72.2	69.0	66.9	69.1	73.4	73.4	73.4	72.8	66.8	73.4	68.3	67.8	69.4
Animal	18.5	23.1	21.0	14.0	21.2	22.6	14.9	24.2	23.8	16.1	24.6	16.2	14.8	19.7
Vegetable	51.1	49.1	48.0	52.9	47.9	50.8	58.5	49.2	49.0	50.7	48.8	52.1	53.0	49.7
Fat (gram)	17.7	21.1	21.9	16.5	22.0	20.6	17.5	21.4	20.9	15.4	21.5	15.9	15.5	17.0
Carbohydrate (gram)	411.3	386.4	365.9	453.6	363.3	403.2	502.4	383.6	384.9	425.4	380.6	423.6	435.7	392.2
Calories														
Total	2,076	2,013	1,937	2,241	1,928	2,063	2,418	1,991	2,014	2,110	2,004	2,108	2,149	1,999
Ration	733	1,276	1,390	544	1,415	1,151	149	1,356	1,295	144	1,416	465	165	1,246
Free market	291	488	471	215	478	535	366	570	474	154	508	194	135	346
Home production	1,022	216	50	1,472	8	354	1,875	43	205	1,787	39	1,420	1,828	358
Others	30	33	26	10	27	23	20	22	40	26	41	29	21	49

1/ All cities 30,000 population and over

2/ Nagoya, Osaka, Kure, Fukuoka, Sapporo, Sendai, Kanazawa Matsuyama, Yokohama, Kyoto and Kobe

3/ All other cities 30,000 population and over

4/ Rural areas in all prefectures



RESULTS OF NUTRITION SURVEYS - JAPAN - MAY 1950

Nutrients in Grams and Calories per  
Capita per Day

	Tokyo Railways	Akita Copper Mine	Three Coal Mines
<u>Number of Families</u>	98	98	298
<u>Number of Persons</u>	469	442	1,346
<u>Adult Units:</u>			
Protein	0.808	0.808	0.830
Calories	0.749	0.801	0.830
<u>Protein (grams)</u>			
Total	64.8	81.1	76.7
Animal	18.4	27.5	24.2
Vegetable	46.4	53.6	52.5
<u>Fat (gram)</u>	18.9	19.3	19.2
<u>Carbohydrate (gram)</u>	364.5	427.5	414.1
<u>Calories</u>			
Total	1,887	2,224	2,136
Ration	1,460	1,712	1,659
Free Market	370	456	418
Home production	9	19	43
Others	48	37	16



Grams of Various Classes of Food Consumed Per Capita per  
Day from Nutrition Surveys - Japan

	All Japan	Urban Areas	Total	T O K Y O Farmer	Non-Farmer
<u>Grain Total</u>	479.0	468.3	461.0	507.2	459.7
Rice	349.1	313.5	276.6	380.7	273.5
Wheat	62.3	103.9	149.5	67.3	151.9
Barley	61.9	49.0	33.8	56.0	33.2
Corn Meal	0.3	0.5	0.1	-	0.1
Others	5.4	1.4	1.0	3.2	1.0
<u>Nuts, etc.</u>	0.6	0.3	0.3	-	0.3
<u>Potatoes Total</u>	91.2	51.2	45.9	57.6	45.5
Sweet	55.9	23.2	16.5	16.3	16.5
White	23.0	22.4	26.2	37.6	25.8
Others	12.3	5.6	3.2	3.7	3.2
<u>Sugars</u>	7.5	10.1	8.8	5.1	8.9
<u>Oils</u>	2.2	3.4	3.9	0.8	4.0
<u>Legumes Total</u>	54.5	55.0	51.6	39.2	51.9
Soya beans	2.1	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2
Miso	30.2	24.4	24.1	30.0	23.9
Soya products	13.0	20.7	21.3	6.6	21.7
Other beans	9.2	8.6	5.0	1.3	5.1
<u>Animal Foods Total</u>	89.1	119.0	111.0	67.0	112.3
Fish, fresh	58.3	76.1	62.0	49.7	62.4
Fish, dried	9.8	10.0	7.8	5.1	7.9
Meat, Poultry	6.3	11.6	16.6	3.9	16.9
Eggs	7.7	11.7	12.7	6.0	12.9
Milk	7.0	9.6	11.9	2.3	12.2
<u>Leafy, Green &amp; Yellow Vegetables</u>	77.5	71.9	62.6	90.6	61.8
<u>Other Fruits and Vegetables Total</u>	106.6	111.3	95.3	86.4	95.7
Citrus, Tomatoes	8.8	14.9	13.0	1.4	13.4
Other fruits	12.1	22.2	18.1	2.5	18.6
Other Vegetables	85.7	74.2	64.2	82.5	63.7
<u>Seaweeds</u>	3.6	4.0	3.4	0.2	3.5
<u>Processed Vegetables Total</u>	44.0	34.3	28.2	56.4	27.3
Dried	3.9	1.7	0.9	0.3	0.9
Pickled	40.1	32.6	27.3	56.1	26.4
<u>Flavours</u>	31.8	34.4	27.0	16.5	27.3
<u>Total</u>	987.6	963.2	899.0	927.0	898.2



Grams of Various Classes of Food Consumed Per Capita per  
Day from Nutrition Surveys - Japan

	ELEVEN CITIES			OTHER CITIES		
	Total	Farmer	Non-Farmer	Total	Farmer	Non-Farmer
<u>Grains Total</u>	484.7	574.3	466.5	463.6	508.3	458.8
Rice	334.1	477.4	304.9	315.4	399.6	306.6
Wheat	97.5	43.0	108.7	94.1	41.3	99.6
Barley	50.4	47.4	51.0	52.6	67.3	51.0
Corn Meal	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	-	0.5
Others	2.5	6.3	1.7	1.0	0.1	1.1
<u>Nuts, etc</u>	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3
<u>Potatoes Total</u>	62.4	130.9	48.3	48.5	56.0	47.7
Sweet	27.3	63.1	20.0	23.3	21.0	23.6
White	26.8	38.4	24.4	19.8	25.3	19.2
Others	8.3	29.4	3.9	5.4	9.7	4.9
<u>Sugars</u>	9.6	6.2	10.3	10.6	7.0	11.0
<u>Oils</u>	3.3	2.7	3.5	3.3	1.0	3.6
<u>Legumes Total</u>	54.6	48.1	55.9	56.0	46.8	57.1
Soya beans	1.2	1.8	1.0	1.3	2.6	1.2
Miso	21.9	33.3	19.6	25.3	30.5	24.8
Soya products	24.1	7.0	27.6	19.2	10.0	20.2
Other beans	7.4	6.0	7.7	10.2	3.7	10.9
<u>Animal Foods Total</u>	120.5	74.5	129.9	120.6	83.3	124.4
Fish, fresh	78.4	55.8	83.1	78.7	50.5	81.6
Fish, dried	9.0	7.2	9.4	10.8	8.6	10.9
Meat, poultry	12.7	4.2	14.4	10.0	3.1	10.8
Eggs	11.7	6.3	12.7	11.6	8.7	11.9
Milk	8.7	1.0	10.3	9.5	12.4	9.2
<u>Leafy, Green &amp; Yellow Vegetables</u>	73.9	73.7	73.9	73.2	71.7	73.3
<u>Other Fruits &amp; Vegetables Total</u>	125.3	152.3	119.7	110.3	72.3	114.2
Citrus, Tomatoes	15.9	9.2	17.2	15.1	6.6	16.0
Other fruits	22.9	12.3	25.1	23.3	5.8	25.1
Other vegetables	86.5	130.8	77.4	71.9	59.9	73.1
<u>Seaweeds</u>	4.6	2.6	5.0	3.9	3.6	4.0
<u>Processed Vegetables</u>						
<u>Total</u>	35.9	49.9	33.0	35.0	42.6	34.2
Dried	2.1	4.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
Pickled	33.8	45.4	31.5	33.4	41.0	32.6
<u>Flavours</u>	37.6	36.4	37.9	35.2	29.8	35.8
<u>Total</u>	1,012.7	1,152.3	984.2	960.5	922.9	964.4



Grams of Various Classes of Food Consumed Per Capita per  
Day from Nutrition Surveys - Japan, May 1950

	RURAL AREAS			SPECIAL AREAS		
	Total	Farmer	Non-Farmer	Tokyo Railways	Akita Copper Mines	Three Coal Mines
<u>Grains Total</u>	484.3	497.2	451.0	465.0	497.6	479.8
Rice	366.7	385.5	317.7	252.9	391.0	350.3
Wheat	41.7	33.1	64.2	168.7	88.1	105.1
Barley	68.3	70.3	63.2	42.2	13.5	23.9
Corn Meal	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	-	0.1
Others	7.4	8.0	5.8	0.9	5.0	0.4
<u>Nuts, etc</u>	0.7	0.5	1.2	0.2	0.1	0.4
<u>Potatoes Total</u>	111.0	120.4	86.7	37.5	32.9	84.4
Sweet	72.1	79.7	52.5	16.4	-	13.7
White	23.3	23.9	21.7	20.0	24.0	65.4
Others	15.6	16.8	12.5	1.1	8.9	5.3
<u>Sugars</u>	6.2	5.6	7.7	12.2	10.7	12.3
<u>Oils</u>	1.6	1.3	2.2	3.1	2.1	3.0
<u>Legumes Total</u>	54.3	54.3	54.4	37.6	73.8	54.3
Soya beans	2.5	2.7	1.9	0.5	1.0	0.5
Miso	33.1	35.1	28.1	22.9	41.9	32.7
Soya Products	9.2	7.7	13.0	11.8	29.4	16.5
Other beans	9.5	8.8	11.4	2.4	1.5	4.6
<u>Animal Foods Total</u>	74.3	67.3	92.7	94.7	140.1	127.3
Fish, fresh	49.5	43.9	64.1	66.2	113.9	109.3
Fish, dried	9.7	9.6	10.1	4.2	7.9	4.8
Meat, poultry	3.7	3.1	5.3	8.2	7.3	3.8
Eggs	5.7	4.9	7.9	9.7	8.0	7.7
Milk	5.7	5.8	5.3	6.4	3.0	1.7
<u>Leafy, Green &amp; Vegetables Total</u>	104.3	105.2	102.2	104.1	176.5	121.4
Citrus, Tomatoes	5.8	4.2	9.9	16.5	2.6	8.3
Other fruits	7.1	5.4	11.8	20.8	101.8	12.6
Other Vegetables	91.4	95.6	80.5	66.8	72.1	100.5
<u>Seaweeds</u>	3.4	3.1	4.2	2.7	3.6	3.8
<u>Processed Vegetables</u>						
<u>Total</u>	48.8	51.8	40.6	24.0	59.3	59.9
Dried	5.0	5.3	4.0	1.8	0.3	2.3
Pickled	43.8	46.5	36.6	22.2	59.0	57.6
<u>Flavours</u>	30.5	30.0	32.0	27.4	41.8	47.6
<u>Total</u>	999.7	1,018.5	951.2	864.8	1,129.9	1,087.7



DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES ACCORDING TO CONSUMED CALORIES PER CAPITA PER DAY, MAY 1950

Class	TOKYO			ELEVEN CITIES			OTHER CITIES			RURAL AREAS		
	Farmer	Consumer	Total	Farmer	Consumer	Total	Farmer	Consumer	Total	Farmer	Consumer	Total
Total	20	951	971	151	1016	1167	96	1162	1258	2561	1257	3818
Under 1000	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	1	-	1
1000 - 1099	-	1	1	-	3	3	-	3	3	6	3	9
1100 - 1199	-	4	4	-	3	3	-	6	6	8	9	17
1200 - 1299	-	20	20	-	9	9	-	10	10	18	18	36
1300 - 1399	-	31	31	1	24	25	-	32	32	30	32	62
1400 - 1499	1	48	49	1	40	41	-	58	58	70	47	117
1500 - 1599	1	68	69	4	74	78	5	74	79	97	85	182
1600 - 1699	1	92	93	4	76	80	4	89	93	124	95	219
1700 - 1799	2	102	104	5	108	113	6	90	96	166	112	278
1800 - 1899	-	99	99	9	104	113	9	108	117	198	130	328
1900 - 1999	5	95	100	11	91	102	11	127	138	213	132	345
2000 - 2099	-	72	72	10	83	93	13	103	116	271	104	375
2100 - 2199	3	79	82	9	92	101	7	103	110	216	100	316
2200 - 2299	-	61	61	15	61	96	10	79	89	223	85	308
2300 - 2399	2	54	56	7	62	69	11	72	83	201	78	279
2400 - 2499	-	42	42	19	43	62	5	52	57	153	56	209
2500 - 2599	-	25	25	13	49	62	5	42	47	128	40	168
2600 - 2699	1	17	18	5	24	29	5	31	36	107	41	148
2700 - 2799	2	13	15	16	16	32	1	17	18	90	30	120
2800 - 2899	1	8	9	6	11	17	-	16	16	67	16	83
2900 - 2999	-	8	8	3	11	14	4	17	21	40	19	59
3000 - over	1	12	13	13	11	24	-	31	31	134	25	159



NUTRITIVE VALUE OF FOOD CONSUMED, MAY 1950

Vitamins															
Area	Calories	Protein		Fat	Carbohydrates		Calcium	Phosphorus		Iron	Vitamins				
		Total gram	Animal gram		gram	drates gram		gram	grams		I. U.	B	B2	Niacin	C
All Japan	2076	69.6	18.5	17.7	411	.26	1.70	44	2504	1.49	.70	9.3	88		
Urban	2013	72.2	23.1	21.1	386	.25	1.69	45	2412	1.49	.72	9.6	79		
Tokyo	1937	69.0	21.0	21.9	366	.23	1.62	42	2112	1.52	.70	9.5	64		
11 Cities	2063	73.4	22.6	20.6	403	.26	1.74	46	2505	1.65	.72	9.8	83		
Other Cities	2014	72.8	23.8	20.9	385	.25	1.69	46	2449	1.46	.73	9.6	77		
Rural	2108	68.3	16.2	15.9	424	.26	1.70	44	2513	1.49	.69	9.1	94		
Tokyo															
Railways	1887	64.8	18.4	18.9	365	.20	1.57	38	1915	1.74	.72	8.2	63		
Akita Copper Mine	2224	81.1	27.5	19.3	428	.30	1.51	54	2939	1.42	.81	7.1	96		
3 Obal Mines	2136	76.7	24.2	19.2	414	.27	1.81	47	2947	1.48	.79	10.6	113		
Before cooking															

Approximate Loss Percent of Vitamins and Minerals by Cooking													
Japanese Standard Requirement (per capita)													
%													
Vitamin A													
B1													
B2													
C													
Minerals													
20 - 30													
Calories													
Protein													
Fat													
Calcium													
Iron													
Vitamin A													
B1													
B2													
C													
3000 I. U.													
1.0 mgm													
1.0 mgm													
10 mgm													
40 mgm													



PERCENT OF PERSONS SHOWING NUTRITIONAL DEFICIENCY SYMPTOMS ACCORDING TO NUTRITION SURVEYS

MAY 1950

	No. Persons Examined	1/ Anemia	2/ Hyper- kerato- sis.	3/ Xeroph- thalmia	4/ Cheil- osis	5/ Glos- sitis	6/ Loss of Knee Jerk	7/ Edema	8/ Chronic Diarrhea	9/ Brady Cardia	10/ Delayed Menstru- ation	11/ Deficient Lac- tation	No. or more Sym- ptoms
All Japan		3.2	1.7	0.1	6.9	1.7	8.1	1.4	0.6	3.4	9.2	26.5	26.9
Urban		2.0	2.7	0.1	4.9	2.5	8.5	1.4	0.5	2.6	7.6	29.7	79.5
Tokyo	3883	1.1	0.8	0.1	2.2	0.4	4.6	1.9	0.5	1.1	8.5	38.5	89.1
11 Cities	4952	2.2	0.9	0.1	4.2	1.4	8.3	1.9	0.7	1.8	7.0	30.5	80.5
Other Cities	5564	2.2	4.0	0.2	5.9	3.6	9.8	1.0	0.4	3.3	7.8	27.0	76.4
Rural	19,185	3.8	1.2	0.1	7.9	1.3	7.9	1.4	0.7	3.8	10.0	24.9	75.6
Tokyo													24.4
Railways	419	0.2	2.6	-	2.6	1.2	19.3	0.2	-	3.0	10.8	9.1	74.5
Alta Copper													25.5
Mines	433	1.6	0.5	-	1.6	0.5	2.1	1.2	0.7	2.0	14.1	15.4	89.1
3 Coal Mines	1161	1.0	3.0	-	3.6	0.3	5.5	0.7	0.9	2.3	10.3	13.3	83.1
													16.9

- 1/ Deficiency of quantity or quality of blood due to wasting disease, loss of blood and imperfect nutrition, marked by paleness of the skin, mucous membranes, loss of energy, palpitation of the heart, etc.
- 2/ Hypertrophy of corneous layer in the skin.
- 3/ Conjunctivitis, eye disease, due to deficiency of Vitamin A.
- 4/ A condition marked by lesions on the lips and corners of the mouth.
- 5/ Inflammation of the tongue.
- 6/ Absence of reflex contraction of the quadriceps muscle.
- 7/ Fluid in the body tissues.
- 8/ Abnormally frequent and loose fecal discharges for a long period.
- 9/ Abnormal slowness of the heart beat, as evidenced by slowing of the pulse rate. This examination included only persons over 13 years of age.
- 10/ Infrequency of the sanguinous discharge of women 17 - 45 years of age.
- 11/ Inability of mother to furnish sufficient milk to breast feed her baby under six months.



TOKYO

NUMBER OF PERSONS IN NUTRITION SURVEYS, PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO OVERWEIGHT OR UNDERWEIGHT AND AVERAGE WEIGHT DEVIATION IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW THE TEN PERCENT LEVEL MEASURED FROM THE STANDARD WEIGHT BY AGE GROUPS - MAY 1950

Classification	All Ages	Under 2 year	2 - 5 year	6 - 10 year	11 - 15 year	16 - 20 year	21 - 30 year	31 - 40 year	41 - 50 year	51 years and over
No. persons examined in each age group	3,865	184	481	585	394	343	526	498	429	425
Percent more than 10% below standard weight	13.1	20.1	12.5	5.6	5.3	6.4	13.3	17.5	18.4	23.3
Percent between 10% above and below standard weight	62.8	45.1	62.1	54.1	62.0	74.1	70.4	64.8	63.4	62.1
Percent more than 10% above standard weight.	24.1	34.8	25.4	40.3	32.7	19.5	16.3	17.7	18.2	14.6
Average number of kilograms below standard weight	4.5	1.0	1.4	2.0	3.5	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.8
Average number of kilograms above standard weight	4.2	1.1	1.6	3.7	4.9	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4



NUMBER OF PERSONS IN NUTRITION SURVEYS, PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO OVERWEIGHT OR UNDERWEIGHT AND AVERAGE HEIGHT DEVIATION IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW THE TEN PERCENT LEVEL MEASURED FROM THE STANDARD HEIGHT BY AGE GROUPS, MAY 1950

11 Cities

Classification	All Ages	Under 2 year	2 - 5 years	6 - 10 years	11 - 15 years	16 - 20 years	21 - 30 years	31 - 40 years	41 - 50 years	51 years and over
No. persons examined in each age group	4,893	279	540	635	560	449	667	616	557	590
Percent more than 10% below standard weight	13.4	16.5	16.3	4.1	4.6	6.2	13.5	15.7	20.5	23.6
Percent between 10% above and below standard weight	63.9	46.9	65.2	59.2	62.4	72.4	69.5	64.8	62.1	64.7
Percent more than 10% above standard weight	22.7	36.6	18.5	36.7	33.0	21.4	16.6	19.5	17.4	11.7
Average number of kilograms below standard weight	4.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.7	5.0	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.7
Average number of kilograms above standard weight	4.0	1.1	1.4	3.2	4.1	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.3



NUMBER OF PERSONS IN NUTRITION SURVEYS, PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO OVERWEIGHT OR UNDERWEIGHT AND AVERAGE WEIGHT DEVIATION IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW THE TEN PERCENT LEVEL MEASURED FROM THE STANDARD WEIGHT BY AGE GROUPS, MAY 1950

Other Cities										
Classification	All Ages	Under 2 year	2 - 5 years	6 - 10 years	11 - 15 years	16 - 20 years	21 - 30 years	31 - 40 years	41 - 50 years	51 years and over
No. persons examined in each age group	5,529	253	567	835	698	487	641	749	672	627
Percent more than 10% below standard weight	12.0	17.4	9.0	4.7	3.9	8.6	13.6	16.8	21.1	16.7
Percent between 10% above and below standard weight	63.8	48.2	66.0	57.9	65.7	71.3	66.9	63.8	62.1	66.7
Percent more than 10% above standard weight	24.2	34.4	25.0	37.4	30.4	20.1	19.5	19.4	16.8	16.6
Average number of kilograms below standard weight	4.7	0.9	1.4	2.1	3.7	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.5
Average number of kilograms above standard weight	4.1	1.1	1.5	3.4	3.3	6.4	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6

NUMBER OF PERSONS IN NUTRITION SURVEYS, PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION / CORRELATING TO OVERWEIGHT OR UNDERWEIGHT AND AVERAGE HEIGHT DEVIATION IN KILOGRAMS ABOVE AND BELOW THE TEN PERCENT LEVEL MEASURED FROM THE STANDARD HEIGHT BY AGE GROUPS, MAY 1950

Rural Areas	Classification									
	All Ages	Under 1 year	2 - 5 years	6 - 10 years	11 - 15 years	16 - 20 years	21 - 30 years	31 - 40 years	41 - 50 years	51 years and over
No. persons examined in each age group	19,005	1,072	1,971	2,521	2,315	1,739	2,507	2,123	1,895	2,862
Percent more than 10% below standard weight	10.7	21.5	9.2	2.1	5.6	5.8	9.2	11.7	15.4	19.7
Percent between 10% above and below standard weight	62.7	51.8	70.5	57.4	55.6	62.3	67.0	65.7	64.9	64.7
Percent more than 10% above standard weight	26.6	26.7	20.3	40.5	38.8	31.9	23.8	22.6	19.7	15.6
Average number of kilograms below standard weight	4.3	0.9	1.4	2.0	3.7	5.0	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3
Average number of kilograms above standard weight	4.5	1.0	1.5	3.8	4.3	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.3



23 August 1950

TO: Governor of To, Do, Fu and prefecture

FROM: Chief, Social Affairs, Bureau, Welfare Ministry

SUBJECT: Review and Guidance of the Workshops in connection with its renovation program

(Reference; SHA OTSU HATSU No. 51 dated 10 April)

It is expected that the disposition of the work-shops has been completed in accordance with its renovation program as the designated period elapsed already. As has been notified, review by the authority concerned is scheduled during the month of October and its result is expected to affect the existence of the workshop program in Japan. It is, therefore, requested that every possible measures be taken lest any discrepancy should be found.

Moreover, the Welfare Ministry has a plan to review workshops throughout Japan by its officials during September prior to the review by the concerned authority and the request is hereby made that inspection on the workshops be conducted by the prefectural officials and its result be recorded as attached form by 10 Sept..

## WORKSHOP CHECK SHEET

Date\_\_\_\_\_

1. Name of workshop\_\_\_\_\_
2. Address\_\_\_\_\_
3. Managing body\_\_\_\_\_  
In case of Public Interest Juridical Person  
Name\_\_\_\_\_
- Address\_\_\_\_\_
- Name of representative\_\_\_\_\_
4. Date approved\_\_\_\_\_
5. Dated opened\_\_\_\_\_
6. Name of head\_\_\_\_\_ Age\_\_\_\_\_ Summary of personnel history
7. Regulation (A copy in accordance with the Article 46 of D.L.S.L. must be attached)
8. Kind of work
9. Condition of building\_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Area\_\_\_\_\_ Tsubo
  - b. Kind of construction\_\_\_\_\_
  - c. Name & address of owner\_\_\_\_\_
  - d. Date constructed\_\_\_\_\_
  - e. Other information\_\_\_\_\_
10. Condition of land
  - a. \_\_\_\_\_ Tsubo
  - b. Name and address of owner\_\_\_\_\_
11. Condition of important machine and equipment installed

Name of machine or equipment	quantity	price, e.a.	total





lowest male \_\_\_\_\_  
female \_\_\_\_\_  
Average monthly wage \_\_\_\_\_  
Method of payment \_\_\_\_\_  
by hour, product, or fixed salary \_\_\_\_\_  
g. Working days and hours (for May, June, and July)  
male \_\_\_\_\_  
Average working days per month female \_\_\_\_\_  
male \_\_\_\_\_  
Average working hours per day female \_\_\_\_\_

15. Status of income and expenditure (for 1st quarter of 1950)

a. Income (those other than subsidy and administrative cost must be included in the column of miscellaneous income regardless of its source)

Item	National subsidy	Prefectural subsidy/fund	Local fund	Juridical person	C.C. C.
		Income from fundamental property	Income reserved fund		Uncollected income

b. Expenditure:

Total \_\_\_\_\_  
For administration: \_\_\_\_\_

Salary for Allowance Staff	Travel fee	Communication	Article of consumption
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Cost for repair	Rental for Building	Rental for lot	Fuel	Welfare	Water
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Insurance	Miscellaneous	Specific items	Sub total
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For operation:

Wage	Cost for raw material	Cost for add- tional material	Cost for packing	Light & fuel
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Transportation	Specific item	Sub total
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16. Record:

Record of workers \_\_\_\_\_ kept \_\_\_\_\_ fairness of record \_\_\_\_\_  
Cash Account record \_\_\_\_\_  
Payroll (wage) \_\_\_\_\_  
Record of purchase of  
materials \_\_\_\_\_  
Record of purchase of  
materials on credit \_\_\_\_\_

Record of sales  
of product \_\_\_\_\_  
Record of sales of  
product on credit \_\_\_\_\_  
Record of equipment \_\_\_\_\_  
Record of staff \_\_\_\_\_  
Others \_\_\_\_\_

17. Sanitary and health measure: \_\_\_\_\_
18. Opinion or desire of director of workshop. \_\_\_\_\_
19. Opinion or desire of worker. \_\_\_\_\_
20. Inspector's advice or direction at the time of inspection. \_\_\_\_\_
21. Overall opinion and recommendation of inspector. \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Name of inspector \_\_\_\_\_

Attached form for Item 3 to 14

Name	Age	Sex	Date of certificate	Serial No. of certificate
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Contact with PESO

Interview	Written statement	Oral	Fairness of contact with PESO	Remarks
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Remarks for filling in the check sheet

1. This check sheet must be filled with pen and in the duplicate of which a copy be submitted to the Welfare Ministry at the time of review and another be kept at the prefecture.
2. For item 3. Only in case of Public Interest Juridical person, name address of office and name of representatives be filled.
3. For item 7. A copy of regulation in accordance with article 46 of D.I.S.I. be attached.
4. Item 8 shall be use as a reference in gaining the necessary materials for the future operation; therefore must be described in detail.



5. For item 9 (a) must be described by "tsubo"  
(b) is to state quality and adequacy of building
6. For item 10 (a) must be stated by "tsubo"
7. For item 11. In column of condition of important machine and equipment the detail must be stated such as "Singer Sewing Machine" etc. For price e.g., price at purchase or if unknown, presumed price be stated. In remarks efficiency of machine must be stated in detail.
8. For 13. In column of staff, the fixed salary means the salary staff is paid regularly and other be state as extra ordinary Salary. If paid by day, average monthly wage for May, June and July be stated.
9. For the column of worker.
  - a. Capacity means the most suitable number of worker taking into consideration the facility and ability of staff, etc.
  - b. Actual number of worker means the number of workers registered at the time of review.  
All the number in column of @ must be same.
  - c. In (c), contact with the PESO in accordance with SHA TSU HATSU 58 stated.
  - d. Highest or lowest wage must show the one during May, June and July, Average wage means the average for June.
  - e. Working days must show the average working days for May, June and July.  
Working hours means average for June.
10. Item 15 "accounting" must be filled in accordance with the separate notice "concerning the financing of work shop". Among the public subsidy, those other than administrative cost be included in the others column.
11. For item 21. "Overall opinion of inspector" included the following matters and his opinion on them.
  - a. Condition of obtaining materials and sales of product.
  - b. Enforcement of the instructions from the welfare ministry.
  - c. The matters deemed most effective in operation of workshop.
  - d. The matters deemed particularly inimical to the operation of workshop.
  - e. Other necessary matters.





Inclosure No. 4 misnumbered as No. 3





SOCIAL AFFAIRS BUREAU  
MINISTRY OF WELFARE

Ministry of Welfare Hatsu-Sha No. 60

23 August 1950

TO: Governor of To, Do, Fu or prefecture

FROM: Chief, Social Affairs Bureau, Ministry of Welfare

SUBJECT: Matters Concerning the Regulations on the Charge of Medical Care by the Designated Medical Agency under the Provisions of the Daily Life Security Law

With respect to the above-mentioned subject, a notification has today been issued separately, and you are requested to be well aware of the matters as specified in the following and to familiarize the designated medical agencies concerned with the above-mentioned notification as well as the following matters, so that nothing to be desired will be left in the administration of medical care.

1. Inasmuch as the present regulations have been prescribed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 Article 50 of the Daily Life Security Law, the designated medical agency (including the Medical Protective Institution) shall take charge of, with kindness and good care, medical care or delivery services for the recipients, in accordance with what shall be provided for in the present regulations.

2. In the case of sending the Claim for Medical Care Fees to the mayor of city, town or village, the designated medical agency shall forward it through the reviewing organ concerning medical care fees designated by the governor of To, Do, Fu or prefecture.

3. On the occasion the mayor of city, town or village issues a Medical Care Ticket, he shall specify therein the name and the location of the reviewing organ to which its Claim for Medical Care Fees is to be sent, in accordance with what have been instructed by the governor of To, Do, Fu or prefecture.

4. In case the designated medical agency has taken charge of medical care according to a Medical Care Ticket issued by the mayor of city, town or village in other prefecture, the reviewing organ to which its Claim for Medical Care Fees is to be sent shall not be that in To, Do, Fu or prefecture covering the area in which the designated medical agency concerned is located, but that in other To, Do, Fu or prefecture covering the location of the city, town or village which has issued the said Medical Care Ticket.

5. In case the designated medical agency has taken charge of medical care according to a Medical Care Ticket issued by the mayor of city, town or village outside the area in which the same medical agency is located, the same designated medical agency shall send its Claim for Medical Care Fees after having obtained from the mayor of city, town or village in which the designated medical agency concerned is located a verification to the effect that the unit price of medical care fee for one point as written in the Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees is identical to that which the designated medical agency concerned may claim. Provided, however, that the National Hospital and the National Sanatorium shall not be required to receive the above-mentioned verification because the medical care fees therefore are of the same rate throughout the country, regardless of whether or not the National Insurance Program is administered.

6. When the mayor of city, town or village, in paying medical care fees, has found a Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees which, though required to receive the above-mentioned verification for the unit price of one point, has not yet received such a verification, he shall return it to the designated medical agency concerned which shall be requested to receive a verification by the mayor of city, town or village in which the designated medical agency is located.

7. Of the forms prescribed in Article 10 of the present regulations, the Claim for Medical Care Fees and the Summation Table of the same Claim shall be prepared by the designated medical agency. The Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees shall be printed on the reverse of the Medical Care Ticket and delivered to the applicants.

Incl. No. 3

8. In To, Do, Fu or prefecture which has asked the Social Insurance Medical Fee Payment Fund to perform the business of reviewing medical care fees the Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees under the Daily Life Security Law shall be printed in a light color of green in order that any confusion with that under the Social Insurance Programs will be avoided.

9. The Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees shall be prepared, making a distinction between dental treatment and general medical care, in-patient medical care and out-patient medical care.

Accordingly, in case one person receives mental care and general medical care in a general hospital and so forth, two copies of the Medical Care Ticket, one for general medical care, the other for dental treatment will be issued. And whenever in-patient medical care has been changed to out-patient medical care and vice versa, a Medical Care Ticket for in-patients or out-patients should be issued in either case.

10. The Medical Care Ticket form illustrated in Form 3 annexed to an instructed communication, Sha-Otsu-Hatsu No. 92, April 1, 1949 will be modified as indicated in the annexed paper 1.

11. In making entries in the Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees, "Cautions for Making Entries in the Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees" should be followed.



Single Combined Allowance	MEDICAL CARE TICKET UNDER THE DAILY LIFE SECURITY LAW				Borne by the city, town or village	Advanced tem- porarily by other city, town or village
Ticket No.	No. of times of issuance	Date of issuance	% borne by the Social Insurance Amt. borne partially by the patient	Mayer of City, Town or Village, County, Prefec. (Seal)		
Address		Prefec.	City, Ward, County	Town, Vil- lage	No.	
Recipient	Name	Age	Date of birth			
	Occupation	The householder Relation with			M. or F.	
House- holder	Address	Prefec.	City, Ward, County	Town, Vil- lage	No.	
	Name	Date of birth	Occupation			
	Name of disease	In-patient or out-patient	Term of validity			
Matters relating to medi- cal care	Name & loca- tion of the Agency	Prefec.	City, Ward, County	Town, Vil- lage	No.	
	Name of Minseijin in charge	Prefec. (Seal)	City, Ward, County	Town, Vil- lage	No.	
Reviewing Organ through which the Claim for Medical Care Fees is to be investigated			Name	Loca- tion		
Cautions for entries	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In "No. of times of issuance", enter how many times the Medical Care Ticket was delivered to one and the same recipient.</li> <li>2. In "Amount borne partially by the patient", enter so and so yen.</li> <li>3. In the column for male or female or that for in-patient or out-patient, mark your case with a circle.</li> <li>4. In the column "Name of disease", make an entry either by the Initial Medical Examination Ticket or questioning the patient.</li> <li>5. Care should be taken so that the term of validity of the ticket will not extend over the following month, and in case the said term of validity extends over months, a new ticket should be issued.</li> </ol>					

Cautions for Making Entries in the Detailed Statement  
on Claim for Medical Care Fees  
under the Daily Life Security Law

1. Prepare two copies of the Detailed Statement on Claim for Medical Care Fees respectively for the in-patient case and the out-patient case.

2. Entries in the column "Date of diagnosis and No. of treatment days" will be made as follows:

"Date of diagnosis" -- Example: in case an initial medical examination was made on April 28 in the Claim for Medical Care Fees for April and charge a payment for 4 points. But you must not charge the above payment, only entering the date of the initial medical examination as April 28 in the Claim for May.

"No. of treatment days" -- enter a total number of the treatment days in that month in the Detailed Statement. For example: in respect to the internal medicine for two days taken every other day, write the number of the days summed up; in respect to the external medicine for which the period of use is specified, the number of the days within the period; in respect to a surgical treatment of an injection for which an interval of time is required, the number of the days including the said interval; in case a dispensation, treatment and injection were administered in combination, the number of the best days in any of the cases.

3. In the column "Charge for physician's visit", enter the number of the time of visits and the mileage of one way.

4. In the column "Charge for medicine", cross out any item, if not applicable. In respect to the charge for medicine exceeding the minimum standard of points (2 points), the name and quantity of the chief ingredients of the medicines used should be written in the column "Remarks".

5. In the column "Charge for injection", cross out any item if not applicable. In respect to the charge for medicine exceeding the minimum standard of points (3 points) for intramuscular, and 5 points for intravenous), the name, unit, number and dosage of the injection used; in respect to penicillin, the name of preparations, the units used in a time and the frequency of injection should be written in the column "Remarks".

6. In the column "Charge for operation", the name of operation and the number of the times of operations performed, and in the column "Charge for treatment", the name of treatment and number of times of the treatments should be written respectively. And in case it is difficult to depend upon the standard of points specified in the Table of Points for Medical Care Fees (a case where a special method of computation), the materials used in the operation and the quantity thereof should be written in the column "Remarks".

7. In the column "Others", charge for advice, charge for superintendence, charge for test, charge for X-ray examination, charge for physiotherapy and so forth should be written.

Out of the above charges, for the charge for advice name and the number of the times of advices should be written in the same column, and for the other charges the name of diagnosis, test, therapy, etc. in the case of X-ray examination, the size of the film used should be written in the column "Remarks".

8. In the column "Charge for hospitalization", a total of days in hospital and the matters concerning boarding should be written.

9. In the column "Outcase", any item should be marked with a circle, if applicable.



**Cautions for Making Entries in the Detailed Statement  
on Claim for Dental Treatment Fees  
under the Daily Life Security Law**

1. Entries in the column "Date of diagnosis and No. of treatment days" will be made as follows:

"Date of diagnosis" -- Example; in case an initial dental examination was made on April 23 and its medical treatment was started on May 2, enter the date of the initial dental examination as April 23 in the Claim for Dental Treatment Fees for April and charge a payment for 4 points. But you must not charge the above payment, only entering the date of the initial dental examination as April 23 in the Claim for May.

"No. of treatment days" -- enter a total number of the treatment days in that month in the Detailed Statement. For example; in respect to the internal medicine for two days taken every other day, write the number of the days summed up; in respect to the external medicine for which the period of use is specified, the number of the days within the period; in respect to a dental treatment or an injection for which an interval of time is required, the number of the days including the said interval; in case a dispensation, treatment and injection were administered in combination, the number of the best days in any of the cases.

2. In the column "Charge for medicine" cross out any item if not applicable. In respect to the charge for medicine exceeding the minimum standard of points (2 points), the name and quantity of the chief ingredients of the medicines used should be written in the column "Remarks".

3. In the column "Charge for injection", cross out any item, if not applicable. In respect to the charge for medicine exceeding the minimum standard of points (3 points) for intramuscular, and 5 points for intravenous), the name, unit, number and dosage of the injection used; in respect to penicillin, the name of preparations, the units used in a time and the frequency of injection should be written in the column "Remarks".

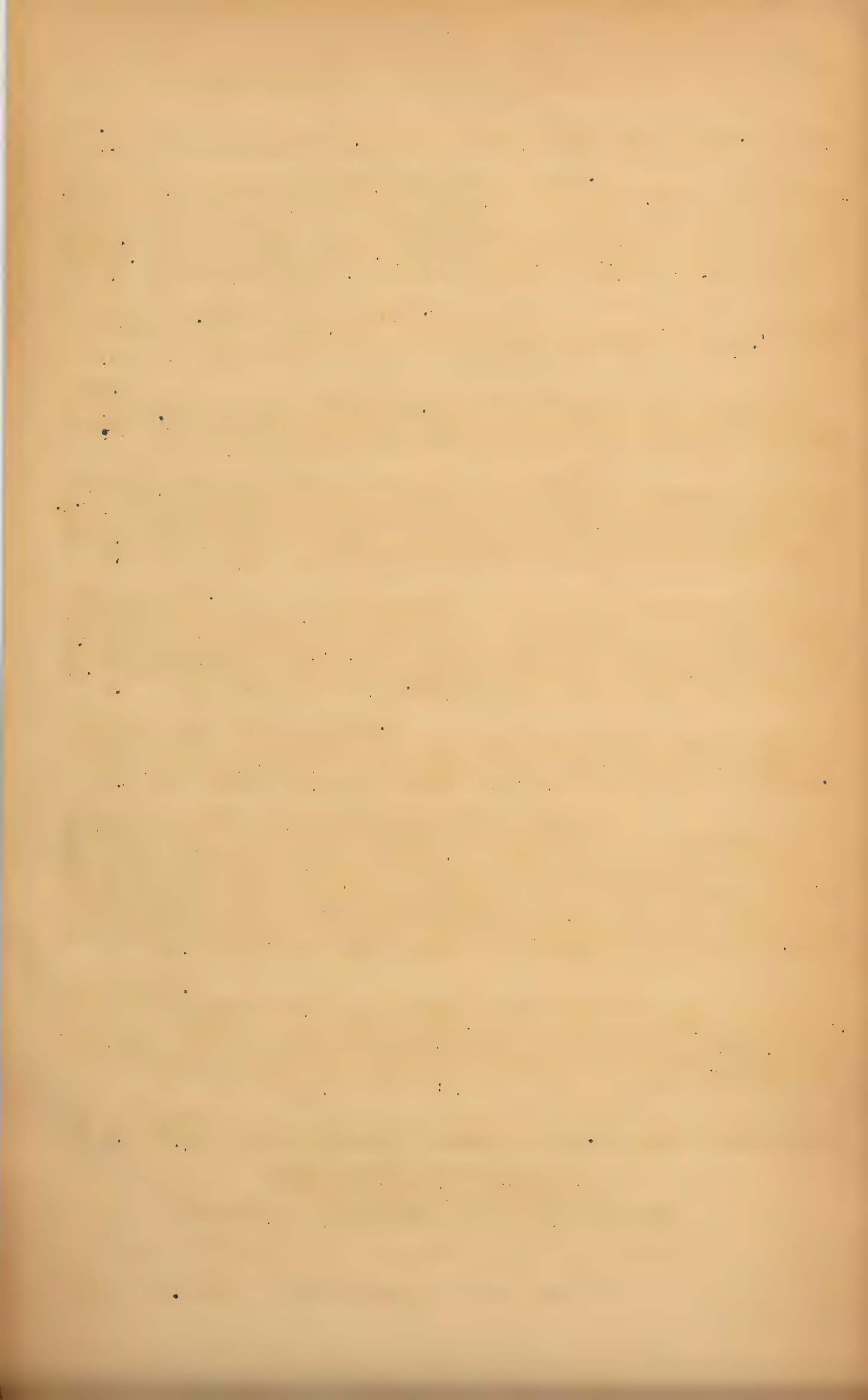
4. In each column of the charges for treatment, filling, inlay, dental prosthesis, dental repairs, cementing of fallen teeth and extraction of teeth, the position of a tooth or teeth under treatment should be indicated in the blank marked by 4. In the blank "Others" included in the column "Charge for operation", any other operation than the extraction of teeth should be written.

In case it is difficult to depend upon the standard of points in the Table of Points for Dental Treatment Fees (a case where a special method of computation), the materials used and the quantity thereof should be written in the column "Remarks".

5. In the blank "Others" of the column "Charge for dental prosthesis, repairs or cementing of fallen teeth", any medical treatment not coming under each item listed in the same column should be written.

6. In the column "Others", charge for certificate, charge for X-rays photographing, charge for physiotherapy, charge for hospitalization and so forth would be written. And in respect to the charge for X-rays photographing, the size of the film and the number of the times of photographing, and in respect to the charge for physiotherapy, its name, and in respect to the charge for hospitalization, the availability of boarding should be written in the column "Remarks".

7. In the column "Outcome", any item should be marked with a circle, if applicable.





## JAPANESE HOSPITAL REPORT: JULY 1950

Number of Hospitals: The average number of hospitals operating in Japan increased slightly from 3,250 in June to 3,272 this month and was currently 7 percent greater than the number (3,064) recorded for July last year. There were 309 tuberculosis sanatoria operating this month compared with 307 last month and 295 in July 1949. The number of mental hospitals remained the same as in the previous month (132), but was 8 percent greater than in the same month last year (122). There continued to be 13 leprosaria operating in Japan. The current number of other and general hospitals (2,818) was only slightly higher than the average for June (2,798), but 7 percent above the number (2,634) recorded for July 1949.

Bed Capacity: In the current month the bed capacity for all hospitals was 263,200 compared with 261,630 last month and five percent above the figure (249,857) in July last year. For tuberculosis sanatoria, the average bed capacity increased slightly from 60,637 to 61,529 and was currently 13 percent above the level (54,382) established in July last year. The total number of beds available for tuberculosis patients, including those in general hospitals rose from 91,587 in June to 92,771 in July. The current number was 20 percent greater than that (77,389) in the corresponding month last year. For mental hospitals, the average bed capacity in July was 17,251, slightly higher than the number (17,136) in June, and 10 percent greater than that (15,615) in July 1949. The total number of beds available for mental patients, including those in general hospitals, increased one percent from June (19,134 to 19,339) and 12 percent from July last year (17,249). The bed capacity of leprosaria in July (8,892) was slightly higher than last month (8,886), but 3 percent less than in the corresponding month last year (9,132). For other and general hospitals, the bed capacity rose slightly over last month, from 174,971 to 175,528, and 3 percent over the corresponding month of 1949 (170,728). Of the total beds available in general and other hospitals during July, 18 percent (31,242) were for tuberculosis patients, the same proportion as in the two preceding months, but higher than the 13 percent so reserved in July 1949. One percent of the beds (2,088) continued to be reserved for mental patients.

In-Patient Load: The average daily in-patient load for all hospitals in July (201,831) increased 4 percent above the number (194,233) for last month, and 23 percent above the average (163,958) for July last year. The number of in-patients in tuberculosis sanatoria rose 2 percent from 55,817 to 56,871, and was more than one-fourth greater than the corresponding figure last year (44,832). The total number of tuberculosis in-patients, including those in general hospitals was 89,177, an increase of one percent over the June average (87,997) and was currently more than 30 percent greater than the average (67,772) recorded for July 1949. For mental hospitals, the in-patient load increased two percent from a daily average of 15,647 last month to 15,974 this month. The current figure was one-fourth greater than the corresponding average (12,800) for July last year. The total number of mental in-patients including those in general hospitals, also increased two percent, from last month (17,457), and 26 percent from July of last year (14,215), to 17,890 currently. The average daily in-patient load for leprosaria was 8,697 currently compared with 8,636 previously and 8,373 in July last year. During July, the average daily in-patient load in general and other hospitals was 120,289, an increase of 5 percent over the June average (114,133), and 23 percent above the corresponding figure (97,953) last year.

Out-Patient Load: For July, the average daily number of out-patients for all hospitals was 350,567, seven percent above the average for both last month (328,203) and July last year (326,280). The out-patient load for tuberculosis sanatoria was currently (5,216) about the same as last month (5,210), but was six percent greater than in July 1949 (4,913). Out-patients for mental hospitals increased by six percent from a daily average of 558 in June to 590 this month. The current figure was nearly 50 percent above that for July 1949 (399). There was a daily average of 14 out-patients for leprosaria during July compared with 16 last month and 20 in the corresponding month last year. The number of out-patients for general and other hospitals increased seven percent from 322,419 in the previous month to 344,747 in the current month, and in the same proportion from 320,948 in July last year.

Bed Occupancy: The daily bed-occupancy ratio in total hospitals increased for the sixth consecutive month. The current ratio was 76.7, an increase of three percent over the figure (74.2) recorded last month and 17 percent greater than the



ratio (65.6) in July last year. More than two-thirds (33) of the prefectures had ratios within plus or minus 10 percent of the national average. Only five prefectural ratios were more than 10 percent above the all Japan figure. The highest ratio (86.9) was recorded by Kagoshima Prefecture and was 13 percent above the average. Eight prefectures recorded ratios more than 10 percent below the national figure, the lowest (62.7) in Nagasaki being 18 percent below.

The current bed occupancy ratio for tuberculosis sanatoria (92.4) was approximately the same as last month (92.1), but more than 10 percent above the ratio (82.4) in July last year. The percent of all tuberculosis beds occupied, including those in general hospitals was the same as that for June (96.1) but 10 percent greater than in the same month of 1949 (87.6). For sanatoria, thirty prefectural ratios were within plus or minus 10 percent of the national ratio, nine were higher and seven lower. Miyazaki and Tottori Prefectures had ratios (114.7 and 112.0 respectively) more than 20 percent above the national average. The lowest prefectural ratios, 15 percent below the all Japan average, were recorded by Aomori, 78.3 Aichi, 78.5.

The percent of beds occupied in mental hospitals during July (92.6) was slightly higher than last month (91.3), and 13 percent above the ratio recorded in July 1949 (82.0). The percent of all beds occupied by mental patients, including those in general and other hospitals, rose slightly from 91.2 last month to 92.5 in July. The current figure was 12 percent above the occupancy ratio (82.4) for July last year. For mental hospitals, only 16 prefectural ratios were within plus or minus 10 percent of the national average, 15 were higher, and 13 lower. The remaining two prefectures had no mental hospitals: Iwate Prefecture continued to have a ratio (211.7) more than double the national average. Three other prefectures had ratios more than 50 percent above the all Japan average: Yamanashi (159.6), Fukui (145.7), and Fukushima (141.4). At the other extreme, Aomori Prefecture had a ratio (41.9) less than half the national average, and Nagasaki recorded one (46.4) only slightly more than half.

For leprosaria, the bed occupancy ratio rose slightly from 97.2 to 97.8 and was currently seven percent above the ratio (91.7) for July last year. For the ten prefectures having leprosaria, ratios ranged from 66.2 in Yamanashi to 106.9 in Shizuoka.

The ratio of beds occupied in general and other hospitals was 68.5 currently compared with 65.2 last month (an increase of 5 percent), and 57.4 in July 1949 (an increase of nearly 20 percent). More than half (26) of the prefectural ratios were within plus or minus 10 percent of the national average, 8 were higher and 12 lower. The highest prefectural ratio was 79.2 in Tottori, 16 percent above the all Japan average. Tokushima Prefecture recorded the lowest occupancy ratio (48.8), nearly 30 percent below the national figure.



## JAPANESE HOSPITAL STRENGTH REPORT FOR JULY 1950

1/

## TOTAL HOSPITALS

Area	2/Number of Hospitals	2/Bed Capacity	3/Total Patients	4/In-Patients	5/Out-Patient treatment visits
All Japan	3,272	263,200	552,398	201,831	350,567
Hokkaido	240	16251	43341	11596	31745
Aomori	36	3716	6647	2910	3737
Iwate	54	4170	10428	3501	6927
Miyagi	76	6814	12808	5595	7213
Akita	42	3027	7317	2286	5031
Yamagata	29	2982	5935	2221	3714
Fukushima	58	4040	8737	2901	5837
Ibaraki	72	4732	7509	3200	4309
Tochigi	44	3084	6476	2470	4006
Gumma	42	3934	6130	3371	2759
Saitama	107	4688	8799	3131	5668
Chiba	94	8054	11329	6320	5009
Tokyo	267	30201	62029	26095	35934
Kanagawa	119	11258	23009	8982	14027
Niigata	76	6028	13675	4881	8794
Toyama	46	3184	7402	2462	4940
Ishikawa	65	4438	9244	3464	5780
Fukui	27	1910	4198	1519	2679
Yamanashi	25	1294	2307	827	1480
Nagano	72	5122	8482	3429	5053
Gifu	54	3212	7287	2562	4725
Shizuoka	68	6620	11547	5414	6133
Aichi	148	10660	23530	7574	15956
Mie	66	4823	8997	3099	5898
Shiga	28	1770	4165	1508	2657
Kyoto	82	9002	15646	6247	9399
Osaka	164	17968	33678	12806	20872
Hyogo	128	9358	23257	7500	15757
Nara	19	1112	2600	803	1797
Wakayama	28	1708	4113	1206	2907
Tottori	18	1700	3269	1385	1884
Shimane	21	1834	3598	1565	2033
Okayama	69	6546	10899	5356	5543
Hiroshima	94	6444	15002	4998	10004
Yamaguchi	76	5203	11086	3672	7414
Tokushima	31	2284	3714	1647	2067
Kagawa	37	2892	4473	1936	2537
Ehime	47	3231	6597	2180	4417
Kochi	40	1957	3821	1388	2433
Fukuoka	141	13169	46936	10827	36109
Saga	55	3336	7166	2586	4580
Nagasaki	67	4700	11107	2948	8159
Kumamoto	71	5533	10607	4122	6485
Oita	35	2944	3973	2202	1771
Miyazaki	39	2007	3913	1438	2475
Kagoshima	55	4260	5614	3701	1913

1/ All hospitals of 20 beds or more, including mental hospitals, leprosaria and sanatoria.

2/ Average of count made on the first and last day of each month.

3/ Sum of average number of in-patients and out-patient treatment visits.

4/ Average of daily count.

5/ Average of daily number of treatment visits to the hospital, including treatment visits to homes by hospital physicians.

Source: Ministry of Welfare.

JAPANESE HOSPITAL STRENGTH REPORT FOR JULY 1950

1/  
TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIA

Area	<u>2/</u> Number of Hospitals	<u>2/</u> Bed Capacity	<u>3/</u> Total Patients	<u>4/</u> In-Patients	<u>5/</u> Out-Patient treatment visits
All Japan	309	61,529	62,087	56,871	5,216
Hokkaido	16	3054	2955	2732	223
Aomori	4	1030	897	806	91
Iwate	3	627	712	659	53
Miyagi	4	1390	1538	1356	182
Akita	4	680	657	582	85
Yamagata	3	347	346	316	30
Fukushima	4	884	768	717	51
Ibaraki	8	1776	1534	1469	65
Tochigi	4	877	917	873	44
Gumma	7	662	786	695	91
Saitama	5	1219	1464	1122	342
Chiba	16	3477	3401	3113	288
Tokyo	31	6558	7222	6792	430
Kanagawa	14	2901	2972	2764	208
Niigata	10	1564	1539	1482	57
Toyama	2	900	905	856	49
Ishikawa	6	1025	959	910	49
Fukui	2	681	666	578	88
Yamanashi	1	140	147	144	3
Nagano	8	1630	1500	1395	105
Gifu	6	998	1007	959	48
Shizuoka	4	1107	1097	1034	63
Aichi	11	2980	2557	2339	218
Mie	4	887	851	834	17
Shiga	5	485	534	496	38
Kyoto	6	1738	1584	1453	131
Osaka	12	3935	3919	3617	302
Hyogo	20	2450	2783	2268	515
Nara	2	180	174	166	8
Wakayama	2	176	195	189	6
Tottori	1	50	58	56	2
Shimane	1	490	510	489	21
Okayama	4	994	994	963	31
Hiroshima	9	2060	1758	1626	132
Yamaguchi	8	1174	1188	949	239
Tokushima	2	805	845	802	43
Kagawa	2	213	173	168	5
Ehime	3	947	941	905	36
Kochi	2	216	219	205	14
Fukuoka	24	3146	3197	2952	245
Saga	3	824	884	778	106
Nagasaki	5	294	447	262	185
Kumamoto	4	1224	1240	1153	87
Oita	6	722	723	692	31
Miyazaki	2	430	510	493	17
Kagoshima	9	1582	1814	1662	152

- 1/ Tuberculosis sanatoria of 20 beds or more.
- 2/ Average of count made on the first and last day of each month.
- 3/ Sum of average number of in-patients and out-patient treatment visits.
- 4/ Average of daily count.
- 5/ Average of daily number of treatment visits to the hospital including treatment visits to homes by hospital physicians.

Source: Ministry of Welfare.



# JAPANESE HOSPITAL STRENGTH REPORT FOR JULY 1950

1/

## MENTAL HOSPITALS

Area	2/ Number of Hospitals	2/ Bed Capacity	3/ Total Patients	4/ In-Patients	5/ Out-Patient treatment visits
All Japan	132	17251	16564	15974	590
Hokkaido	6	489	510	481	29
Aomori	1	86	36	36	-
Iwate	1	60	127	127	-
Miyagi	2	236	248	248	0
Akita	1	136	141	134	7
Yamagata	1	125	129	124	5
Fukushima	2	133	191	188	3
Ibaraki	3	212	175	173	2
Tochigi	4	271	271	241	30
Gunma	1	320	403	386	17
Saitama	4	469	501	485	16
Chiba	4	601	499	477	22
Tokyo	12	3535	3517	3437	80
Kanagawa	6	885	739	725	14
Niigata	1	211	295	291	4
Toyama	2	135	184	173	11
Ishikawa	4	329	333	293	40
Fukui	1	105	214	153	61
Yamanashi	1	52	88	83	5
Nagano	2	230	214	213	1
Gifu	1	275	284	278	6
Shizuoka	4	371	412	388	24
Aichi	7	703	584	572	12
Mie	2	343	185	181	4
Shiga	1	167	166	165	1
Kyoto	4	387	301	294	7
Osaka	7	1876	1651	1618	33
Hyogo	6	1161	919	903	16
Nara	2	188	187	178	9
Wakayama	-	-	-	-	-
Tottori	1	75	86	82	4
Shimane	1	38	47	47	0
Okayama	1	196	253	253	-
Hiroshima	6	340	330	320	10
Yamaguchi	2	128	138	128	10
Tokushima	1	154	198	198	-
Kagawa	1	90	63	61	2
Ehime	1	180	186	180	6
Kochi	2	174	165	154	11
Fukuoka	7	626	547	508	39
Saga	3	425	457	430	27
Nagasaki	3	110	51	51	0
Kumamoto	2	162	177	177	-
Oita	3	170	139	125	14
Miyazaki	-	-	-	-	-
Kagoshima	5	292	223	215	8

1/ Mental hospitals of 20 beds or more.

2/ Average of count made on the first and last day of each month.

3/ Sum of average number of in-patients and out-patient treatment visits.

4/ Average of daily count.

5/ Average of daily number of treatment visits to the hospital, including treatment visits to homes by hospital physicians.

Source: Ministry of Welfare

JAPANESE HOSPITAL STRENGTH REPORT FOR JULY 1950

1/

LEPROSARIA

Area	2/ Number of Hospitals	2/ Bed Capacity	3/ Total Patient	4/ In-Patients	5/ Out-Patient treatment visits
All Japan	13	8,892	8,711	8,697	14
Hokkaido	-	-	-	-	-
Aomori	1	600	605	605	-
Iwate	-	-	-	-	-
Miyagi	1	550	503	503	-
Akita	-	-	-	-	-
Yamagata	-	-	-	-	-
Fukushima	-	-	-	-	-
Ibaraki	-	-	-	-	-
Tochigi	-	-	-	-	-
Gunma	1	1050	1038	1038	-
Saitama	-	-	-	-	-
Chiba	-	-	-	-	-
Tokyo	1	1200	1153	1153	-
Kanagawa	-	-	-	-	-
Niigata	-	-	-	-	-
Toyama	-	-	-	-	-
Ishikawa	-	-	-	-	-
Fukui	-	-	-	-	-
Yamanashi	1	65	43	43	-
Nagano	-	-	-	-	-
Gifu	-	-	-	-	-
Shizuoka	2	305	340	326	14
Aichi	-	-	-	-	-
Mie	-	-	-	-	-
Shiga	-	-	-	-	-
Kyoto	-	-	-	-	-
Osaka	-	-	-	-	-
Hyogo	-	-	-	-	-
Nara	-	-	-	-	-
Wakayama	-	-	-	-	-
Tottori	-	-	-	-	-
Shimane	-	-	-	-	-
Okayama	2	2350	2296	2296	-
Hiroshima	-	-	-	-	-
Yamaguchi	-	-	-	-	-
Tokushima	-	-	-	-	-
Kagawa	1	652	658	658	-
Ehime	-	-	-	-	-
Kochi	-	-	-	-	-
Fukuoka	-	-	-	-	-
Saga	-	-	-	-	-
Nagasaki	-	-	-	-	-
Kumamoto	2	1220	1175	1175	-
Oita	-	-	-	-	-
Miyazaki	-	-	-	-	-
Kagoshima	1	900	900	900	-

1/ Leprosaria of 20 beds or more.

2/ Average of count made on the first and last day of each month.

2/ Sum of average number of in-patients and out-patient treatment visits.

4/ Average of daily count.

5/ Average of daily number of treatment visits to the hospital, including treatment visits to homes by hospital physicians.

Source: Ministry of Welfare.



JAPANESE HOSPITAL STRENGTH REPORT FOR JULY 1950

1/  
OTHER HOSPITALS

Area	<u>2/</u> Number of Hospitals	<u>2/</u> Bed Capacity	<u>3/</u> Total Patients	<u>4/</u> In-Patients	<u>5/</u> Out-Patient treatment visits
All Japan	2,818	175,528	465,036	120,289	344,747
Hokkaido	218	12708	39876	8383	31493
Aomori	30	2000	5109	1463	3646
Iwate	50	3483	9589	2715	6874
Miyagi	69	4638	10518	3487	7031
Akita	37	2211	6520	1571	4949
Yamagata	25	2510	5460	1781	3679
Fukushima	52	3023	7779	1996	5783
Ibaraki	61	2744	5801	1559	4242
Tochigi	36	1936	5287	1355	3932
Gumma	33	1902	3903	1252	2651
Saitama	98	3000	6834	1524	5310
Chiba	74	3976	7429	2729	4700
Tokyo	223	18908	50136	14713	35423
Kanagawa	99	7472	19298	5493	13805
Niigata	65	4254	11843	3109	8734
Toyama	42	2149	6312	1432	4880
Ishikawa	55	3084	7952	2261	5691
Fukui	24	1124	3318	788	2530
Yamanashi	22	1038	2030	558	1472
Nagano	62	3262	6768	1820	4948
Gifu	47	1938	5996	1325	4671
Shizuoka	58	4837	9697	3665	6032
Aichi	130	6977	20389	4664	15725
Mie	60	3593	7960	2083	5877
Shiga	22	1118	3465	847	2618
Kyoto	72	6877	13760	4500	9260
Osaka	145	12158	28108	7571	20537
Hyogo	102	5746	19555	4329	15226
Nara	15	744	2239	459	1780
Wakayama	26	1533	3918	1017	2901
Tottori	16	1574	3125	1247	1878
Shimane	19	1306	3040	1029	2011
Okayama	62	3006	7356	1844	5512
Hiroshima	79	4044	12914	3052	9862
Yamaguchi	66	3900	9760	2595	7165
Tokushima	28	1326	2671	647	2024
Kagawa	33	1936	3579	1049	2530
Ehime	43	2104	5469	1095	4374
Kochi	36	1567	3438	1030	2408
Fukuoka	110	9396	43192	7367	35825
Saga	49	2088	5826	1378	4448
Nagasaki	59	4296	10608	2635	7973
Kumamoto	63	2927	8015	1617	6398
Oita	26	2052	3113	1386	1727
Miyazaki	37	1577	3403	945	2458
Kagoshima	40	1486	2678	924	1754

- 1/ Hospitals of 20 beds or more, excluding mental hospitals, leprosaria and sanatoria.
- 2/ Average of count made on the first and last day of each month.
- 3/ Sum of average number of in-patients and out-patient treatment visits.
- 4/ Average of daily count.
- 5/ Average of daily number of treatment visits to the hospital, including treatment visits to homes by hospital physicians.

Source: Ministry of Welfare





DIGEST OF WEEKLY ~~REPORT~~ OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES  
IN JAPAN FOR THE WEEK ENDED 19 AUGUST 1950

During the thirty-third week, ended 19 August 1950, there were 20,976 cases of the 31 communicable diseases (exclusive of the four venereal diseases) compared with 22,767 cases reported for the same diseases last week. Some corrections were received this week for preceding weeks in the current year. Totals for eleven diseases (diphtheria, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, measles, whooping cough, tuberculosis, pneumonia, poliomyelitis, tetanus, leprosy, and infectious diarrhea) were lower this week than in either last week or the thirty-third week of last year, while totals for four others (Japanese "B" encephalitis, scarlet fever, epidemic meningitis, and trachoma) were higher currently. No cases of smallpox, typhus fever, cholera, plague, yellow fever, glanders, or dengue fever were reported either this week, last week, or in the thirty-third week of last year. There was one rabies case in each of those three weeks. Present totals for five diseases (dysentery, malaria, influenza, puerperal infection, and anthrax) fell between those reported for the other two periods. Cases for tsutsugamushi disease were lower and schistosomiasis and filariasis higher than in the preceding week. Data for these last three diseases are not available prior to the current year.

There were 110 cases of diphtheria this week compared with 115 last week, a decrease of 4 percent. The number of deaths (4) did not change. Present cases were 5 percent fewer than in the same week of last year (116) and nearly 20 percent below the corresponding 1948 total (136). About a third (16) of the prefectures reported fewer cases this week than last week, and approximately the same number (15) had more cases. Of the remaining third (15), which did not change, six have reported no cases for two or more weeks. Prefectural case figures currently ranged from zero in 11 instances to 9. The current and cumulative case rates were 7.1 and 14.4 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 0.3 and 1.2.

Dysentery cases decreased this week for the first time since the middle of May. They numbered 3,068, 12 percent below the figure (3,503) reported last week. Deaths decreased proportionately, from 743 to 655. This week's cases were about 70 percent greater than those (1,816) in the same week of last year and more than three times the total (962) recorded for the comparable 1948 period. There were decreases from last week in more than half (25) of the prefectures, increases in 19, and no change in the remaining two. The most notable change was a decrease from 273 to 100 cases in Aichi Prefecture. Two prefectures in the Kanto area that accounted for over a fourth of all cases this week were Tokyo-to (475 cases) and Saitama (308), and all ten Kanto prefectures together accounted for about 60 percent of the total. Excluding Tokyo-to and Saitama, case figures ranged from 1 to 216. Of the total dysentery reported this week, 3,052 cases and all deaths were listed as bacillary and 16 cases amebic. The current and cumulative case rates were 197.8 and 55.9 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 42.2 and 11.2.

The number of typhoid fever cases this week (174) was 5 percent less than in the previous week (183). Deaths also decreased, from 20 to 17. The present case figure was more than 25 percent less than that (240) recorded for the same week of last year and about 50 percent below the corresponding 1948 total (338). Changes from last week were almost equally divided between prefectures with decreases (21) and those with increases (20). Cases in four other prefectures did not change, while there have been no cases reported for three weeks in the remaining one (Kagoshima). About a fourth of all cases this week occurred in Tokyo-to (20), Osaka Prefecture (13), and Hokkaido (12). Cases in the other 43 prefectures ranged from zero in five instances to 9. The current and cumulative case rates were 11.2 and 6.5 respectively and corresponding death rates 1.1 and 0.8.

There were 54 cases of paratyphoid fever this week, 18 percent fewer than last week (66). Deaths (1) stayed the same. Cases this week were 16 and 31 percent respectively below the corresponding 1949 (64) and 1948 (78) totals. A third (15) of the prefectures have reported no cases for at least two weeks. There were decreases from last week in 16 prefectures, increases in 14, and no change in the remaining one. Tokyo-to reported 18 cases this week, a third of the total number, and 20 additional prefectures had from one to five each. The current and cumulative case rates were 3.5 and 2.2 respectively. Corresponding death rates were both 0.1.



No smallpox cases have been reported for three weeks and no deaths thus far this year. There were also no cases recorded for the thirty-third weeks of last year and 1948. The cumulative case rate as of 19 August 1950 was less than 0.1.

There have been no typhus fever cases reported for three weeks and no deaths for four weeks. During the thirty-third weeks of last year and 1948 there were also no cases. The cumulative case and death rates as of 19 August 1950 were 1.8 and 0.1 respectively.

Malaria cases numbered 37 this week compared with 34 previously, and there were no deaths either week. During the thirty-third weeks of last year and 1948 cases (164 and 248 respectively) were over four and nearly seven times the present total. Cases increased over last week in 16 prefectures, decreased in 11, and stayed the same in one, while no cases have been reported for two weeks or longer in the remaining 18. Shiga Prefecture currently reported 16 cases and 18 other prefectures one or two cases each. The current and cumulative case rates were 2.4 and 1.4 respectively, and the cumulative death rate was 0.1.

The number of Japanese "B" encephalitis cases reported this week (614) was over two and a half times the figure (235) for last week. Deaths rose from 63 to 198. Last year at this time there were 11 cases, and in the same period of 1948 there were 1,524 or about two and a half times this week's figure. There were increases over last week in about two-thirds (31) of the prefectures and decreases in five. No cases have been reported for two weeks or longer in the remaining ten, of which nine have reported none yet this year. Cases increased from 102 to 272 in Tokyo-to, the present figure being 44 percent of the total. Osaka and Aichi Prefectures reported 54 and 37 cases respectively and 32 additional prefectures from 1 to 28 each. The current and cumulative case rates were 39.6 and 1.7 respectively. The corresponding death rates were 12.8 and 0.5.

About the same number of scarlet fever cases was reported this week (52) as last week (51). Two deaths were reported currently compared with none previously. During the thirty-third weeks of last year and 1948 cases numbered 43 and 38 respectively. Almost half (21) of the prefectures have reported no cases for two or more weeks. Increases over last week occurred in 12 prefectures, decreases in 8, and no change in the remaining 5. Tokyo-to reported 14 cases this week, over a fourth of the total number, and 19 additional prefectures from one to four each. The current and cumulative case rates were 3.4 and 7.1 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 0.1 and less than 0.1.

There were 60 cases of epidemic meningitis this week compared with 57 last week. Deaths increased from 9 to 20 currently. Last year at this time there were 22 cases and in the same period of the previous year 70. Prefectural changes from last week were equally divided between increases (14) and decreases (14). There were also 14 prefectures which have reported no cases for two weeks or longer. The four remaining prefectures did not change from last week. This week's cases were distributed among approximately half (24) of the prefectures and numbered from one to nine. The current and cumulative case rates were 3.9 and 1.5 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 1.3 and 0.4.

Measles cases decreased 35 percent, from 662 last week to 433 currently. They were 77 percent fewer than in the thirty-third week of last year (1900) and 41 percent below the corresponding 1948 total (728). About two-thirds (30) of the prefectures reported fewer cases this week than last week, eleven had more cases, while one stayed the same. The four remaining prefectures (Wakayama, Shimane, Kumamoto, and Oita) have reported no cases for from five to two weeks. Five other prefectures also had no cases during the present week and, at the other extreme, Hokkaido reported 38. The current and cumulative case rates were 27.9 and 92.1 respectively.

The number of whooping cough cases (2,954) decreased 8 percent from last week (3,216). It was a third below the figure (4,432) recorded for the same week of last year but more than 50 percent greater than that (1,920) for the corresponding 1948 period. There were decreases from last week in the majority (28) of the prefectures, increases in 17, and no change in the remaining one. The most outstanding change was an increase from 94 to 234 cases in Saitama Prefecture, while the largest decrease occurred in Hokkaido, from 162 to 68 cases. About a fourth of all cases this



week were in four central Honshu prefectures, Saitama (234), Tokyo-to (172), Toyama (165), and Shizuoka (147). Cases in the other 42 prefectures ranged from 4 to 113. The current and cumulative case rates were 190.5 and 184.3 respectively.

There was a 15 percent decrease in tuberculosis cases this week, from 10,569 to 8,972. Present cases were four percent fewer than those (9,384) recorded for the same week of last year but nine percent greater than the total (8,252) for the like period of 1948. Decreases from last week occurred in 24 prefectures and increases in the other 22. Prefectural case figures currently ranged from 27 to 1,129. Eighty nine percent (7,957) of all cases reported this week were designated as respiratory tuberculosis. The current and cumulative case rates for all forms of tuberculosis were 578.5 and 579.6 respectively.

Pneumonia cases numbered 903 this week compared with 945 in the preceding week, a decrease of 4 percent. They were 16 percent fewer than those (1,072) recorded for the thirty-third week of last year but 42 percent greater than the total (637) for the same period of 1948. Cases decreased from last week in 27 prefectures, increased in 17, and stayed the same in the remaining two. Prefectural case figures this week ranged from one each in Tottori and Yamaguchi to 85 in Saitama. The current and cumulative case rates were 58.2 and 215.1 respectively.

Four cases of influenza were reported currently. Last week there was one case, and in the thirty-third weeks of last year and 1948 there were 12 and 21 cases respectively. Tokyo-to, Mie, Saga, and Nagasaki Prefectures reported this week's four cases. The current and cumulative case rates were 0.3 and 40.6 respectively.

The number of poliomyelitis cases this week (109) was 17 percent less than in the preceding week (131). It was 16 percent less than the figure (130) for the same week of last year but nearly two and a half times the corresponding 1948 total (45). Prefectural changes from last week included 20 with decreases and 16 with increases. Two other prefectures did not change from last week, and the remaining eight have reported no cases for two weeks or longer. Tokyo-to and Hokkaido reported 14 and 13 cases respectively this week and 28 additional prefectures from one to eight each. The current and cumulative case rates were 7.0 and 3.8 respectively.

There were 32 cases of tetanus reported this week compared with 49 last week and 50 and 69 respectively during the thirty-third weeks of 1949 and 1948. Cases decreased from last week in 19 prefectures, increased in 9, and stayed the same in 4, while no cases have been reported for two weeks or longer in the remaining 14. A third (15) of the prefectures reported having cases this week, from one to six each. The current and cumulative case rates were 2.1 and 2.3 respectively.

Puerperal infection cases numbered 13 this week. Last week there were 17 cases and in the thirty-third weeks of 1949 and the previous year 8 and 16 respectively. No cases have been reported for two or more weeks in 26 prefectures. There were decreases from last week in nine prefectures, increases in eight, and no change in the other three. Present cases were distributed among 11 prefectures having one or two each. The current and cumulative case rates were 0.8 and 1.1 respectively.

One case of rabies was reported both this week and last week, and there was also one case in the thirty-third weeks of both 1949 and 1948. This week's case occurred in Shizuoka Prefecture and was the first to be reported from there this year. The current and cumulative case rates were both 0.1.

There has been no anthrax reported since mid-July. One case was recorded for the thirty-third week of last year but none during the same period of 1948. The cumulative case rate as of 19 August 1950 was less than 0.1.

Eight leprosy cases were reported this week, about half the number for last week (17). During the thirty-third weeks of last year and 1948 there were 11 and 13 cases respectively. About two-thirds (31) of the prefectures have reported no cases for at least two weeks, including four (Chiba, Niigata, Toyama, and Hiroshima) which have reported none this year. There were decreases from last week in nine prefectures and increases in six. Eight prefectures accounted for this week's eight cases. The current and cumulative case rates were 0.5 and 0.8 respectively.

The number of trachoma cases increased 16 percent, from 2,836 last week to 3,300 currently. The present figure was 32 percent greater than that (2,503) recorded for the same week of last year and slightly higher than the corresponding 1948 total (3,270). Cases decreased from last week in 27 prefectures and increased in the other 19. Prefectural case figures this week ranged from zero in one instance to 615. The current and cumulative case rates were 212.8 and 215.6 respectively.

One case of infectious diarrhea was reported this week compared with four cases last week. Last year at this time there were 10 cases and in the same period of the previous year 57. The one case this week was in Kyoto Prefecture. The current and cumulative case rates were both 0.1.

Tsutsugamushi cases numbered 14 this week compared with 20 last week. Twelve of the present cases were in Niigata Prefecture and the other two in Akita. The current and cumulative case rates were 0.9 and 0.2 respectively.

There were 60 cases of schistosomiasis reported this week compared with 53 last week. They occurred in Yamanashi (43), Hiroshima (9), and Saga (8). The current and cumulative case rates were 3.9 and 0.9 respectively.

Three cases of filariasis were reported currently. Last week there were two cases. Shimane, Ehime, and Kumamoto were the prefectures reporting cases this week. The current and cumulative case rates were 0.2 and 0.1 respectively.

The four venereal diseases accounted for 5,617 cases this week compared with 5,573 last week. Current and cumulative numbers of syphilis cases this week were 2,063 and 81,845 respectively; gonorrhea, 3,290 and 109,992; chancroid, 261 and 9,934; and lymphogranuloma venereum, 3 and 322. Totals for syphilis and chancroid were higher this week than last week when they were 2,004 and 256 respectively. Gonorrhea and lymphogranuloma venereum, however, were lower than previously (3,302 and 11 respectively). This week's totals for all diseases except gonorrhea were lower than in the same week of last year. At that time there were 3,111 cases of syphilis, 3,223 cases of gonorrhea, 331 cases of chancroid, and 10 cases of lymphogranuloma venereum. The current and cumulative case rates for each of these diseases as of 19 August 1950 were: syphilis, 133.0 and 159.9 respectively; gonorrhea, 212.1 and 214.9; chancroid, 16.8 and 19.4; and lymphogranuloma venereum, 0.2 and 0.6.



SUMMARY REPORT OF CASES AND DEATHS FROM  
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES IN JAPAN  
WEEK ENDED 19 AUGUST 1950

PREFECTURE	DIPHTHERIA				DYSENTERY			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	6	-	469	*40	76	5	*668	*50
AOMORI	3	-	177	25	5	2	133	29
IWATE	4	-	182	21	50	6	354	58
MIYAGI	2	-	173	6	40	3	313	47
AKITA	4	-	234	12	26	9	177	62
YAMAGATA	2	1	84	7	33	3	303	55
FUKUSHIMA	4	-	176	17	83	27	869	187
IBARAKI	2	-	97	2	141	51	959	382
TOCHIGI	3	-	129	13	196	46	918	250
GUMMA	1	-	69	4	216	51	2,389	417
SAITAMA	5	-	204	12	308	89	2,415	658
CHIBA	4	-	92	10	108	33	1,119	300
TOKYO	9	1	465	39	475	57	4,266	545
KANAGAWA	4	-	169	15	169	15	1,496	142
NIIGATA	3	1	269	14	106	15	1,767	244
TOYAMA	1	-	94	7	35	10	345	70
ISHIKAWA	1	-	143	15	23	3	419	34
FUKUI	-	-	58	4	1	-	50	15
YAMANASHI	-	-	27	3	17	6	185	35
NAGANO	1	-	115	7	57	6	306	45
GIFU	1	-	62	10	87	27	613	180
SHIZUOKA	1	-	115	9	130	18	1,222	232
AICHI	2	-	193	11	100	29	1,694	381
MIE	1	-	107	9	25	7	360	84
SHIGA	-	-	42	2	1	1	36	9
KYOTO	3	-	123	13	41	5	437	55
OSAKA	-	-	279	37	81	11	658	72
HYOGO	3	-	267	24	41	13	452	104
NARA	-	-	57	5	6	1	42	4
WAKAYAMA	-	-	42	2	12	2	72	24
TOTTORI	-	-	31	4	7	2	*61	20
SHIMANE	2	-	150	7	18	7	111	42
OKAYAMA	1	-	80	7	20	6	152	58
HIROSHIMA	8	-	222	13	41	17	349	105
YAMAGUCHI	3	-	195	13	13	1	157	46
TOKUSHIMA	3	-	80	13	9	8	96	41
KAGAWA	-	-	39	2	5	5	178	57
EHIME	1	-	100	12	77	8	323	71
KOCHI	-	-	53	10	9	4	122	34
FUKUOKA	9	-	555	46	70	10	654	139
SAGA	2	-	125	10	19	1	141	12
NAGASAKI	-	-	269	12	7	3	*123	17
KUMAMOTO	3	-	121	9	43	16	550	154
OITA	-	-	154	25	12	9	117	54
MIYAZAKI	4	1	253	27	10	2	224	52
KAGOSIMA	4	-	205	31	19	5	205	81
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TOTAL	110	4	7,345	*636	3,068	655	*28,600	*5,753
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RATE								
Current	7.1	0.3	14.4	1.2	197.8	42.2	55.9	11.2
Previous	7.4	0.3			225.9	47.9		

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	TYPHOID FEVER				PARATYPHOID FEVER			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	12	-	*107	11	2	-	*60	5
AOMORI	1	-	61	3	-	-	19	1
IWATE	5	-	39	3	2	-	16	1
MIYAGI	3	-	115	13	-	-	52	1
AKITA	2	2	23	8	-	-	7	1
YAMAGATA	1	1	30	4	-	-	14	1
FUKUSHIMA	2	1	70	5	1	-	15	1
IBARAKI	3	-	51	7	-	-	13	2
TOCHIGI	4	-	45	4	2	-	10	-
GUMMA	3	1	60	6	5	1	51	3
SAITAMA	6	1	152	19	4	-	38	4
CHIBA	2	-	90	11	-	-	12	-
TOKYO	20	2	465	55	18	-	250	3
KANAGAWA	3	1	163	13	3	-	42	-
NIIGATA	9	-	138	13	1	-	43	-
TOYAMA	1	-	41	3	2	-	37	1
ISHIKAWA	3	-	25	9	-	-	5	1
FUKUI	6	-	47	-	-	-	8	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	9	1	1	-	8	-
NAGANO	2	-	44	6	1	-	6	1
GIFU	6	-	103	14	1	-	26	1
SHIZUOKA	7	1	107	7	1	-	34	2
AICHI	8	1	146	18	1	-	33	-
MIE	8	1	112	18	1	-	9	1
SHIGA	-	-	30	4	-	-	3	-
KYOTO	4	1	108	13	-	-	9	-
OSAKA	13	2	165	23	4	-	79	2
HYOGO	7	-	155	15	1	-	19	1
NARA	-	-	61	6	-	-	6	-
WAKAYAMA	1	-	35	6	-	-	23	-
TOTTORI	1	-	9	-	-	-	1	-
SHIMANE	1	-	40	5	-	-	6	-
OKAYAMA	1	-	53	10	-	-	4	1
HIROSHIMA	3	-	123	12	-	-	49	5
YAMAGUCHI	6	1	24	4	1	-	10	-
TOKUSHIMA	9	-	58	9	1	-	29	3
KAGAWA	2	-	6	1	-	-	13	1
EHIME	-	-	23	3	-	-	3	-
KOCHI	2	1	59	12	-	-	9	-
FUKUOKA	1	-	60	3	1	-	34	1
SAGA	1	-	9	-	-	-	4	-
NAGASAKI	2	-	30	1	-	-	4	-
KUMAMOTO	1	-	27	5	-	-	16	-
OITA	1	-	10	2	-	-	2	1
MIYAZAKI	1	-	15	2	-	-	6	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	3	1	-	-	2	-
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TOTAL	174	17	*3,346	388	54	1	*1,139	45
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RATE								
Current	11.2	1.1	6.5	0.8	3.5	0.1	2.2	0.1
Previous	11.8	1.3			4.3	0.1		

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SMALLPOX				TYPHUS FEVER			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	-	-	1	-	-	-	116	3
AOMORI	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
MIYAGI	-	-	1	-	-	-	7	1
AKITA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	2
TOCHIGI	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	1
SAITAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
CHIBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	1
TOKYO	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	20
KANAGAWA	-	-	1	-	-	-	423	23
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
AICHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
MIE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-
NARA	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SAGA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	-	6	-	-	-	927	53
RATE								
Current	-	-	0.0	-	-	-	1.8	0.1
Previous	-	-			-	-		

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	MALARIA				JAPANESE "B" ENCEPHALITIS			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	1	-	7	-	-	-	-	-
IWATE	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	-
AKITA	-	-	7	1	2	2	2	2
YAMAGATA	1	-	5	-	4	2	4	2
FUKUSHIMA	1	-	10	1	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	1	-	15	2	2	1	2	1
TOCHIGI	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
GUMMA	-	-	11	1	3	4	15	6
SAITAMA	1	-	16	-	4	1	8	2
CHIBA	-	-	6	-	6	3	6	3
TOKYO	2	-	43	3	272	80	377	107
KANAGAWA	-	-	5	1	24	3	57	7
NIIGATA	-	-	6	-	-	-	1	-
TOYAMA	-	-	10	-	6	1	6	1
ISHIKAWA	-	-	11	3	18	7	19	8
FUKUI	-	-	10	1	10	6	15	6
YAMANASHI	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	1	-	8	1	-	-	2	2
GIFU	1	-	13	1	8	1	8	1
SHIZUOKA	-	-	7	-	11	3	11	3
AICHI	-	-	*34	-	37	7	64	15
MIE	2	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	16	-	226	-	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	14	1	5	2	5	2
OSAKA	-	-	2	-	54	25	72	34
HYOGO	2	-	17	2	28	17	29	17
NARA	-	-	5	1	3	-	3	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	4	-	5	2	5	2
TOTTORI	-	-	2	-	1	1	1	1
SHIMANE	1	-	3	-	11	1	15	2
OKAYAMA	1	-	14	1	22	5	22	5
HIROSHIMA	-	-	11	-	8	4	11	5
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	15	-	13	5	15	6
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	5	-	4	1	5	1
KAGAWA	-	-	3	-	1	-	5	3
EHIME	1	-	9	-	2	1	2	1
KOCHI	1	-	6	1	6	2	13	4
FUKUOKA	1	-	35	2	3	-	3	-
SAGA	1	-	10	-	8	1	18	7
NAGASAKI	-	-	22	-	1	-	1	-
KUMAMOTO	1	-	10	2	3	-	7	1
OITA	-	-	7	-	13	3	13	3
MIYAZAKI	-	-	6	-	1	-	1	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	17	5	15	8	34	10
TOTAL	37	-	*722	32	614	198	877	270
RATE								
Current	2.4	-	1.4	0.1	39.6	12.8	1.7	0.5
Previous	2.2	-			15.2	4.1		

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SCARLET FEVER				EPIDEMIC MENINGITIS			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	2	-	159	-	-	-	55	19
AOMORI	-	-	46	-	1	-	21	5
IWATE	-	-	33	1	-	1	11	6
MIYAGI	-	-	40	-	-	-	41	11
AKITA	1	-	42	-	-	-	8	1
YAMAGATA	1	-	22	-	1	-	37	7
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	32	-	-	1	23	10
IBARAKI	-	-	112	-	6	-	23	6
TOCHIGI	-	-	10	-	-	-	10	2
GUMMA	1	-	88	-	1	1	10	1
SAITAMA	1	-	177	1	3	1	22	8
CHIBA	-	-	44	-	6	-	20	4
TOKYO	14	-	721	4	9	1	131	26
KANAGAWA	4	-	186	-	2	1	38	9
NIIGATA	-	-	26	-	-	-	12	1
TOYAMA	-	-	34	-	-	-	10	1
ISHIKAWA	-	-	11	1	-	-	6	1
FUKUI	-	-	47	-	1	-	2	1
YAMANASHI	1	1	70	1	1	1	6	3
NAGANO	2	-	212	2	-	-	11	1
GIFU	1	-	89	-	-	-	5	2
SHIZUOKA	2	1	78	2	-	1	14	5
AICHI	4	-	218	2	2	-	16	7
MIE	3	-	63	-	1	-	7	2
SHIGA	-	-	112	-	1	1	12	4
KYOTO	4	-	189	-	5	5	31	13
OSAKA	4	-	367	1	5	-	58	13
HYOGO	2	-	87	-	1	-	7	1
NARA	-	-	25	-	1	-	2	1
WAKAYAMA	1	-	15	-	2	2	5	4
TOTTORI	-	-	6	-	1	-	6	1
SHIMANE	2	-	41	-	-	-	-	-
OKAYAMA	-	-	49	-	-	-	3	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	60	1	-	-	14	8
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	18	-	2	-	12	3
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	9	-	-	-	1	-
KAGAWA	1	-	9	1	-	-	4	-
EHIME	-	-	5	-	-	-	6	2
KOCHI	1	-	11	-	-	-	2	1
FUKUOKA	-	-	44	1	5	3	30	8
SAGA	-	-	5	1	1	-	5	1
NAGASAKI	-	-	13	-	-	-	8	1
KUMAMOTO	-	-	6	-	-	-	7	4
OTTA	-	-	3	-	1	-	5	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	6	-	-	-	6	4
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	6	-	1	1	7	3
TOTAL	52	2	3,646	19	60	20	770	211
RATE								
Current	3.4	0.1	7.1	0.0	3.9	1.3	1.5	0.4
Previous	3.3	-			3.7	0.6		

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	MEASLES		WHOOPIING COUGH	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	38	1686	68	2162
AOMORI	5	539	40	1020
IWATE	32	1001	39	1327
MIYAGI	9	565	20	1088
AKITA	5	609	60	1059
YAMAGATA	2	330	18	437
FUKUSHIMA	3	1118	73	2069
IBARAKI	3	378	47	3198
TOCHIGI	12	1319	41	975
GUMMA	6	1881	34	1710
SAITAMA	17	4074	234	4913
CHIBA	3	475	47	1522
TOKYO	29	2255	172	7132
KANAGAWA	13	1213	107	3794
NIIGATA	5	707	65	2261
TOYAMA	-	175	165	3993
ISHIKAWA	-	64	8	1098
FUKUI	30	1027	54	1089
YAMANASHI	1	287	20	1039
NAGANO	19	2142	113	2526
GIFU	21	2496	24	1018
SHIZUOKA	13	1939	147	3913
AICHI	16	3733	78	2424
MIE	5	370	101	2258
SHIGA	4	238	61	1740
KYOTO	1	78	80	2206
OSAKA	5	276	96	3214
HYOGO	15	927	98	3382
NARA	1	71	10	390
WAKAYAMA	-	122	31	1646
TOTTORI	-	44	4	662
SHIMANE	-	20	22	1025
OKAYAMA	22	1522	49	1298
HIROSHIMA	7	1935	80	2917
YAMAGUCHI	-	105	9	829
TOKUSHIMA	7	1680	43	1213
KAGAWA	5	2390	42	1304
EHIME	25	2187	75	2304
KOCHI	12	1347	30	1026
FUKUOKA	25	1252	112	4595
SAGA	4	356	56	1355
NAGASAKI	4	611	54	2034
KUMAMOTO	-	334	67	2728
OITA	-	63	53	1293
MIYAZAKI	-	384	71	2024
KAGOSHIMA	9	829	36	1136
TOTAL	433	47,154	2,954	94,346
RATE				
Current	27.9	92.1	190.5	184.3
Previous	42.7		207.4	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	TUBERCULOSIS		PNEUMONIA	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	466	23836	34	5936
AOMORI	144	5262	10	1964
IWATE	152	6249	29	2800
IWATE	152	6249	29	2800
MIYAGI	89	6048	7	2409
AKITA	179	4674	11	1882
YAMAGATA	175	4229	14	1661
FUKUSHIMA	118	5062	17	3023
IBARAKI	123	3676	19	2795
TOCHIGI	83	2559	19	2421
GUMMA	99	4468	25	4066
SAITAMA	310	8280	85	7363
CHIBA	117	5501	26	1624
TOKYO	1129	32743	33	4208
KANAGAWA	270	9359	35	2988
NIIGATA	97	5526	26	3261
TOYAMA	217	5937	43	3862
ISHIKAWA	144	4403	5	1245
FUKUI	104	3292	12	1432
YAMANASHI	46	1580	6	1077
NAGANO	152	6930	32	4666
GIFU	199	5002	13	2320
SHIZUOKA	224	5634	45	2654
AICHI	362	14636	20	4753
MIE	190	5234	17	1913
SHIGA	117	2785	10	1520
KYOTO	308	8248	7	1297
OSAKA	750	15817	25	2025
HYOGO	331	11205	18	2381
NARA	76	1463	12	611
WAKAYAMA	88	2822	10	1052
TOTTORI	27	2179	1	685
SHIMANE	85	2975	4	1108
OKAYAMA	135	6027	21	2659
HIROSHIMA	230	8509	9	2961
YAMAGUCHI	66	4877	1	1089
TOKUSHIMA	86	2065	5	1166
KAGAWA	103	2730	6	1742
EHIME	171	4235	27	3147
KOCHI	114	2067	18	1028
FUKUOKA	348	13353	21	3472
SAGA	128	3776	24	1354
NAGASAKI	156	5126	30	1673
KUMAMOTO	135	4318	26	2529
OITA	138	3656	14	1196
MIYAZAKI	77	4166	20	1751
KAGOSHIMA	114	4138	11	1340
TOTAL	8,972	296,657	903	110,109
RATE				
Current	578.5	579.6	58.2	215.1
Previous	681.5		60.9	

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	INFLUENZA		POLIOMYELITIS	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	2,947	13	108
AOMORI	-	-	-	15
IWATE	-	-	3	17
MIYAGI	-	6	-	67
AKITA	-	1,149	-	9
YAMAGATA	-	32	-	15
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	46
IBARAKI	-	1,160	1	37
TOCHIGI	-	27	4	22
GUMMA	-	399	5	75
SAITAMA	-	283	8	65
CHIBA	-	213	-	24
TOKYO	1	360	14	280
KANAGAWA	-	288	2	61
NIIGATA	-	780	1	26
TOYAMA	-	195	1	25
ISHIKAWA	-	97	-	16
FUKUI	-	567	1	11
YAMANASHI	-	253	1	23
NAGANO	-	173	-	38
GIFU	-	2,376	3	14
SHIZUOKA	-	463	3	72
AICHI	-	1,305	1	36
MIE	1	638	1	57
SHIGA	-	228	-	-
KYOTO	-	1,122	1	12
OSAKA	-	395	7	76
HYOGO	-	1,382	5	42
NARA	-	433	1	14
WAKAYAMA	-	259	5	10
TOTTORI	-	111	-	11
SHIMANE	-	620	-	5
OKAYAMA	-	429	-	39
HIROSHIMA	-	156	-	17
YAMAGUCHI	-	99	3	58
TOKUSHIMA	-	105	1	13
KAGAWA	-	95	-	8
EHIME	-	152	2	53
KOCHI	-	7	-	15
FUKUOKA	-	697	7	152
SAGA	1	119	1	18
NAGASAKI	1	159	-	11
KUMAMOTO	-	5	3	37
OITA	-	412	2	68
MIYAZAKI	-	72	3	96
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	6	19
<hr/>				
TOTAL	4	20,778	109	1,933
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	0.3	40.6	7.0	3.8
Previous	0.1		8.4	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	TETANUS		PUERPERAL INFECTION	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	28	1	41
AOMORI	-	20	-	20
IWATE	-	11	-	13
MIYAGI	-	18	-	9
AKITA	-	11	-	23
YAMAGATA	-	10	-	9
FUKUSHIMA	-	28	-	10
IBARAKI	6	70	1	12
TOCHIGI	-	26	2	9
GUMMA	3	55	1	15
SAITAMA	4	46	1	44
CHIBA	2	54	-	2
TOKYO	2	52	-	10
KANAGAWA	-	26	-	7
NIIGATA	-	12	-	13
TOYAMA	-	9	-	35
ISHIKAWA	-	12	1	6
FUKUI	1	3	-	11
YAMANASHI	-	19	1	11
NAGANO	1	33	-	16
GIFU	-	20	-	9
SHIZUOKA	1	40	-	15
AICHI	1	52	-	17
MIE	1	17	-	5
SHIGA	-	8	-	11
KYOTO	-	15	1	9
OSAKA	2	40	1	10
HYOGO	-	20	2	14
NARA	2	17	-	2
WAKAYAMA	-	9	-	2
TOTTORI	-	10	-	10
SHIMANE	-	17	-	6
OKAYAMA	-	23	-	9
HIROSHIMA	-	23	-	13
YAMAGUCHI	-	29	-	3
TOKUSHIMA	1	18	-	8
KAGAWA	-	22	-	3
EHIME	4	36	1	7
KOCHI	-	29	-	3
FUKUOKA	-	52	-	23
SAGA	-	15	-	5
NAGASAKI	-	14	-	5
KUMAMOTO	-	31	-	17
OITA	1	23	-	3
MIYAZAKI	-	34	-	14
KAGOSHIMA	-	34	-	7
<hr/>				
TOTAL	32	1,191	13	546
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	2.1	2.3	0.8	1.1
Previous	3.2		1.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	RABIES		ANTHRAX	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-
AKITA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	-	1	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	5	-	-
GUMMA	-	9	-	1
SAITAMA	-	4	-	-
CHIBA	-	8	-	-
TOKYO	-	5	-	1
KANAGAWA	-	6	-	-
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	1	1	-	-
AICHI	-	-	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	-
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-
SAGA	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	-	-	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-
<hr/>				
TOTAL	1	39	-	2
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	0.1	0.1	-	0.00
Previous	0.1		-	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	LEPROSY		TRACHOMA	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	6	195	6689
AOMORI	-	8	45	3101
IWATE	-	10	92	4594
MIYAGI	-	12	68	3463
AKITA	-	12	32	5358
YAMAGATA	-	4	21	1980
FUKUSHIMA	-	11	52	1561
IBARAKI	-	4	43	2596
TOCHIGI	-	10	48	2209
GUMMA	-	35	16	5368
SAITAMA	1	3	99	3806
CHIBA	-	-	23	2220
TOKYO	1	24	102	4497
KANAGAWA	-	3	64	4329
NIIGATA	-	-	9	1105
TOYAMA	-	-	15	1135
ISHIKAWA	-	1	4	782
FUKUI	-	2	16	872
YAMANASHI	-	7	49	872
NAGANO	-	3	89	1648
GIFU	-	8	32	1246
SHIZUOKA	-	13	43	2022
AICHI	-	22	546	8018
MIE	-	8	35	1109
SHIGA	1	6	6	941
KYOTO	-	18	6	941
OSAKA	-	7	386	*4783
HYOGO	1	12	90	6328
NARA	-	4	21	650
WAKAYAMA	1	4	22	1509
TOTTORI	-	4	-	355
SHIMANE	1	3	8	331
OKAYAMA	-	11	31	1867
HIROSHIMA	-	-	33	3136
YAMAGUCHI	-	15	4	560
TOKUSHIMA	-	11	13	1399
KAGAWA	-	3	33	*1357
EHIME	-	4	615	1776
KOCHI	-	2	10	470
FUKUOKA	1	34	121	5809
SAGA	-	2	37	806
NAGASAKI	1	7	34	*2151
KUMAMOTO	-	10	15	1152
OITA	-	8	10	1076
MIYAZAKI	-	11	27	983
KAGOSHIMA	-	4	38	1451
TOTAL	8	386	3,300	*110,338
RATE				
Current	0.5	0.8	212.8	215.6
Previous	1.1		182.9	

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	INFECTIOUS DIARRHEA		TSUTSUGAMUSHI DISEASE	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	13	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	1	-	-
AKITA	-	-	2	13
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	7	-	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-
SAITAMA	-	*	-	-
CHIBA	-	-	-	-
TOKYO	-	-	-	-
KANAGAWA	-	-	-	-
NIIGATA	-	2	12	69
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	1	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	-
AICHI	-	24	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	1	1	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	1	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	3	-	-
OKAYAMA	-	11	-	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	1	-	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-
SAGA	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	1	-	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	3	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	1	*69	14	82
RATE				
Current	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.2
Previous	0.3		1.3	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SCHISTOSOMIASIS		FILARIASIS	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-
AKITA	-	-	-	1
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	1
IBARAKI	-	1	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	-	-	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-
SAITAMA	-	-	-	1
CHIBA	-	1	-	1
TOKYO	-	1	-	1
KANAGAWA	-	-	-	-
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	43	347	-	6
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	2
AICHI	-	-	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	2
HYOGO	-	-	-	1
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	4
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	1	1
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	1
HIROSHIMA	9	51	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-
EHIME	-	-	1	6
KOCHI	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	36	-	2
SAGA	8	44	-	1
NAGASAKI	-	-	-	1
KUMAMOTO	-	-	1	9
OITA	-	-	-	2
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	8
KAGOSHIMA	-	1	-	16
<hr/>				
TOTAL	60	482	3	67
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	3.9	0.9	0.2	0.1
Previous	3.4		0.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

NUMBER OF CASES AND DEATHS OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES FOR  
COMPARABLE PERIODS, 1948, 1949 AND 1950

Diseases	Week Ended			Cumulative Number for First 33 Weeks		
	19 Aug 1950	13 Aug 1949	14 Aug 1948	1950	1949	1948
Cases						
Diphtheria	110	116	136	7,345	9,557	10,144
Dysentery	3,068	1,816	962	28,600	11,200	8,390
Typhoid Fever	174	240	338	3,346	3,758	5,694
Paratyphoid Fever	54	64	78	1,139	1,377	1,827
Smallpox	-	-	-	6	120	22
Typhus Fever	-	-	-	927	92	416
Malaria	37	164	248	722	2,763	3,582
Japanese "B"						
Encephalitis	614	11	1,524	877	37	1,896
Scarlet Fever	52	43	38	3,646	3,096	1,828
Epidemic Meningitis	60	22	70	770	951	1,462
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	433	1,900	728	47,154	151,869	45,505
Whooping Cough	2,954	4,432	1,920	94,346	77,172	34,875
Tuberculosis	8,972	9,384	8,252	296,657	295,752	239,605
Pneumonia	903	1,072	637	110,109	102,783	91,540
Influenza	4	12	21	20,778	1,818	2,439
Poliomyelitis	109	130	45	1,933	1,774	472
Yellow Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetanus	32	50	69	1,191	1,322	1,229
Puerperal Infection	13	8	16	546	593	633
Rabies	1	1	1	39	38	27
Anthrax	-	1	-	2	9	3
Glanders	-	-	-	-	-	2
Leprosy	8	11	13	386	546	481
Trachoma	3,300	2,503	3,270	110,338	127,532	109,464
Infectious Diarrhea	1	10	57	69	715	NA
Dengue Fever	-	-	-	-	5	6
Tsutsugamushi disease	14	NA	NA	82	NA	NA
Schistosomiasis	60	NA	NA	482	NA	NA
Filariasis	3	NA	NA	67	NA	NA
Diseases						
Diphtheria	4	11	9	636	977	936
Dysentery	655	446	228	5,753	3,047	2,118
Typhoid Fever	17	31	40	388	448	650
Paratyphoid Fever	1	2	6	45	57	85
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	12	1
Typhus Fever	-	-	-	53	5	28
Malaria	-	2	1	32	40	20
Japanese "B"						
Encephalitis	198	3	265	270	14	325
Scarlet Fever	2	3	-	19	48	22
Epidemic Meningitis	20	5	19	211	271	371
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.



CASE AND DEATHS RATES OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES  
FOR COMPARABLE PERIODS, 1948, 1949 AND 1950

Diseases	Week Ended			Cumulative Rates for First 33 Weeks		
	19 Aug 1950	13 Aug 1949	14 Aug 1948	1950	1949	1948
Case Rates						
Diphtheria	7.1	7.5	8.9	14.4	18.7	20.0
Dysentery	197.8	117.1	62.7	55.9	21.9	16.6
Typhoid fever	11.2	15.5	22.0	6.5	7.3	11.2
Paratyphoid fever	3.5	4.1	5.1	2.2	2.7	3.6
Smallpox	-	-	-	0.0	0.2	0.0
Typhus fever	-	-	-	1.8	0.2	0.8
Malaria	2.4	10.6	16.2	1.4	5.4	7.1
Japanese "B" encephalitis	29.6	0.7	99.4	1.7	0.1	3.7
Scarlet fever	3.4	2.8	2.5	7.1	6.0	3.6
Epidemic meningitis	3.9	1.4	4.6	1.5	1.9	2.9
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	27.9	122.5	47.5	92.1	296.7	89.9
Whooping cough	190.5	285.8	125.2	184.3	150.8	68.9
Tuberculosis	578.5	605.1	538.0	579.6	577.8	473.4
Pneumonia	58.2	69.1	41.5	215.1	200.8	180.8
Influenza	0.3	0.8	1.4	40.6	3.6	4.8
Polioomyelitis	7.0	8.4	2.9	3.8	3.5	0.9
Yellow fever	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetanus	2.1	3.2	4.5	2.3	2.6	2.4
Puerperal infection	0.8	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
Rabies	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Anthrax	-	0.1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Glanders	-	-	-	-	-	0.0
Leprosy	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.0
Trachoma	212.8	161.4	213.2	215.6	249.2	216.3
Infectious diarrhea	0.1	0.6	3.7	0.1	1.4	NA
Dengue fever	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Tsutsugamushi disease	0.9	NA	NA	0.2	NA	NA
Schistosomiasis	3.9	NA	NA	0.9	NA	NA
Filariasis	0.2	NA	NA	0.1	NA	NA
Death Rates						
Diphtheria	0.3	0.7	0.6	1.2	1.9	1.8
Dysentery	42.2	28.8	14.9	11.2	6.0	4.2
Typhoid fever	1.1	2.0	2.6	0.8	0.9	1.3
Paratyphoid fever	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Typhus fever	-	-	-	0.1	0.0	0.1
Malaria	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Japanese "B" encephalitis	12.8	0.2	17.3	0.5	0.0	0.6
Scarlet fever	0.1	0.2	-	0.04	0.1	0.0
Epidemic meningitis	1.3	0.3	1.2	0.4	0.5	0.7
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SYPHILIS		GONORRHEA	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	200	4,556	326	7,034
AOMORI	20	979	15	1,143
IWATE	2	725	1	507
MIYAGI	22	1,190	34	1,247
AKITA	1	849	-	480
YAMAGATA	29	1,184	25	782
FUKUSHIMA	33	1,173	33	1,432
IBARAKI	20	956	6	802
TOCHIGI	25	1,239	46	1,303
GUMMA	27	1,204	64	1,209
SAITAMA	37	1,466	40	1,534
CHIBA	59	1,507	63	1,505
TOKYO	83	4,441	277	9,467
KANAGAWA	173	5,216	310	12,241
NIIGATA	38	1,462	11	834
TOYAMA	14	1,007	43	1,329
ISHIKAWA	14	802	25	1,078
FUKUI	7	706	21	945
YAMANASHI	3	445	7	357
NAGANO	30	1,245	19	1,243
GIFU	12	950	51	1,925
SHIZUOKA	33	1,760	51	2,140
AICHI	73	3,221	104	4,084
MIE	37	1,326	33	1,174
SCHIGA	10	638	14	867
KYOTO	45	2,373	102	3,242
OSAKA	130	5,986	130	4,019
NARA	13	683	23	1,071
WAKAYAMA	26	1,245	27	1,720
TOTTORI	7	708	9	812
SHIMANE	11	360	6	334
OKAYAMA	32	1,548	34	1,741
HIROSHIMA	64	2,482	108	5,119
YAMAGUCHI	27	2,415	144	4,173
TOKUSHIMA	15	483	25	358
KAGAWA	82	745	88	680
EHIME	69	1,040	26	858
KOCHI	23	738	34	869
FUKUOKA	161	8,170	454	14,468
SAGA	29	1,310	75	1,522
BAGASAKI	68	3,388	70	*2,773
KUMAMOTO	83	1,332	69	1,566
OITA	39	1,062	41	1,321
MIYAZAKI	20	796	18	1,058
KAGOSHIMA	48	956	89	1,534
TOTAL	2,063	81,845	3,290	*109,992
RATE				
Current	133.0	159.9	212.1	214.9
Previous	129.2		212.9	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 19 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	CHANCROID		LYMPHOGRAPHULOMA VENEREUM	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	12	443	-	6
AOMORI	-	45	-	-
IWATE	-	22	-	2
MIYAGI	1	62	-	-
AKITA	-	23	-	1
YAMAGATA	-	30	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	2	64	-	2
IBARAKI	1	106	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	60	-	-
GUMMA	2	94	-	4
SAITAMA	3	103	-	4
CHIBA	2	138	-	2
TOKYO	32	875	-	29
KANAGAWA	34	1,150	-	26
NIIGATA	-	56	-	3
TOYAMA	-	110	-	3
ISHIKAWA	3	119	-	16
FUKUI	2	62	-	4
YAMANASHI	-	38	-	1
NAGANO	-	45	-	1
GIFU	5	309	-	3
SHIZUOKA	1	141	-	7
AICHI	12	293	-	7
MIE	4	139	1	6
SHIGA	5	175	-	4
KYOTO	18	668	-	45
OSAKA	18	817	-	31
HYOGO	13	494	-	26
NARA	8	229	-	2
WAKAYAMA	5	196	1	8
TOTTORI	-	65	-	2
SHIMANE	-	23	-	-
OKAYAMA	6	285	-	3
HIROSHIMA	20	501	-	19
YAMAGUCHI	6	197	-	13
TOKUSHIMA	-	24	-	3
KAGAWA	12	68	-	3
EHIME	1	65	-	3
KOCHI	3	81	1	3
FUKUOKA	18	1,003	-	16
SAGA	2	66	-	1
NAGASAKI	-	204	-	6
KUMAMOTO	2	54	-	-
OITA	4	97	-	3
MIYAZAKI	1	27	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	3	68	-	4
<hr/>				
TOTAL	261	9,934	3	322
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	16.8	19.4	0.2	0.6
Previous	16.5		0.7	

See footnotes at end of table.

NUMBER OF CASES AND CASE RATES OF  
VENEREAL DISEASES IN JAPAN FOR  
COMPARABLE PERIODS, 1948, 1949 AND 1950

DISEASES	WEEK ENDED			CUMULATIVE NUMBERS OF FIRST 33 WEEKS		
	1950 19 Aug	1949 13 Aug	1948 14 Aug	1950	1949	1948
<u>NUMBERS</u>						
SYPHILIS	2,063	3,111	3,548	81,845	127,185	144,255
GONORRHEA	3,290	3,223	3,374	109,992	117,091	152,377
CHANCROID	261	331	466	9,934	15,214	25,644
LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM	3	10	13	322	447	503
<u>RATES</u>						
SYPHILIS	133.0	200.6	231.3	159.9	248.5	285.0
GONORRHEA	212.1	207.8	220.0	214.9	228.8	301.0
CHANCROID	16.8	21.3	30.4	19.4	29.7	301.0
LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM	0.2	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.0

FOOTNOTES:

1. There were no cases or deaths reported for cholera or plague, and there were also no cases of yellow fever, glanders, or dengue fever.
2. Rates are the numbers of cases or deaths per 100,000 population, estimated as of 1 July 1949, and are computed on an annual basis.
3. A dash (-) indicates that no cases or deaths were reported and that the case or death rate was zero.
4. A rate of 0.0 indicates that there were some cases or deaths but that the rate was less than 0.1.
5. "NA" indicates that data are not available.
6. \* Cumulative figures adjusted for delayed and corrected reports.



DIGEST OF WEEKLY REPORT OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES  
IN JAPAN FOR THE WEEK ENDED 26 AUGUST 1950

During the thirty-fourth week, ended 26 August 1950, there were 20,537 cases of the 31 communicable diseases (exclusive of the four venereal diseases) compared with 20,990 cases reported for the same diseases last week. Some corrections were received this week for preceding weeks in the current year. Totals for six diseases (Japanese "B" encephalitis, scarlet fever, tuberculosis, influenza, tetanus, and infectious diarrhea) were higher this week than in either last week or the thirty-fourth week of last year, while totals for five others (measles, whooping cough, poliomyelitis, puerperal infection, and trachoma) were lower currently. No cases of smallpox, typhus fever, cholera, plague, yellow fever, glanders, or dengue fever were reported either this week, last week, or in the thirty-fourth week of last year. Cases of tsutsugamushi, schistosomiasis, and filariasis were all lower than in the preceding week. Data for these diseases are not available prior to the current year. Present totals for the remaining ten diseases fell between those reported for the other two periods.

There were 122 cases of diphtheria reported this week compared with 110 cases last week, an increase of 11 percent. Deaths, however, decreased from 5 to 4. The present case figure was 6 percent less than that (130) recorded for the same week of last year and 20 percent below the corresponding 1948 total (153). Cases increased over last week in 19 prefectures, decreased in 14, and stayed the same in 9, while there have been no cases reported for two weeks or longer in the remaining 4. Prefectural case figures this week ranged from zero in seven instances to eight in Tokyo-to. The current and cumulative case rates were 7.9 and 14.2 per 100,000 population respectively. Corresponding death rates were 0.3 and 1.2.

Dysentery cases decreased for the second consecutive week. They numbered 2,971 this week, three percent less than the figure (3,068) for the preceding period. Deaths, on the other hand, increased from 655 to 721. The present case figure was 74 percent greater than that (1,711) recorded for the same week of last year and almost three times the number (1,044) in the corresponding 1948 period. There were decreases from last week in 26 prefectures, increases in 18, and no change in the remaining 2. The most outstanding changes this week were a decrease from 216 to 122 cases in Gumma Prefecture and an increase from 40 to 113 in Miyagi. Tokyo-to (475 cases) and Saitama (360) again accounted for over a fourth (28 percent) of the current cases, and the entire Kanto region continued to account for about 60 percent of the total. Excluding Tokyo-to and Saitama, cases in the other 44 prefectures ranged from 2 to 156. Of the total dysentery reported this week, 2,956 cases and 719 deaths were listed as bacillary dysentery and the remaining 15 cases and 2 deaths as amebic. The current and cumulative case rates for all dysentery were 191.6 and 59.9 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 46.5 and 12.3.

The number of typhoid fever cases (184) was 6 percent higher than last week (174). There was also an increase in deaths, from 17 to 22. This week's cases were 11 percent fewer than in the same period of last year (206) and 37 percent below the corresponding 1948 total (292). Cases increased over last week in 20 prefectures, decreased in 17, and stayed the same in 7, while the 2 remaining prefectures have reported no cases for two weeks or longer. There were 22 cases in Tokyo-to this week, from 1 to 14 cases in 37 other prefectures, and none in the remaining 8. The current and cumulative case rates were 11.9 and 6.7 respectively, corresponding death rates 1.4 and 0.8.

Paratyphoid fever cases increased 35 percent, from 54 last week to 73 currently. Deaths also increased, from 1 to 6. The present number of cases was 34 percent less than that (111) recorded for the same week of last year and 22 percent below the figure (93) for the like period of 1948. About a third (16) of the prefectures have reported no cases for at least two weeks, while 16 others reported increases, eight decreases, and the remaining six no change. This week's cases were distributed among 26 prefectures having 1 to 13 cases each. The current and cumulative case rates were 4.7 and 2.3 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 0.4 and 0.1.

No smallpox cases have been reported for six weeks and no deaths thus far this year. There were no cases recorded for the thirty-fourth weeks of either last year



or 1948. The cumulative case rate as of 26 August 1950 was less than 0.1.

There have been no typhus fever cases reported for four weeks and no deaths for five. During the thirty-fourth weeks of last year and 1948 there were also no cases. The cumulative case and death rates were 1.8 and 0.1 respectively.

Malaria cases increased from 37 to 43 and deaths from zero to one. Present cases were 61 and 73 percent fewer than in the comparable weeks of 1949 (109) and 1948 (160). There have been no cases reported for at least two weeks in 19 of the prefectures. Decreases from last week occurred in 13 prefectures, increases in 10, and no change in the remaining 4. Aichi and Shiga Prefectures, with 11 and 10 cases respectively this week, together accounted for approximately a half of the total cases, while 13 additional prefectures had from one to five cases each. The current and cumulative case rates were 2.8 and 1.5 respectively. The corresponding death rates were both 0.1.

The number of Japanese "B" encephalitis cases this week (975) was 55 percent higher than in the preceding week (629), and the number of deaths increased from 200 to 297. The current case figure was much higher than that for last year at this time (16) but 43 percent below that in the same period of the year (1,702) before that. Over two-thirds (33) of the prefectures reported more cases this week than last week, six had fewer, and three stayed the same. The four remaining prefectures (Hokkaido, Aomori, Iwate, and Fukushima), all located in northern Japan, have reported no cases yet this year. The most notable change was an increase from 24 to 90 cases in Kanagawa Prefecture. Tokyo-to reported the largest number of cases this week (296) and neighboring Kanagawa the second largest (90), together accounting for 40 percent of the total. Substantial numbers were also reported by Osaka (65) and Hyogo (64). The 37 other prefectures with cases reported from 1 to 39 each. The current and cumulative case rates were 62.9 and 3.5 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 19.1 and 1.1.

There was a small increase in the number of scarlet fever cases (55) from last week (52), while deaths decreased from 2 to 1. During the thirty-fourth weeks of last year and 1948 there were 49 and 41 cases respectively. No cases have been reported for at least two weeks in 18 of the prefectures. Increases over last week occurred in 13 prefectures, decreases in 10, and no change in the remaining 5. A fifth of the cases this week were in Osaka Prefecture (11) and the remainder in 22 other prefectures, having from one to seven cases each. The current and cumulative case rates were 3.5 and 7.0 respectively. Corresponding death rates were 0.1 and less than 0.1.

About the same number of epidemic meningitis cases was reported this week (59) as in the preceding week (60). The number of deaths (20) did not change. This week's cases were more than twice those (28) recorded for the corresponding period of last year but about a fourth below the comparable 1948 total (78). About a third (16) of the prefectures reported decreases from last week and another third (15) increases. Numbers stayed the same in five prefectures, and no cases have been reported for two weeks or longer in the remaining ten. Present cases were distributed among 28 prefectures and ranged from 1 to 8. The current and cumulative case rates were 3.8 and 1.6 respectively, the corresponding death rates 1.3 and 0.4.

Measles cases decreased 13 percent, from 433 last week to 377 currently. They were 73 percent fewer than those (1,398) in the thirty-fourth week of last year and 28 percent below the corresponding 1948 total (527). Decreases from last week occurred in 20 prefectures, increases in 15, and no change in 4. The seven remaining prefectures have reported no cases for from two to six weeks. Cases ranged from 1 to 44 in the 37 prefectures reporting cases this week. The current and cumulative case rates were 24.3 and 90.1 respectively.

The current number of whooping cough cases (2,795) was 5 percent less than in the preceding week (2,954). It was 35 percent less than the figure (4,301) for the same week of last year but about 70 percent greater than the total (1,636) for the comparable 1948 period. Half (23) of the prefectures reported decreases from last week, nearly the same number (22) had increases, while the one remaining prefecture did not change. There were four prefectures (Shizuoka, Saitama, Toyama, and Mie) with from 81 to 67 fewer cases this week than last week. Only one prefecture



(Kumamoto) had an increase of comparable magnitude, from 67 cases last week to 142 currently. Three prefectures that together accounted for 18 percent of this weeks total were Tokyo-to (188), Saitama (154), and Fukuoka (153). The 43 other prefectures reported from 3 to 142 cases each. Current and cumulative case rates were 180.2 and 184.2 respectively.

Tuberculosis cases (9,442) rose 5 percent over the previous week (8,972). They were about 10 and 20 percent respectively greater than in the corresponding weeks of 1949 (8,505) and 1948 (7,954). Prefectural changes from last week were almost equally divided between increases (22) and decreases (21), and the remaining three prefectures stayed the same. This week's cases ranged from 20 to 964. Respiratory tuberculosis (8,369 cases) accounted for 89 percent of the total cases. Current and cumulative case rates for all forms of tuberculosis were 608.8 and 580.5 respectively.

There were 974 cases of pneumonia reported this week compared with 903 cases last week, an increase of 8 percent. The present number was 5 percent less than that (1,030) recorded for the same week of last year but 58 percent greater than the figure (616) for the like period of 1948. Cases increased over last week in half (23) of the prefectures, decreased in 21, and stayed the same in the remaining two. Prefectural case figures during the present week ranged from 3 in Nara to 69 in Saitama. Current and cumulative case rates were 62.8 and 210.7 respectively.

Sixteen cases of influenza were reported this week compared with four in the previous week. There were three and eleven cases respectively during the thirty-fourth weeks of last year and 1948. Most (38) of the prefectures have reported no cases for two or more weeks. Changes from last week included four prefectures with increases and the same number with decreases. Niigata Prefecture reported 13 cases this week and three other prefectures one each. The current and cumulative case rates were 1.0 and 39.4 respectively.

The number of poliomyelitis cases decreased for the third consecutive week from the peak reached in the first week of August. There were 105 cases this week compared with 109 last week and 156 in thirty-fourth week of last year. In the same week of 1948 there were 39 cases. Cases increased over last week in almost half (21) of the prefectures, decreased in 13, and stayed the same in 6, while no cases have been reported for two weeks or longer in the remaining 6. Prefectural case figures during the present week ranged from zero in ten instances to nine. Current and cumulative case rates were 6.8 and 3.9 respectively.

Tetanus cases (51) increased about 60 percent over last week (32). Last year at this time there were 47 cases and in the same period of the previous year 41. There were increases over last week in 20 prefectures, decreases in 7, and no change in 3. Approximately a third (16) of the prefectures have reported no cases for two weeks or longer. Present cases were distributed among 26 prefectures, from one to four in each. The current and cumulative case rates were 3.3 and 2.4 respectively.

Ten puerperal infection cases were reported this week. There were 13 cases last week and 14 cases each in the thirty-fourth weeks of both last year and 1948. About two-thirds (30) of the prefectures have reported no cases for at least two weeks. Nine prefectures showed decreases from last week while six others had increases and the remaining one did not change. Eight prefectures this week had one or two cases each. Current and cumulative case rates were 0.6 and 1.1 respectively.

There were three cases of rabies reported this week compared with one case last week. There were also three cases during the thirty-fourth week of last year but none during the same period of 1948. Two of this week's cases occurred in Gumma Prefecture which has reported over a fourth of all cases this year. The remaining current case was in neighboring Saitama. All cases reported this year have occurred in eight prefectures in the Kanto area. The current and cumulative case rates were 0.2 and 0.1 respectively.

No anthrax has been reported since mid-July. One case was recorded for the thirty-fourth week of last year but none during the same period of 1948. The cumulative case rate as of 26 August 1950 was less than 0.1.



The same number of leprosy cases was reported this week as last week (8). There were 11 and 13 cases respectively during the thirty-fourth weeks of 1949 and 1948. No cases have been reported for two or more weeks in approximately two-thirds (32) of the prefectures. Changes from last week included seven prefectures with decreases and six with increases, while the number stayed the same in the remaining one. Seven prefectures reported one or two cases each this week. Current and cumulative case rates were 0.5 and 0.7 respectively.

Trachoma cases decreased 33 percent this week, from 3,300 to 2,225. They were 18 percent fewer than those (2,719) in the same week of last year and 8 percent below the total (2,424) recorded for the comparable 1948 period. The majority (29) of the prefectures reported decreases from last week, while 16 had increases, and the remaining one stayed the same. Prefectural case figures currently ranged from 1 to 197. The current and cumulative case rates were 143.5 and 213.5 respectively.

Three cases of infectious diarrhea were reported this week compared with none in the preceding week. Last year at this time there was one case, and in the same period of 1948 there were 13. All three cases this week were in Okayama Prefecture. Current and cumulative case rates were 0.2 and 0.1 respectively.

There were 7 cases of tsutsugamushi this week, half last week's figure (14). Four were in Niigata Prefecture and the other three in Akita. These two prefectures have accounted for all 89 cases reported since this disease became reportable at the beginning of the present year. Current and cumulative case rates were 0.5 and 0.2 respectively.

Schistosomiasis cases numbered 37 this week compared with 60 last week. Yamaguchi Prefecture accounted for 20 of the present cases, Hiroshima 9, Fukuoka 5, and Saga 3. Of the 519 cases reported since this disease became a reportable disease at the beginning of the current year, all but four have occurred in the above four prefectures. The current and cumulative case rates were 2.4 and 1.0 respectively.

Two cases of filariasis were reported currently compared with three last week. One occurred in Kochi Prefecture and the other in Kagoshima Prefecture. The current and cumulative case rates were both 0.1.

The four venereal diseases accounted for 5,771 cases this week compared with 5,617 cases last week. Current and cumulative numbers of syphilis cases this week were 2,040 and 83,885 respectively; gonorrhea, 3,435 and 113,427; chancroid, 288 and 10,222; and lymphogranuloma venereum, 8 and 330. Totals for all diseases except syphilis were higher this week than in the preceding week. Last week there were 2,063 cases of syphilis, 3,290 cases of gonorrhea, 261 cases of chancroid, and 3 cases of lymphogranuloma venereum. This week's totals for syphilis, chancroid, and lymphogranuloma venereum were all lower than those (2,777, 294, and 9 respectively) recorded for the same period of last year. The total for gonorrhea, however, was higher (3,082 last year). The current and cumulative case rates for each of these diseases as of 26 August 1950 were: syphilis, 131.5 and 159.1 respectively; gonorrhea, 221.5 and 215.1; chancroid, 18.6 and 19.4; and lymphogranuloma venereum, 0.5 and 0.6.



SUMMARY REPORT OF CASES AND DEATHS FROM  
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES IN JAPAN  
WEEK ENDED 26 AUGUST 1950

PREFECTURE	DIPHTHERIA				DYSENTERY			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	4	-	473	40	72	7	740	57
AOMORI	4	1	181	26	59	11	192	40
IWATE	-	-	182	21	47	14	*400	73
MIYAGI	2	-	175	6	113	17	426	64
AKITA	1	-	235	12	15	8	192	70
YAMAGATA	1	-	85	7	44	8	347	63
FUKUSHIMA	5	1	181	18	76	20	945	207
IBARAKI	2	-	99	2	116	28	*1,076	411
TOCHIGI	4	1	133	*15	156	60	1,074	310
GUMMA	6	-	75	4	122	36	2,511	*452
SAITAMA	5	-	209	12	360	89	2,775	747
CHIBA	2	-	94	10	119	52	1,238	352
TOKYO	8	-	473	39	475	77	4,741	622
KANAGAWA	3	-	172	15	155	18	*1,650	160
NIIGATA	3	-	272	14	101	16	1,868	260
TOYAMA	1	-	95	7	15	6	360	76
ISHIKAWA	-	-	143	15	23	4	442	38
FUKUI	3	-	61	4	4	1	54	16
YAMANASHI	-	-	27	3	15	2	*198	37
NAGANO	2	-	117	7	71	8	377	53
GIFU	1	-	63	10	62	12	675	192
SHIZUOKA	2	-	117	9	97	19	1,319	251
AICHI	4	-	197	11	154	38	1,848	419
MIE	3	-	110	9	40	9	*399	93
SHIGA	1	-	43	2	4	2	40	11
KYOTO	2	-	125	13	38	5	475	60
OSAKA	3	-	282	37	54	18	712	90
HYOGO	3	-	270	24	46	12	*497	116
NARA	-	-	57	5	2	-	*43	4
WAKAYAMA	-	-	42	2	5	-	77	*23
TOTTORI	-	-	31	4	6	4	67	24
SHIMANE	3	-	153	7	10	3	121	45
OKAYAMA	-	-	80	7	15	5	167	63
HIROSHIMA	7	1	229	14	32	13	*379	118
YAMAGUCHI	1	-	196	13	19	14	176	60
TOKUSHIMA	1	-	81	13	12	6	108	47
KAGAWA	1	-	40	2	21	8	199	65
EHIME	3	-	103	12	28	22	351	93
KOCHI	1	-	54	10	8	2	130	36
FUKUOKA	4	-	559	46	72	16	726	155
SAGA	2	-	127	10	8	-	149	12
NAGASAKI	6	-	275	12	11	1	134	18
KUMAMOTO	4	-	125	9	26	15	576	169
OITA	3	-	157	25	11	6	128	60
MIYAZAKI	4	-	257	27	11	1	235	53
KAGOSHIMA	7	-	212	31	21	8	226	89
<hr/>								
TOTAL	122	4	7,467	*641	2,971	721	*31,563	*6,474
<hr/>								
RATE								
Current	7.9	0.3	14.2	1.2	191.6	46.5	59.9	12.3
Previous	7.1	0.3			197.8	42.2		

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 26 August 1950  
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PREFECTURE	TYPHOID FEVER				PARATYPHOID FEVER			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	2	-	109	11	13	-	73	5
AOMORI	2	-	63	3	6	-	25	1
IWATE	4	-	*44	-	-	-	16	1
MIYAGI	4	2	119	15	4	1	56	2
AKITA	-	-	23	8	-	-	7	1
YAMAGATA	4	-	34	4	-	-	14	1
FUKUSHIMA	4	-	74	5	1	-	16	1
IBARAKI	3	-	54	7	-	-	13	2
TOCHIGI	1	-	46	4	1	-	11	-
GUMMA	4	1	64	7	2	-	53	3
SAITAMA	7	-	159	19	2	-	40	4
CHIBA	6	-	96	11	1	-	13	-
TOKYO	22	1	487	56	9	2	259	5
KANAGAWA	6	-	169	13	-	1	42	1
NIIGATA	6	2	144	15	2	-	45	-
TOYAMA	14	2	55	5	2	-	39	1
ISHIKAWA	2	-	27	9	-	-	5	1
FUKUI	-	-	47	-	1	-	*8	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	9	1	-	-	*9	-
NAGANO	2	1	46	7	1	-	7	1
GIFU	2	-	105	14	-	-	26	1
SHIZUOKA	4	-	111	7	1	-	35	2
AICHI	9	2	155	20	2	1	35	1
MIE	8	-	120	18	3	-	12	1
SHIGA	3	-	33	4	1	-	4	-
KYOTO	4	-	112	13	1	-	10	-
OSAKA	12	7	177	30	4	-	83	2
HYOGO	8	-	163	15	4	-	23	1
NARA	4	-	65	6	-	-	6	-
WAKAYAMA	4	-	39	6	1	-	24	-
TOTTORI	1	-	10	-	-	-	*2	-
SHIMANE	7	-	47	5	1	-	7	-
OKAYAMA	4	1	57	11	-	-	4	1
HIROSHIMA	5	-	128	12	-	-	49	5
YAMAGUCHI	2	-	26	4	1	-	11	-
TOKUSHIMA	4	1	62	10	3	-	32	3
KAGAWA	-	-	6	1	3	1	16	2
EHIME	1	-	24	3	-	-	3	-
KOCHI	2	-	61	12	-	-	9	-
FUKUOKA	5	1	65	4	3	-	37	1
SAGA	-	-	9	-	-	-	4	-
NAGASAKI	1	-	31	1	-	-	4	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	27	5	-	-	16	-
OITA	1	1	11	3	-	-	2	1
MIYAZAKI	-	-	15	2	-	-	6	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	3	1	-	-	2	-
<hr/>								
TOTAL	184	22	*3,531	410	73	6	*1,213	51
<hr/>								
RATE								
Current	11.9	1.4	6.7	0.8	4.7	0.4	2.3	0.1
Previous	11.2	1.1			3.5	0.1		

See footnotes at end of table.



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PREFECTURE	SMALLPOX				TYPHUS FEVER			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	-	-	1	-	-	-	116	3
AOMORI	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
MIYAGI	-	-	1	-	-	-	7	1
AKITA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	2
TOCHIGI	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	1
SAITAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2
CHIBA	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	1
TOKYO	-	-	-	-	-	-	230	20
KANAGAWA	-	-	1	-	-	-	423	23
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
AICHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
MIE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-
NARA	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	*1	-	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SAGA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	-	*5	-	-	-	927	53
RATE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current	-	-	0.0	-	-	-	1.8	0.1
Previous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	MALARIA				JAPANESE "B" ENCEPHALITIS			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	3	-	16	-	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	1	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
IWATE	1	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	4	1	8	-	8	-
AKITA	-	-	7	1	9	3	11	5
YAMAGATA	-	-	5	-	17	5	21	7
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	10	1	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	2	-	17	2	15	4	17	5
TOCHIGI	-	-	6	-	14	1	14	1
GUMMA	-	-	11	-	11	8	26	14
SAITAMA	-	-	16	-	10	6	*24	8
CHIBA	1	-	7	-	2	2	8	5
TOKYO	-	1	43	4	296	84	673	191
KANAGAWA	1	-	6	1	90	23	*132	*31
NIIGATA	-	-	6	-	26	7	27	7
TOYAMA	-	-	10	-	19	4	25	5
ISHIKAWA	1	-	12	3	18	6	37	14
FUKUI	2	-	12	1	19	2	34	*7
YAMANASHI	-	-	8	-	1	-	1	-
NAGANO	-	-	8	1	13	6	15	8
GIFU	-	-	13	1	7	1	15	2
SHIZUOKA	-	-	7	-	13	3	24	6
AICHI	11	-	45	-	17	2	81	17
MIE	5	-	25	-	6	3	6	3
SHIGA	10	-	236	-	3	-	*4	-
KYOTO	1	-	17	1	8	3	13	5
OSAKA	-	-	2	-	65	28	137	62
HYOGO	2	-	19	2	64	30	93	47
NAHA	-	-	5	1	13	8	16	8
WAKAYAMA	-	-	4	-	15	5	20	7
TOTTORI	-	-	2	-	2	1	3	2
SHIMANE	-	-	3	-	21	9	36	11
OKAYAMA	-	-	14	1	39	5	*72	*12
HIROSHIMA	1	-	12	-	35	6	46	11
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	15	-	18	9	33	15
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	5	-	4	1	9	2
KAGAWA	-	-	3	-	-	-	5	3
EHIME	-	-	9	-	9	-	11	1
KOCHI	-	-	6	1	10	6	23	10
FUKUOKA	1	-	36	2	14	5	17	5
SAGA	-	-	10	-	8	1	26	8
NAGASAKI	-	-	22	-	5	-	6	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	10	2	2	2	9	3
OITA	-	-	7	-	5	3	*19	*7
MIYAZAKI	-	-	6	-	6	-	7	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	17	5	18	5	52	15
TOTAL	43	1	765	33	975	297	*1,856	*570
RATE								
Current	2.8	0.1	1.5	0.1	62.9	19.1	3.5	1.1
Previous	2.4	-			40.6	12.8		

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 26 August 1950  
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PREFECTURE	SCARLET FEVER				EPIDEMIC MENINGITIS			
	Current		Cumulative		Current		Cumulative	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
HOKKAIDO	2	-	161	-	1	-	56	19
AOMORI	-	-	46	-	3	1	24	6
IWATE	-	-	33	1	1	-	12	6
MIYAGI	1	-	41	-	-	-	41	11
AKITA	-	-	42	-	3	-	11	1
YAMAGATA	1	-	23	-	2	-	39	7
FUKUSHIMA	1	-	33	-	5	2	28	12
IBARAKI	-	-	112	-	2	-	25	6
TOCHIGI	1	-	11	-	-	-	10	2
GUMMA	2	-	90	-	4	2	14	3
SAITAMA	2	-	179	1	2	-	24	8
CHIBA	-	-	44	-	3	2	23	6
TOKYO	7	-	728	4	8	2	139	28
KANAGAWA	2	-	188	-	2	1	40	10
NIIGATA	-	-	26	-	1	-	13	1
TOYAMA	-	-	34	-	-	-	10	1
ISHIKAWA	-	-	11	1	-	1	6	2
FUKUI	-	-	47	-	-	1	2	2
YAMANASHI	-	-	70	1	-	-	6	3
NAGANO	6	-	218	2	-	-	11	1
GIFU	1	-	90	-	-	-	5	2
SHIZUOKA	2	-	80	2	4	-	18	5
AICHI	3	-	221	2	-	-	16	7
NAI	2	-	65	-	-	-	7	2
SHIGA	2	-	114	-	-	-	12	4
KYOTO	1	-	190	-	1	2	32	15
OSAKA	11	-	378	1	1	5	59	18
HYOGO	3	1	90	1	1	-	8	1
NARA	-	-	25	-	-	-	2	1
WAKAYAMA	-	-	15	-	1	-	6	4
TOTTORI	1	-	7	-	1	-	7	1
SHIMANE	-	-	41	-	1	-	1	-
OKAYAMA	1	-	50	-	-	-	3	-
HIROSHIMA	1	-	61	1	2	-	16	8
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	18	-	2	-	14	3
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	9	-	1	1	2	1
KAGAWA	-	-	9	1	-	-	4	-
EHIME	-	-	5	-	2	-	8	2
KOCHI	1	-	12	-	-	-	2	1
FUKUOKA	-	-	44	1	1	-	31	8
SAGA	-	-	5	1	1	-	6	1
NAGASAKI	-	-	13	-	2	-	10	1
KUMAMOTO	-	-	6	-	1	-	8	4
OITA	-	-	3	-	-	-	5	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	6	-	-	-	6	4
KAGOSHIMA	1	-	7	-	-	-	7	3
TOTAL	55	1	3,701	20	59	20	829	231
RATE								
Current	3.5	0.1	7.0	0.0	3.8	1.3	1.6	0.4
Previous	3.4	0.1			3.9	1.3		

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 26 August 1950  
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PREFECTURE	MEASLES		WHOOPING COUGH	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	36	1,722	110	2,272
AOMORI	6	545	51	1,071
IWATE	34	1,035	38	1,365
MIYAGI	18	583	38	1,126
AKITA	7	616	38	1,097
YAMAGATA	6	336	20	457
FUKUSHIMA	3	1,121	62	2,131
IBARAKI	6	384	37	3,235
TOCHIGI	9	1,328	12	987
GUMMA	4	1,885	45	1,755
SAITAMA	10	4,084	154	5,067
CHIBA	3	478	31	1,553
TOKYO	44	2,299	188	7,320
KANAGAWA	8	1,221	106	3,900
NIIGATA	-	707	34	2,295
TOYAMA	1	176	93	4,086
ISHIKAWA	-	64	43	1,141
FUKUI	19	1,046	53	1,142
YAMANASHI	1	288	19	1,058
NAGANO	22	2,164	135	2,661
GIFU	37	2,533	42	1,060
SHIZUOKA	3	1,942	66	3,979
AICHI	17	3,750	92	2,516
MIE	2	372	34	2,292
SHIGA	2	240	83	1,823
KYOTO	-	78	42	2,248
OSAKA	1	277	94	3,308
HYOGO	7	934	105	3,487
NARA	1	72	3	393
WAKAYAMA	-	122	22	1,668
TOTTORI	-	44	52	714
SHIMANE	-	20	50	1,075
OKAYAMA	5	1,527	57	1,355
HIROSHIMA	9	1,944	92	3,009
YAMAGUCHI	-	105	15	844
TOKUSHIMA	5	1,685	43	1,256
KAGAWA	4	2,394	6	1,310
EHIME	8	2,195	77	2,381
KOCHI	2	1,349	12	1,038
FUKUOKA	14	1,266	153	4,478
SAGA	7	363	75	1,430
NAGASAKI	9	620	60	2,094
KUMAMOTO	-	334	142	2,870
OITA	-	63	9	1,302
MIYAZAKI	2	386	45	2,069
KAGOSHIMA	5	834	17	1,153
TOTAL	377	47,531	2,795	97,141
RATE				
Current	24.3	90.1	180.2	184.2
Previous	27.9		190.5	

See footnotes at end of table.



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PREFECTURE	TUBERCULOSIS		PNEUMONIA	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	638	24,474	31	5,967
AOMORI	255	5,517	12	1,976
IWATE	376	6,625	38	2,838
MIYAGI	277	6,275	27	2,436
AKITA	161	4,835	15	1,897
YAMAGATA	106	4,335	9	1,670
FUKUSHIMA	120	5,182	21	3,044
IBAPAKI	116	3,792	17	2,812
TOCHIGI	79	2,638	18	2,439
GUMMA	147	4,615	14	4,080
SAITAMA	246	8,526	69	7,432
CHIBA	117	5,618	11	1,635
TOKYO	964	33,707	45	4,253
KANAGAWA	279	9,638	26	3,014
NIIGATA	110	5,636	19	3,280
TOYAMA	154	6,091	48	3,910
ISHIKAWA	127	4,530	21	1,266
FUKUI	112	3,404	17	1,449
YAMANASHI	56	1,636	16	1,093
NAGANO	254	7,184	28	4,694
GIFU	252	5,254	18	2,338
SHIZUOKA	132	5,766	50	2,704
AICHI	559	15,195	41	4,794
MIE	146	5,380	22	1,935
SHIGA	75	2,860	21	1,541
KYOTO	264	8,512	15	1,312
OSAKA	559	16,376	22	2,047
HYOGO	406	11,611	18	2,399
NARA	20	1,483	3	614
WAKAYAMA	98	2,920	4	1,056
TOTTORI	27	2,206	24	709
SHIMANE	85	3,060	9	1,117
OKAYAMA	145	6,172	17	2,676
HIROSHIMA	354	8,863	22	2,983
YAMAGUCHI	192	5,069	4	1,093
TOKUSHIMA	122	2,187	5	1,171
KAGAWA	29	2,759	4	1,746
EHIME	141	4,376	21	3,168
KOCHI	38	2,105	4	1,032
FUKUOKA	450	13,803	32	3,504
SAGA	160	3,936	23	1,377
NAGASAKI	212	5,338	33	1,706
KUMAMOTO	108	4,426	40	2,569
OITA	67	3,723	4	1,200
MIYAZAKI	76	4,242	6	1,757
KAGOSHIMA	81	4,219	10	1,350
<hr/>				
TOTAL	9,442	306,099	974	111,083
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	608.8	580.5	62.8	210.7
Previous	578.5		58.2	

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PREFECTURE	INFLUENZA		POLIOMYELITIS	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	2,947	7	115
AOMORI	-	-	2	17
IWATE	-	-	4	21
MIYAGI	-	6	2	69
AKITA	-	1,149	-	9
YAMAGATA	-	32	-	15
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	3	49
IBARAKI	-	1,160	2	39
TOCHIGI	-	27	-	22
GUMMA	1	400	1	76
SAITAMA	-	283	1	66
CHIBA	-	213	3	27
TOKYO	-	360	8	288
KANAGAWA	-	288	3	64
NIIGATA	13	793	1	27
TOYAMA	-	195	1	26
ISHIKAWA	-	97	1	17
FUKUI	-	567	3	14
YAMANASHI	-	263	4	27
NAGANO	-	173	2	40
GIFU	-	2,376	-	14
SHIZUOKA	-	463	4	76
AICHI	1	1,306	1	37
MIE	-	638	2	59
SHIGA	-	228	-	-
KYOTO	-	1,122	-	12
OSAKA	-	395	9	85
HYOGO	1	1,383	4	46
NARA	-	433	1	15
WAKAYAMA	-	259	2	12
TOTTORI	-	111	-	12
SHIMANE	-	620	1	6
OKAYAMA	-	429	3	42
HIROSHIMA	-	156	2	19
YAMAGUCHI	-	99	3	61
TOKUSHIMA	-	105	2	15
KAGAWA	-	95	-	8
EHIME	-	152	8	61
KOCHI	-	7	-	15
FUKUOKA	-	697	8	160
SAGA	-	119	-	18
NAGASAKI	-	159	1	12
KUMAMOTO	-	5	1	38
OITA	-	412	1	69
MIYAZAKI	-	72	3	99
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	1	20
<hr/>				
TOTAL	16	20,794	105	2,038
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	1.0	39.4	6.8	3.9
Previous	0.3		7.0	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report 26 August 1950  
Continued

PRECTURE	TETANUS		PUERPERAL INFECTION	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	28	2	43
AOMORI	1	21	-	20
IWATE	1	12	-	13
MIYAGI	2	20	-	9
AKITA	2	13	1	24
YAMAGATA	1	11	-	9
FUKUSHIMA	-	28	-	10
IBARAKI	4	74	-	12
TOCHIGI	2	28	1	10
GUMMA	1	56	1	16
SAITAMA	4	50	-	44
CHIBA	3	57	-	2
TOKYO	3	55	-	10
KANAGAWA	1	27	-	7
NIIGATA	-	12	-	13
TOYAMA	-	9	-	35
ISHIKAWA	-	12	-	6
FUKUI	-	3	-	11
YAMANASHI	-	19	-	11
NAGANO	2	35	-	16
GIFU	-	20	1	10
SHIZUOKA	3	43	-	15
AICHI	4	56	-	17
MIE	1	18	-	5
SHIGA	1	9	-	11
KYOTO	-	15	-	9
OSAKA	-	40	-	10
HYOGO	1	21	-	14
NARA	-	17	-	2
WAKAYAMA	-	9	-	2
TOTTORI	2	12	-	10
SHIMANE	-	17	1	7
OKAYAMA	-	23	-	9
HIROSHIMA	-	23	-	13
YAMAGUCHI	-	29	-	3
TOKUSHIMA	-	18	-	8
KAGAWA	1	23	1	4
EHIME	2	38	-	7
KOCHI	-	29	-	3
FUKUOKA	3	55	2	25
SAGA	-	15	-	5
NAGASAKI	2	16	-	5
KUMAMOTO	1	32	-	17
OITA	1	24	-	3
MIYAZAKI	-	34	-	14
KAGOSHIMA	2	36	-	7
<hr/>				
TOTAL	51	1,242	10	556
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	3.3	2.4	0.6	1.1
Previous	2.1		0.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	RABIES		ANTHRAX	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-
AKITA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	-	1	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	5	-	-
GUMMA	2	*12	-	1
SAITAMA	1	5	-	-
CHIBA	-	8	-	-
TOKYO	-	5	-	1
KANAGAWA	-	6	-	-
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	1	-	-
AICHI	-	-	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	-
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-
SAGA	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	-	-	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3	*43	-	2
RATE				
Current	0.2	0.1	-	0.0
Previous	0.1		-	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	LEPROSY		TRACHOMA	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	1	7	155	6,844
AOMORI	-	8	32	3,133
IWATE	2	12	197	4,791
MIYAGI	-	12	124	3,587
AKITA	-	12	33	5,391
YAMAGATA	-	4	19	1,999
FUKUSHIMA	-	11	19	1,580
IBARAKI	-	4	31	2,627
TOCHIGI	1	11	6	2,215
GUMMA	-	35	49	5,417
SAITAMA	-	3	52	3,858
CHIBA	-	-	156	2,376
TOKYO	1	25	98	4,595
KANAGAWA	1	4	45	4,374
NIIGATA	-	-	14	1,119
TOYAMA	-	-	11	1,146
ISHIKAWA	1	2	25	807
FUKUI	-	2	15	887
YAMANASHI	-	7	37	909
NAGANO	-	3	25	1,673
GIFU	-	8	25	1,271
SHIZUOKA	-	13	23	2,045
AICHI	-	22	135	8,153
MIE	-	8	8	1,117
SHIGA	-	6	116	984
KYOTO	-	18	20	961
OSAKA	-	7	112	4,895
HYOGO	-	12	112	6,440
NARA	-	4	2	652
WAKAYAMA	-	4	54	1,563
TOTTORI	-	4	7	362
SHIMANE	-	3	5	336
OKAYAMA	-	11	19	1,886
HIROSHIMA	-	-	71	3,207
YAMAGUCHI	-	15	4	564
TOKUSHIMA	1	12	18	1,417
KAGAWA	-	3	2	1,359
EHIME	-	4	43	1,819
KOCHI	-	2	5	475
FUKUOKA	-	34	119	5,928
SAGA	-	2	31	837
NAGASAKI	-	7	22	2,173
KUMAMOTO	-	10	20	1,172
OITA	-	8	1	1,077
MIYAZAKI	-	11	106	1,089
KOGOSHIMA	-	4	2	1,453
TOTAL	8	394	2,225	112,563
RATE				
Current	0.5	0.7	143.5	213.5
Previous	0.5		212.8	

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 29 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	INFECTIOUS DIARRHEA		TSUTSUGAMUSHI DISEASE	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	13	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	1	-	-
AKITA	-	-	3	16
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	7	-	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-
SAITAMA	-	-	-	-
CHIBA	-	-	-	-
TOKYO	-	-	-	-
KANAGAWA	-	-	-	-
NIIGATA	-	2	4	73
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	1	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	-
AICHI	-	24	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	*	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	1	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	3	-	-
OKAYAMA	3	14	-	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	1	-	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-
SAGA	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	1	-	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	3	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-
<hr/>				
TOTAL	3	*71	7	89
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2
Previous	-	-	0.9	-

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report - 29 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SCHISTOSOMIASIS		FILARIASIS	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-
AKITA	-	-	-	1
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	1
IBARAKI	-	1	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	-	-	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-
SAITAMA	-	-	-	1
CHIBA	-	1	-	1
TOKYO	-	1	-	1
KANAGAWA	-	-	-	-
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	20	367	-	6
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	2
AICHI	-	-	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	2
HYOGO	-	-	-	1
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	4
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	1
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	1
HIROSHIMA	9	60	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-
EHIME	-	-	-	6
KOCHI	-	-	1	1
FUKUOKA	5	41	-	2
SAGA	3	47	-	1
NAGASAKI	-	-	-	1
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	9
OITA	-	-	-	2
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	8
KAGOSHIMA	-	1	1	17
<hr/>				
TOTAL	37	519	2	69
<hr/>				
RATE				
Current	2.4	1.0	0.1	0.1
Previous	3.9		0.2	

See footnotes at end of table.

NUMBER OF CASES AND DEATHS OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES  
COMPARABLE PERIODS, 1948, 1949 AND 1950

Diseases	Week Ended			Cumulative Number for First 34 Weeks		
	26 Aug.	20 Aug.	21 Aug.			
	1950	1949	1948	1950	1949	1948
<b>Cases</b>						
Siphtheria	122	130	153	7,467	9,687	10,297
Dysentery	2,971	1,711	1,044	31,563	12,911	9,434
Typhoid Fever	184	206	292	3,531	3,964	5,986
Paratyphoid Fever	73	111	93	1,213	1,488	1,920
Smallpox	-	-	-	5	120	22
Typhus Fever	-	-	-	927	92	416
Malaria	43	109	160	765	2,872	3,742
Japanese "B"						
Encephalitis	975	16	1,702	1,856	53	3,598
Scarlet Fever	55	49	41	3,701	3,145	1,869
Epidemic Meningitis	59	28	78	829	979	1,540
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	377	1,398	527	47,531	153,267	46,032
Whooping Cough	2,795	4,301	1,636	97,473	81,473	36,511
Tuberculosis	9,442	8,505	7,954	306,099	304,257	247,559
Pneumonia	974	1,030	616	111,083	103,813	92,156
Influenza	16	3	11	20,794	1,821	2,450
Poliomyelitis	105	156	39	2,038	1,930	511
Yellow Fever	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetanus	51	47	41	1,242	1,369	1,270
Puerperal Infection	10	14	14	556	607	647
Rabies	3	3	-	43	41	27
Anthrax	-	1	-	2	10	3
Glanders	-	-	-	-	-	2
Leprosy	8	11	13	394	557	494
Trachoma	2,225	2,719	2,424	112,563	130,251	111,888
Infectious Diarrhea	3	1	13	71	716	NA
Dengue Fever	-	-	-	-	5	6
Schistosomiasis	37	NA	NA	519	NA	NA
Filariasis	2	NA	NA	69	NA	NA
<b>Deaths</b>						
Diphtheria	4	7	12	614	984	948
Dysentery	721	493	278	6,474	3,540	2,396
Typhoid Fever	22	29	32	410	477	682
Paratyphoid Fever	6	3	7	51	60	92
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	12	1
Typhus Fever	-	-	-	53	5	28
Malaria	1	-	2	33	40	22
Japanese "B"						
Encephalitis	297	5	446	570	19	771
Scarlet Fever	1	1	2	20	49	24
Epidemic Meningitis	20	9	11	231	280	382
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.



CASE AND DEATH RATES OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES  
FOR COMPARABLE PERIODS, 1948, 1949 AND 1950

Diseases	Week Ended			Cumulative Rates for First 34 Weeks		
	26 Aug. 1950	20 Aug. 1949	21 Aug. 1948	1950	1949	1948
Case Rates						
Diphtheria	7.9	8.4	10.0	14.2	18.4	19.7
Dysentery	191.6	110.3	68.1	59.9	24.5	18.1
Typhoid fever	11.9	13.3	19.0	6.7	7.5	11.5
Paratyphoid fever	4.7	7.2	6.1	2.3	2.8	3.7
Smallpox	-	-	-	0.0	0.2	0.0
Typhus fever	-	-	-	1.8	0.2	0.8
Malaria	2.8	7.0	10.4	1.5	5.4	7.2
Japanese "E" encephalitis	62.9	1.0	111.0	3.5	0.1	6.9
Scarlet fever	3.5	3.2	2.7	7.0	6.0	3.6
Epidemic meningitis	3.8	1.8	5.1	1.6	1.9	3.0
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	24.3	90.1	34.4	90.1	290.7	88.3
Whooping cough	180.2	277.3	106.7	184.2	154.5	70.0
Tuberculosis	608.8	548.4	518.6	580.5	577.0	474.7
Pneumonia	62.8	66.4	40.2	210.7	196.9	176.7
Influenza	1.0	0.2	0.7	39.4	3.5	4.7
Poliomyelitis	6.8	10.1	2.5	3.9	3.7	1.0
Yellow fever	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetanus	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.6	2.4
Puerperal infection	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2
Rabies	0.2	0.2	-	0.1	0.1	0.1
Anthrax	-	0.1	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Glanders	-	-	-	-	-	0.0
Leprosy	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.9
Trachoma	143.5	175.3	158.0	213.5	247.0	214.5
Infectious diarrhea	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.1	1.4	NA
Dengue fever	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Tsutsugamushi	0.5	NA	NA	0.2	NA	NA
Schistosomiasis	2.4	NA	NA	1.0	NA	NA
Filariasis	0.1	NA	NA	0.1	NA	NA
Deathrates						
Diphtheria	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.9	1.8
Dysentery	46.5	31.8	18.1	12.3	6.7	4.6
Typhoid fever	1.4	1.9	2.1	0.8	0.9	1.3
Paratyphoid fever	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Typhus fever	-	-	-	0.1	0.0	0.1
Malaria	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Japanese "B" encephalitis	19.1	0.3	29.1	1.1	0.0	1.5
Scarlet fever	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Epidemic meningitis	1.3	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.7
Cholera	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plague	-	-	-	-	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Weekly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SYPHILIS		GONORRHEA	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	123	4,679	236	7,270
AOMORI	15	994	40	1,183
IWATE	44	769	49	556
MIYAGI	31	1,221	30	1,277
AKITA	16	865	10	490
YAMAGATA	21	1,205	17	799
FUKUSHIMA	24	1,197	34	1,466
IBARAKI	32	988	35	837
TOCHIGI	28	1,267	28	1,331
GUMMA	39	1,243	46	1,255
SAITAMA	21	1,487	39	1,573
CHIBA	20	1,527	22	1,527
TOKYO	140	4,581	350	9,827
KANAGAWA	168	5,384	573	12,814
NIIGATA	40	1,502	27	861
TOYAMA	36	1,043	36	1,365
ISHIKAWA	11	813	20	1,098
FUKUI	3	709	27	972
YAMANASHI	3	448	46	403
NAGANO	19	1,264	35	1,278
GIFU	24	974	16	1,941
SHIZUOKA	23	1,783	70	2,210
AICHI	40	3,261	90	4,174
MIE	25	1,351	21	1,195
SHIGA	5	643	20	887
KYOTO	61	2,434	61	3,303
OSAKA	163	6,149	98	4,117
HYOGO	94	3,872	103	4,195
NARA	11	694	18	1,089
WAKAYAMA	19	1,264	48	1,768
TOTTORI	22	730	28	840
SHIMANE	7	367	16	350
OKAYAMA	58	1,606	50	1,791
HIROSHIMA	75	2,557	115	5,234
YAMAGUCHI	89	2,504	116	4,289
TOKUSHIMA	12	495	16	374
KAGAWA	7	752	4	684
EHIME	15	1,055	22	880
KOCHI	27	765	23	892
FUKUOKA	214	8,384	496	14,964
SAGA	44	1,354	46	1,568
NAGASAKI	76	3,464	100	2,873
KUMAMOTO	32	1,364	35	1,602
OITA	22	1,084	31	1,352
MIYAZAKI	1	797	11	1,069
KAGOSHIMA	40	996	70	1,604
TOTAL	2,040	83,885	3,435	113,427
RATE				
Current	131.5	159.1	221.5	215.1
Previous	133.0		212.1	

See footnotes at end of table.



Weekly Report 29 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	CHANCROID		LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM	
	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases	Current Cases	Cumulative Cases
HOKKAIDO	17	460	-	6
AOMORI	4	49	-	-
IWATE	2	24	-	2
MIYAGI	-	62	-	-
AKITA	-	23	-	1
YAMAGATA	1	31	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	1	65	-	2
IBARAKI	1	107	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	60	-	-
GUMMA	3	97	-	4
SAITAMA	7	110	1	5
CHIBA	-	138	-	2
TOKYO	28	903	-	29
KANAGAWA	44	1,194	-	26
NIIGATA	7	63	-	3
TOYAMA	3	113	-	3
ISHIKAWA	1	120	-	16
FUKUI	3	65	-	4
YAMANASHI	-	38	-	1
NAGANO	1	46	-	1
GIFU	3	312	-	3
SHIZUOKA	2	143	-	7
AICHI	4	297	-	7
MIE	-	139	-	6
SHIGA	5	180	-	4
KYOTO	20	688	3	48
OSAKA	30	847	-	31
HYOGO	12	506	1	27
NARA	-	229	-	2
WAKAYAMA	3	199	-	8
TOTTORI	2	67	-	2
SHIMANE	-	23	-	-
OKAYAMA	5	290	-	3
HIROSHIMA	13	514	1	20
YAMAGUCHI	11	208	1	14
TOKUSHIMA	2	26	-	3
KAGAWA	-	68	-	3
EHIME	1	66	-	3
KOCHI	3	84	-	3
FUKUOKA	35	1,038	1	17
SAGA	2	68	-	1
NAGASAKI	10	214	-	6
KUMAMOTO	1	55	-	-
OITA	-	97	-	3
MIYAZAKI	1	28	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	68	-	4
TOTAL	288	10,222	8	330
RATE				
Current	18.6	19.4	0.5	0.6
Previous	16.8		0.2	

See footnotes at end of table.

NUMBERS OF CASES AND CASE RATES OF  
VENERAL DISEASES IN JAPAN FOR  
COMPARABLE PERIODS, 1948, 1949 AND 1950

DISEASES	WEEK ENDED			CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 34 WEEKS		
	1950 26 Aug.	1949 20 Aug.	1948 21 Aug.	1950	1949	1948
<u>NUMBERS</u>						
SYPHILIS	2,040	2,777	3,320	83,885	129,962	147,575
GONORRHEA	3,435	3,082	3,344	113,427	120,173	155,721
CHANCROID	288	294	512	10,222	15,508	26,156
LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM	8	9	9	330	456	512
<u>RATES</u>						
SYPHILIS	131.5	179.1	216.4	159.1	246.5	283.0
GONORRHEA	221.5	198.7	218.0	215.1	227.9	298.6
CHANCROID	18.6	19.0	33.4	19.4	29.4	50.2
LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0

FOOTNOTES:

1. There were no cases or deaths reported for cholera or plague, and there were also no cases of yellow fever, glanders, or dengue fever.
2. Rates are the numbers of cases or deaths per 100,000 population, estimated as of 1 July 1949, and are computed on an annual basis.
3. A dash (-) indicates that no cases or deaths were reported and that the case or death rate was zero.
4. A rate of 0.0 indicates that there were some cases or deaths but that the rate was less than 0.1.
5. "NA" indicates that data are not available.
6. \* Cumulative figures adjusted for delayed and corrected reports.



DIGEST OF MONTHLY REPORT OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES  
IN JAPAN FOR THE FOUR WEEK PERIOD ENDED 26 AUGUST  
1950

During the four weeks ended 26 August 1950, the 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> communicable diseases included in this digest for which reports on deaths as well as cases are available, accounted for 16,389 cases and 3,453 deaths. The number of cases was 12 percent higher than the July total (14,636), and the number of deaths was also higher than in July (2,562). 2/ The 19 additional diseases included herein (not counting the four venereal diseases) accounted for 71,305 cases, about a third below last month's total (105,340). Rates for eight diseases (diphtheria, paratyphoid fever, measles, whooping cough, pneumonia, influenza, puerperal infection, and anthrax) were lower this month than in either last month or August 1949. Three diseases (dysentery, Japanese "B" encephalitis, and epidemic meningitis) had higher rates currently than in either last month or August 1949. No cases of cholera, plague, yellow fever, or glanders were reported during any of the three periods, and there were no current cases of smallpox, typhus fever, anthrax, or dengue fever. The rabies case rate was the same for all three periods. Data for 1949 are not available for tsutsugamushi, schistosomiasis, or filariasis. Current rates for the remaining eight diseases fell between rates reported for last month and August 1949.

The diphtheria case rate this month (7.3) was 20 percent below the July rate (9.1), while the death rate decreased from 0.4 to 0.2. The current case rate was the lowest 3/ recorded for August since monthly rates first became available in 1900. It was more than 15 percent below the rate for August of last year (8.7) and 25 percent below the corresponding 1948 rate (9.7). Two-thirds (31) of the prefectures reported decreases from last month, and the remaining 15 reported increases. No current cases were reported in Yamanashi and Tottori Prefectures. The highest rate (20.9) was reported by Miyazaki Prefecture, nearly three times the national average, while four additional prefectures reported rates more than twice as high.

Of the 12,523 cases of dysentery this month, 12,466 were designated as bacillary and the remaining 62 as amebic. Of the 2,727 deaths, all but three were attributed to bacillary dysentery. The current case rate for all dysentery (201.9) was about a third above the rate for last month (153.7), more than 75 percent above the rate for August 1949 (113.7), and over three times the rate for August 1948 (64.0). The death rate rose from 31.1 to 44.0 currently. Case rates increased over last month in almost three-fourths (33) of the prefectures and decreased in the remaining 13. The rates in Saitama (738.6) and Gunma (723.1), were highest as in the preceding month, over three and a half times the national average. At the other extreme, rates in Fukui (15.9) and Shiga (16.3) were less than one-tenth the national rate.

The current typhoid fever rate (11.5) was 13 percent above the July rate (10.2), and the death rate increased from 0.9 to 1.2. The current case rate was the lowest 3/ ever recorded for August. It was 17 percent below the rate for the same month of last year (13.9) and 43 percent below that (20.3) for August 1948. Two-thirds (31) of the prefectures reported higher rates currently than in July, 14 reported lower, and the one remaining prefecture the same rate both months. The current rate in Tokushima Prefecture (34.2) was nearly three times the national figure and that in Ioyama Prefecture (24.6) more than twice. On the other hand, no cases were reported in Kagoshima Prefecture.

The case rate for paratyphoid fever decreased from 4.5 to 4.0, while the death rate (0.1) remained the same. The current case rate was below the rates for August of 1949 and 1948 (5.1 and 6.5 respectively). Over half (26) of the prefectures reported decreases in rates from last month, 13 reported increases, and the remaining two (Okayama and Saga) no cases either month. Eight additional prefectures reported cases in August. However, rates in Tokyo-to (12.6) and Gunma (12.1) were over three times the national average.

No current cases of smallpox were reported compared with one last month. No deaths have been reported this year. No cases were reported in August of 1949 or 1948.



No current cases of typhus fever were reported compared with 33 last month. There were no cases during August of last year, but two in the same month of 1948.

Both the case rate (2.5) and the death rate (0.1) for malaria were the same in August as in July. The current case rate was about one-third of the rate for the same month of last year (3.2) and one-fifth of the corresponding 1948 rate (12.3). Over half (24) of the prefectures reported increases over last month, 13 decreases, while the remaining 4 have reported no cases for two or more months. A total of 12 prefectures reported no cases in August. There were 71 cases in Shiga Prefecture, nearly half of the national total, with a rate of 105.2. In the remaining 33 prefectures rates ranged from 0.5 to 6.2.

The case rate for Japanese "B" encephalitis increased from 0.1 to 29.3, and the death rate from less than 0.1 to 9.2. Case rates in August of 1949 and 1948 were 1.1 and 80.0 respectively. The case rate in Kagawa Prefecture decreased from 3.3 in July to 2.8 in August, and the northern-most prefectures (Hokkaido, Aomori, and Iwate) and Fukushima in north central Honshu have reported no cases thus far this year. The remaining 41 prefectures all reported increases. The rate in Tokyo-to (160.4) was over five times the national average, and in neighboring Kanagawa the rate (73.6) was about two and a half times.

The case rate for scarlet fever decreased from 7.1 to 3.9, and the death rate from 0.1 to less than 0.1. The current case rate was the highest August rate since 1944. August rates in 1949 and 1948 were 3.4 and 2.5 respectively. Nearly three-fourths (34) of the prefectures reported decreases from last month, ten reported increases, one no change, and the remaining one no cases for three months. Eleven additional prefectures reported no cases in August. Rates in Osaka (11.3), Kyoto (11.6), and Tokyo-to (11.5) were about three times the national average.

The case rate for epidemic meningitis increased from 1.1 to 3.3 and the death rate from 0.3 to 0.9. Rates in August of 1949 and 1948 were 1.7 and 4.7 respectively. There were increases in rates in 37 prefectures and decreases in 7, while the two remaining prefectures reported no cases either month. Four additional prefectures reported no cases in August. The highest rate, 11.6 in Kyoto Prefecture, was three and a half times the national average.

The case rate for measles this month (37.6) continued its normal seasonal decrease, being 56 percent below the July rate (86.2). It was about a third of the rate (110.4) for August of last year, and slightly lower than the corresponding 1948 rate (40.2). All prefectures reported lower rates in August than in July. No cases were reported in Takayama, Shimane, and Kumamoto. The rate in Fukui Prefecture (169.3) was over four times, and those in Iwate (126.9) and Gifu (124.7) over three times the national average.

The current whooping cough rate (203.5) was about 15 percent below the July rate (236.0) and about 30 percent below the rate (283.3) in August 1949, but about 35 percent above the August rate for the preceding year (110.5). Rates decreased from last month in about two-thirds (31) of the prefectures, increased in 14, and remained the same in the remaining one. The most outstanding changes were all decreases, from 396.4 to 155.0 in Kagawa, from 592.6 to 400.0 in Shiga, and from 263.1 to 141.2 in Takayama. Current rates ranged from 66.4 in Nara Prefecture to 553.1 in Toyama Prefecture.

Of the 39,651 cases of tuberculosis reported this month, 35,102 (89 percent) were respiratory tuberculosis. The case rate for all tuberculosis this month (639.1) was 5 percent below that for July (669.6), but 6 percent above the rate (601.0) for August of last year and 21 percent above the corresponding 1948 rate (526.3). Rates decreased from last month in 33 prefectures and increased in 13. All but seven prefectures reported rates within a range of 50 percent above and below the national average. Toyama (1123.1) and Tokyo-to (1056.6) were above this range, and five prefectures were below. The lowest rates were reported by Ibaraki (279.5) and Tochigi (279.7).

The pneumonia case rate continued its normal seasonal decrease, with the August rate (64.4) more than 30 percent below the July rate (93.8). The current rate was



lower than that for August of last year (71.2) but higher than the corresponding 1943 rate (40.6). Rates decreased from last month in all but five prefectures. The most notable decrease was in Kagawa, from 171.6 to 44.3. Toyama Prefecture continued to report the highest case rate (291.4), four and a half times the national average, while rates in Saitama (154.0), Saga (151.3), and Iwate (145.9) were more than twice. Rates in Osaka (26.1), Yamaguchi (27.5), Tokushima (29.7), and Kyoto (31.2) were less than half the national rate.

The current influenza rate was 0.2 compared with 0.5 last month. Rates in August 1949 and 1943 were 0.8 and 1.1 respectively. There have been no cases reported for two or more months in 27 prefectures. Rates decreased from last month in fifteen and increased in three, while the one remaining prefecture reported the same rate both months. Current cases were reported by eight prefectures with rates from 0.2 to 2.7.

The current case rate for poliomyelitis (3.2) was approximately the same as last month's rate (3.1). The rate in August 1949 was 3.7 and in August 1943 it was 2.6. Rates increased in 27 prefectures and decreased in 13. The remaining prefecture (Shiga) has reported no cases since September 1949. Three additional prefectures (Yamagata, Tottori, and Kagawa) reported no cases this month. The current case rate in Gumma Prefecture (20.9) was over two and a half times the national average, and those in Yamaguchi Prefecture (13.9) and Fukuoka Prefecture (17.2) were more than double.

The case rate for tetanus increased from 2.6 to 3.0. The rates in August of last year and 1943 were 3.1 and 3.2 respectively. Increases in rates were reported in 27 prefectures, decreases in 13, and no change in the remaining one. Current rates in Saitama (10.9) and Ibaraki (10.1) were about three and a half times the national average, while six prefectures reported no current cases.

The current case rate for puerperal infection (0.3) was lower than the rates for either last month (1.0), August of last year (1.1), or August 1943 (0.9). There were decreases in rates for 19 prefectures, increases for 17, and no change for one. The nine remaining prefectures have reported no cases for two or more months, while 12 additional prefectures reported no cases in August. Aomori Prefecture reported the highest current rate (5.3).

The rabies case rate (0.1) has remained the same since June. The rate in August of last year was also 0.1, and in the same month of 1943 it was less than 0.1. Current cases were reported by six prefectures of the Kanto region. Rates ranged from 0.5 in Shizuoka to 2.4 in Gumma.

No cases of anthrax were reported in August 1950. In both July of 1950 and August 1949 there were two cases. There were no cases reported in August 1948.

The current case rate for leprosy was 0.3 compared with 0.6 last month and 0.8 and 1.4 respectively in August of 1949 and 1943. Increases in rates were reported by 13 prefectures and decreases by 11, while 17 have reported no cases for two or more months. The current rate in Yamaguchi Prefecture was 6.9, and 21 other prefectures reported rates from 0.3 to 4.4.

The case rate for trachoma this month (133.6) was more than 25 percent below last month's rate (257.3). It was slightly above the August rate for last year (179.6) and approximately the same as the corresponding 1943 rate (133.5). More than two-thirds (32) of the prefectures reported decreases from last month and the remaining 14 increases. Current rates ranged from 42.6 in Oita Prefecture to 625.1 in Ehime.

The case rate for infectious diarrhea (0.2) was the same in August as in July. Rates in August 1949 and 1943 were 0.4 and 5.7 respectively. Current cases were reported by Tochigi (5.8), Okayama (2.4), and Hokkaido (1.0).

There have been no cases of dengue fever reported in Japan during 1950. Cases in August 1949 and 1943 numbered one and three respectively.

The case rate for tsutsugamushi disease increased from 0.4 to 0.9. Cases were reported by Niigata and Akita whose rates were 21.2 and 16.1 respectively.

The case rate for schistosomiasis increased from 1.5 to 2.7. Cases were reported by Yamanashi, Saga, Hiroshima and Fukuoka prefectures, whose rates were 193.2, 19.4, 16.4 and 2.0 respectively.

The case rate for filariasis increased from 0.1 to 0.2. Cases were reported by Kagoshima, Ehime, Kochi, Shimane and Kumamoto prefectures, whose rates were 3.7, 2.6, 1.5, 1.4 and 1.4 respectively.

There were 23,243 cases of the four venereal diseases during August compared with 30,938 last month <sup>2/</sup>. Rates for syphilis and chancroid were lower than in either last month or August 1949, while current rates for gonorrhea and lymphogranuloma venereum were between those for the other two periods.

The August case rate for syphilis (137.9) was 10 percent lower than the July rate (152.9). It was nearly 30 percent below the rate in August of last year (191.3) and about 40 percent below the corresponding 1948 rate (226.4). Prefectural rates ranged from 41.2 to 333.3.

The case rate for gonorrhea this month (219.6) was slightly lower than the rates for last month (227.7) and August 1948 (223.3), but slightly higher than in August of 1949 (211.1). Prefectural rates ranged from 50.4 to 966.9.

The chancroid case rate (16.7) was lower than in July (18.4) and in August of last year (20.7) and 1948 (31.3). Prefectural rates ranged from zero to 76.4.

The case rate for lymphogranuloma venereum (0.5) was the same in August as in July, and lower than in August of 1949 and 1948 (both 0.8). Among the 15 prefectures reporting cases, rates ranged from 0.4 to 4.3.

#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1/ These diseases are diphtheria, dysentery, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, smallpox, typhus fever, malaria, Japanese "B" encephalitis, scarlet fever, epidemic meningitis, cholera, and plague.
- 2/ August 1950, 1949, and 1948 were all four week periods. July 1950 was a five-week period. Rates for 1949 and 1950 are based on the estimated population as of 1 July 1949, while rates for 1948 are based on the estimated population as of 1 July 1948. Comparisons of data should be based on rates rather than numbers where there are differences in either the time period or the base population.
- 3/ Monthly data are not available for the period 1928-1934 inclusive.



SUMMARY REPORT OF CASES AND DEATHS FROM  
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES IN JAPAN  
FOR FOUR WEEK PERIOD ENDING 26 AUG 50

PREFECTURE	DIPHTHERIA				DYSENTERY			
	Cases		Deaths		Cases		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
HOKKAIDO	24	7.7	1	0.3	324	104.2	29	9.3
AOMORI	14	14.9	1	1.1	112	118.9	20	21.2
IWATE	7	7.0	-	-	169	168.8	29	29.0
MIYAGI	8	6.5	-	-	212	171.7	34	27.5
AKITA	7	7.1	-	-	77	77.6	33	33.2
YAMAGATA	3	2.9	1	1.0	116	111.4	20	19.2
FUKUSHIMA	12	7.7	1	0.6	352	224.6	85	54.2
IBARAKI	8	5.1	-	-	475	300.4	173	109.4
TOCHIGI	11	9.1	2	1.7	633	525.4	178	147.7
GUMMA	7	5.6	-	-	906	278.1	190	152.7
SAITAMA	17	10.3	-	-	1218	738.6	346	209.8
CHIBA	17	10.3	-	-	466	281.5	160	96.7
TOKYO	33	7.9	1	0.2	1873	447.0	231	55.1
KANAGAWA	13	7.3	-	-	634	353.7	66	36.8
NIIGATA	12	6.4	1	0.5	517	274.5	78	41.4
TOYAMA	3	3.9	-	-	114	147.7	35	45.3
ISHIKAWA	1	1.4	-	-	81	111.2	13	17.8
FUKUI	8	14.1	-	-	9	15.9	4	7.1
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-	68	107.8	16	25.4
NAGANO	5	3.1	-	-	199	123.7	27	16.8
GIFU	4	3.4	-	-	325	275.6	92	78.0
SHIZUOKA	4	2.1	-	-	513	275.6	89	47.8
AICHI	13	5.2	-	-	729	292.2	169	67.7
MIE	9	8.0	-	-	153	136.3	34	30.3
SHIGA	1	1.5	-	-	11	16.3	7	10.4
KYOTO	10	7.2	-	-	203	147.1	19	13.8
OSAKA	10	3.7	-	-	326	119.9	48	17.7
HYOGO	11	4.5	-	-	223	91.3	49	20.1
NARA	1	1.7	-	-	18	29.9	2	3.3
WAKAYAMA	3	4.0	-	-	23	30.3	3	4.0
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-	23	50.2	11	24.0
SHIMANE	12	17.2	-	-	53	75.8	22	31.5
OKAYAMA	4	3.1	1	0.8	83	65.0	27	21.2
HIROSHIMA	27	17.1	1	0.6	130	82.2	53	33.5
YAMAGUCHI	10	8.6	-	-	75	64.4	26	22.3
TOKUSHIMA	5	7.4	-	-	40	59.5	23	34.2
KAGAWA	1	1.4	-	-	90	124.6	21	29.1
EHIME	8	7.0	-	-	147	128.3	37	32.3
KOCHI	4	6.0	-	-	46	68.7	18	26.9
FUKUOKA	33	12.9	1	0.4	275	107.3	66	25.8
SAGA	6	8.3	-	-	97	134.7	6	8.3
NAGASAKI	13	10.7	-	-	55	45.4	10	8.3
KUMAMOTO	11	8.0	-	-	166	120.2	56	40.5
OITA	4	4.2	-	-	47	48.8	24	24.9
MIYAZAKI	17	20.9	2	2.5	53	65.1	21	25.8
KAGOSHIMA	22	16.1	1	0.7	69	50.5	27	19.8
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* Aug 1950	453	7.3	14	0.2	12,528	201.9	2,727	44.0
**Jul 1950	704	9.1	28	0.4	11,919	153.7	2,412	31.1
* Aug 1949	542	8.7	49	0.7	7,055	113.7	2,430	34.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	TYPHOID FEVER				PARATYPHOID FEVER			
	Cases		Deaths		Cases		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
HOKKAIDO	23	7.4	-	-	28	9.0	-	-
AOMORI	8	8.5	-	-	9	9.6	-	-
IWATE	13	13.0	1	1.0	2	2.0	-	-
MIYAGI	21	17.0	3	2.4	9	7.3	1	0.8
AKITA	5	5.0	2	2.0	1	1.0	-	-
YAMAGATA	6	5.8	1	1.0	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	13	8.3	1	0.6	2	1.3	-	-
IBARAKI	13	8.2	2	1.3	4	2.5	-	-
TOCHIGI	16	13.3	-	-	3	2.5	-	-
GUMMA	12	9.6	4	3.2	15	12.1	1	0.8
SAITAMA	22	13.3	2	1.2	7	4.2	-	-
CHIBA	16	9.7	1	0.6	2	1.2	-	-
TOKYO	81	19.3	5	1.2	53	12.6	2	0.5
KANAGAWA	22	12.3	2	1.1	6	3.3	1	0.6
NIIGATA	22	11.7	5	2.7	9	4.8	-	-
TOYAMA	19	24.6	2	2.6	8	10.4	-	-
ISHIKAWA	7	9.6	1	1.4	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	10	17.6	-	-	1	1.8	-	-
YAMANASHI	1	1.6	-	-	2	3.2	-	-
NAGANO	9	5.6	1	0.6	3	1.9	-	-
GIFU	22	18.7	4	3.4	3	2.5	-	-
SHIZUOKA	22	11.8	1	0.5	6	3.2	-	-
AICHI	43	17.2	6	2.4	8	3.2	1	0.4
MIE	25	22.3	1	0.9	5	4.5	-	-
SHIGA	9	13.3	1	1.5	1	1.5	-	-
KYOTO	21	15.2	2	1.4	1	0.7	-	-
OSAKA	50	18.4	11	4.0	19	7.0	-	-
HYOGO	43	17.6	4	1.6	6	2.5	-	-
NARA	13	21.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	10	13.2	1	1.3	2	2.6	-	-
TOTTORI	2	4.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	8	11.4	-	-	1	1.4	-	-
OKAYAMA	11	8.6	2	1.6	-	-	-	-
HIROSHIMA	20	12.6	-	-	5	3.2	2	1.3
YAMAGUCHI	9	7.7	1	0.9	3	2.6	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	23	34.2	2	3.0	4	5.9	-	-
KAGAWA	2	2.8	-	-	4	5.5	1	1.4
EHIME	2	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	13	19.4	4	6.0	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	15	5.9	1	0.4	9	3.5	-	-
SAGA	2	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	3	2.5	-	-	3	2.5	-	-
KUMAMOTO	3	2.2	-	-	1	0.7	-	-
OITA	4	4.2	1	1.0	1	1.0	-	-
MIYAZAKI	2	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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* Aug 1950	716	11.5	75	1.2	246	4.0	9	0.1
**Jul 1950	788	10.2	72	0.9	352	4.5	8	0.1
* Aug 1949	865	13.9	147	2.1	319	5.1	15	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.



Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	MALARIA				JAPANESE "B" ENCEPHALITIS			
	Cases		Deaths		Cases		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
HOKKAIDO	3	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	4	4.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
IWATE	2	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-	8	6.5	-	-
AKITA	1	1.0	-	-	11	11.1	5	5.0
YAMAGATA	1	1.0	-	-	21	20.2	7	6.7
FUKUSHIMA	1	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
IBARAGI	3	1.9	1	0.6	17	10.8	5	3.2
TOCHIGI	-	-	-	-	14	11.6	1	0.8
GUMMA	-	-	-	-	24	19.3	14	11.3
SAITAMA	3	1.8	-	-	24	14.6	8	4.9
CHIBA	2	1.2	-	-	8	4.8	5	3.0
TOKYO	8	1.9	2	0.5	672	160.4	191	45.6
KANAGAWA	1	0.6	-	-	132	73.6	31	17.3
NIIGATA	1	0.5	-	-	27	14.3	7	3.7
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-	25	32.4	5	6.5
ISHIKAWA	1	1.4	-	-	37	50.8	14	19.2
FUKUI	3	5.3	-	-	34	59.9	7	12.3
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-	1	1.6	-	-
NAGANO	1	0.6	-	-	15	9.3	8	5.0
GIFU	1	0.8	-	-	15	12.7	2	1.7
SHIZUOKA	2	1.1	-	-	24	12.9	6	3.2
AICHI	11	4.4	-	-	81	32.5	17	6.8
MIE	7	6.2	-	-	6	5.3	3	2.7
SHIGA	71	105.2	-	-	4	5.9	-	-
KYOTO	2	1.4	-	-	13	9.4	5	3.6
OSAKA	-	-	-	-	136	50.0	62	22.8
HYOGO	7	2.9	-	-	93	38.1	47	19.3
NARA	1	1.7	-	-	16	26.6	8	13.3
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	20	26.4	7	9.2
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-	3	6.5	2	4.4
SHIMANE	1	1.4	-	-	34	48.7	10	14.3
OKAYAMA	1	0.8	-	-	72	56.4	12	9.4
HIROSHIMA	1	0.6	-	-	46	29.1	11	7.0
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-	33	28.3	15	12.9
TOKUSHIMA	1	1.5	-	-	9	13.4	2	3.0
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-	2	2.8	2	2.8
EHIME	2	1.7	-	-	11	9.6	1	0.9
KOCHI	2	3.0	1	1.5	23	34.3	10	14.9
FUKUOKA	4	1.6	-	-	17	6.6	5	2.0
SAGA	1	1.4	-	-	26	36.1	8	11.1
NAGASAKI	1	0.8	-	-	5	4.1	-	-
KUMAMOTO	1	0.7	-	-	9	6.5	3	2.2
OITA	2	2.1	-	-	19	19.7	7	7.3
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-	7	8.6	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-	52	38.1	15	11.0
<hr/>								
* Aug 1950	154	2.5	4	0.1	1,846	29.8	568	9.2
**Jul 1950	195	2.5	8	0.1	8	0.1	3	0.0
* Aug 1949	507	8.2	8	0.1	70	1.1	153	2.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	SCARLET FEVER				EPIDEMIC MENINGITIS			
	Cases		Deaths		Cases		Deaths	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
HOKKAIDO	7	2.3	-	-	3	1.0	1	0.3
AOMORI	7	7.4	-	-	5	5.3	2	2.1
IWATE	-	-	-	-	2	2.0	2	2.0
MIYAGI	1	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
AKITA	2	2.0	-	-	3	3.0	-	-
YAMAGATA	4	3.8	-	-	3	2.9	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	2	1.3	-	-	6	3.8	3	1.9
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-	9	5.7	2	1.3
TOCHIGI	1	0.8	-	-	1	0.8	1	0.8
GUMMA	6	4.8	-	-	8	6.4	3	2.4
SAITAMA	9	5.5	-	-	11	6.7	4	2.4
CHIBA	3	1.8	-	-	9	5.4	2	1.2
TOKYO	48	11.5	-	-	33	7.9	4	1.0
KANAGAWA	13	7.3	-	-	13	7.3	2	1.1
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-	2	1.1	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-	1	1.4	1	1.4
FUKUI	-	-	-	-	1	1.8	1	1.8
YAMANASHI	3	4.8	1	1.6	1	1.6	1	1.6
NAGANO	14	8.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
GIFU	4	3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	12	6.4	1	0.5	6	3.2	2	1.1
AICHI	14	5.6	-	-	5	2.0	1	0.4
MIE	6	5.3	-	-	1	0.9	-	-
SHIGA	6	8.9	-	-	3	4.4	1	1.5
KYOTO	16	11.6	-	-	16	11.6	9	6.5
OSAKA	32	11.8	-	-	20	7.4	7	2.6
HYOGO	8	3.3	1	0.4	2	0.8	-	-
NARA	3	5.0	-	-	2	3.3	1	1.7
WAKAYAMA	1	1.3	-	-	3	4.0	2	2.6
TOTTORI	1	2.2	-	-	2	4.4	-	-
SHIMANE	3	4.3	-	-	1	1.4	-	-
OKAYAMA	4	3.1	-	-	1	0.8	-	-
HIROSHIMA	3	1.9	-	-	3	1.9	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	2	1.7	-	-	4	3.4	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	1	1.5	1	1.5
KAGAWA	2	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
EHIME	1	0.9	-	-	3	2.6	-	-
KOCHI	2	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-	9	3.5	3	1.2
SAGA	-	-	-	-	3	4.2	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	-	-	-	2	1.7	-	-
KUMAMOTO	1	0.7	-	-	1	0.7	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-	1	1.0	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-	1	1.2	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	1	0.7	-	-	3	2.2	2	1.5
<hr/>								
* Aug 1950	242	3.9	3	0.0	204	3.3	58	0.9
**Jul 1950	552	7.1	5	0.1	83	1.1	25	0.3
* Aug 1949	208	3.4	5	0.1	104	1.7	46	0.7

See footnotes at end of table.



Monthly Period - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	MEASLES		WHOOPIING COUGH	
	Number	Cases Rate	Number	Cases Rate
HOKKAIDO	221	71.1	455	146.3
AOMORI	32	34.0	187	198.5
IWATE	127	126.9	139	138.9
MIYAGI	79	64.0	160	129.6
AKITA	46	46.3	209	210.5
YAMAGATA	28	26.9	78	74.9
FUKUSHIMA	16	10.2	250	159.5
IBARAKI	24	15.2	238	150.5
TOCHIGI	42	34.9	120	99.6
GUMMA	26	20.9	193	155.1
SAITAMA	57	34.6	645	391.2
CHIBA	17	10.3	228	137.7
TOKYO	186	44.4	845	201.7
KANAGAWA	75	41.8	463	258.3
NIIGATA	57	30.3	275	146.0
TOYAMA	4	5.2	427	553.1
ISHIKAWA	1	1.4	134	184.0
FUKUI	96	169.3	201	354.4
YAMANASHI	10	15.9	105	166.5
NAGANO	93	57.8	397	246.8
GIFU	147	124.7	140	118.7
SHIZUOKA	63	33.8	403	216.5
AICHI	79	31.7	384	153.9
MIE	21	18.7	257	229.0
SHIGA	14	20.7	270	400.0
KYOTO	2	1.4	263	190.5
OSAKA	16	5.9	430	158.2
HYOGO	88	36.0	473	193.7
NARA	5	8.3	40	66.4
WAKAYAMA	-	-	107	141.2
TOTTORI	8	17.4	172	375.1
SHIMANE	-	-	192	274.8
OKAYAMA	91	71.3	306	239.8
HIROSHIMA	49	31.0	395	249.6
YAMAGUCHI	7	6.0	85	73.0
TOKUSHIMA	36	53.5	122	181.5
KAGAWA	33	45.7	112	155.0
EHIME	102	89.0	279	243.6
KOCHI	38	56.7	119	177.6
FUKUOKA	123	48.0	653	254.9
SAGA	62	86.1	303	420.7
NAGASAKI	25	20.6	289	238.7
KUMAMOTO	-	-	391	283.1
OTTA	1	1.0	144	149.5
MIYAZAKI	25	30.7	340	417.7
KAGOSHIMA	72	52.7	209	153.0
<hr/>				
* Aug 1950	2,344	37.8	12,627	203.5
** Jul 1950	6,681	86.2	18,299	236.0
* Aug 1949	6,851	110.4	17,884	288.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	TUBERCULOSIS		PNEUMONIA	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
HOKKAIDO	2775	892.3	174	56.0
AOMORI	710	753.6	60	63.7
IWATE	833	832.2	146	145.9
MIYAGI	620	502.2	86	69.7
AKITA	670	674.9	83	83.6
YAMAGATA	647	621.3	65	62.4
FUKUSHIMA	549	350.3	84	53.6
IBARAKI	442	279.5	86	54.4
TOCHIGI	337	279.7	77	63.9
GUMMA	575	462.1	79	63.5
SAITAMA	918	556.7	254	154.0
CHIBA	773	467.0	66	39.9
TOKYO	4427	1056.6	149	35.6
KANAGAWA	1281	714.7	132	73.6
NIIGATA	575	305.3	78	41.4
TOYAMA	871	1128.1	225	291.4
ISHIKAWA	507	696.1	53	72.8
FUKUI	429	756.4	55	97.0
YAMANASHI	181	287.0	35	55.5
NAGANO	825	512.9	118	73.4
GIFU	765	648.7	71	60.2
SHIZUOKA	754	405.0	153	82.2
AICHI	2019	809.2	116	46.5
MIE	709	631.8	66	58.8
SHIGA	399	591.1	62	91.8
KYOTO	1133	820.8	43	31.2
OSAKA	2339	860.4	71	26.1
HYOGO	1503	615.6	100	41.0
NARA	189	313.9	30	49.8
WAKAYAMA	400	527.8	34	44.9
TOTTORI	264	575.8	41	89.4
SHIMANE	351	502.3	27	38.6
OKAYAMA	823	644.8	96	75.2
HIROSHIMA	1329	839.9	78	49.3
YAMAGUCHI	696	597.8	32	27.5
TOKUSHIMA	544	809.2	20	29.7
KAGAWA	325	449.9	32	44.3
EHIME	549	479.3	110	96.0
KOCHI	309	461.2	41	61.2
FUKUOKA	1887	736.6	129	50.4
SAGA	600	833.0	109	151.3
NAGASAKI	746	616.1	100	82.6
KUMAMOTO	516	373.6	141	102.1
OKI	488	506.5	39	40.5
MIYAZAKI	553	679.4	81	99.5
KAGOSHIMA	516	377.7	70	51.2
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* Aug 1950	39,651	639.1	3,997	64.4
** Jul 1950	51,929	669.6	7,271	93.8
* Aug 1949	37,285	601.0	4,420	71.2

See footnotes at end of table.



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PREFECTURE	INFLUENZA		POLIOMYELITIS	
	Number	Cases Rate	Cases Current	Rate
HOKKAIDO	-	-	43	13.8
AOMORI	-	-	3	3.2
IWATE	-	-	9	9.0
MIYAGI	-	-	8	6.5
AKITA	-	-	1	1.0
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	9	5.7
IBARAKI	-	-	12	7.6
TOCHIGI	-	-	10	8.3
GUMMA	2	1.6	26	20.9
SAITAMA	-	-	20	12.1
CHIBA	-	-	14	8.5
TOKYO	1	0.2	56	13.4
KANAGAWA	-	-	16	8.9
NIIGATA	-	-	10	5.3
TOYAMA	-	-	5	6.5
ISHIKAWA	-	-	3	4.1
FUKUI	-	-	5	8.8
YAMANASHI	-	-	10	15.9
NAGANO	-	-	5	3.1
GIFU	2	1.7	4	3.4
SHIZUOKA	-	-	20	10.7
AICHI	2	0.8	4	1.6
MIE	3	2.7	10	8.9
SHIGA	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	1	0.7
OSAKA	-	-	27	9.9
HYOGO	1	0.4	12	4.9
NARA	-	-	2	3.3
WAKAYAMA	-	-	7	9.2
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	1	1.4
OKAYAMA	-	-	11	8.6
HIROSHIMA	-	-	6	3.8
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	22	18.9
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	3	4.5
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-
EHIME	-	-	12	10.5
KOCHI	-	-	1	1.5
FUKUOKA	-	-	44	17.2
SAKA	1	1.4	5	6.9
NAGASAKI	1	0.8	2	1.7
KUMAMOTO	-	-	11	8.0
OITA	-	-	12	12.5
MIYAZAKI	-	-	12	14.7
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	13	9.5
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* Aug 1950	13	0.2	507	8.2
* Jul 1950	39	0.5	625	8.1
* Aug 1949	47	0.8	540	8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	TETANUS		PUERPERAL INFECTION	
	Number	Cases Rate	Number	Cases Rate
HOKKAIDO	2	0.6	4	1.3
AOMORI	3	3.2	5	5.3
IWATE	4	4.0	2	2.0
MIYAGI	4	3.2	1	0.8
AKITA	4	4.0	1	1.0
YAMAGATA	4	3.8	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	4	2.6	2	1.3
IBARAKI	16	10.1	1	0.6
TOCHIGI	3	2.5	3	2.5
GUMMA	8	6.4	2	1.6
SAITAMA	18	10.9	4	2.4
CHIBA	9	5.4	-	-
TOKYO	9	2.1	-	-
KANAGAWA	2	1.1	-	-
NIIGATA	-	-	2	1.1
TOYAMA	-	-	3	3.9
ISHIKAWA	-	-	1	1.4
FUKUI	1	1.8	-	-
YAMANASHI	5	7.9	1	1.6
NAGANO	5	3.1	1	0.6
GIFU	2	1.7	1	0.8
SHIZUOKA	9	4.8	-	-
AICHI	8	3.2	-	-
MIE	2	1.8	-	-
SHIGA	2	3.0	-	-
KYOTO	2	1.4	2	1.4
OSAKA	6	2.2	1	0.4
HYOGO	5	2.0	3	1.2
NARA	4	6.6	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	1	1.3
TOTTORI	2	4.4	1	2.2
SHIMANE	-	-	1	1.4
OKAYAMA	2	1.6	-	-
HIROSHIMA	1	0.6	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	3	2.6	-	-
TOFUSHIMA	1	1.5	-	-
KAGAWA	2	2.8	1	1.4
EHIME	8	7.0	1	0.9
KOCHI	3	4.5	-	-
FUKUOKA	5	2.0	4	1.6
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	3	2.5	-	-
KUMAMOTO	2	1.4	-	-
OITA	4	4.2	-	-
MIZAKI	1	1.2	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	3	5.9	-	-
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* Aug 1950	186	3.0	49	0.8
**Jul 1950	202	2.6	78	1.0
* Aug 1949	190	3.1	71	1.1

See footnotes at end of table.



Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
Continued

PREFECTURE	RABIES		LEPROSY	
	Number	Cases Rate	Number	Cases Rate
HOKKAIDO	-	-	1	0.3
AOMORI	-	-	1	1.1
IVATE	-	-	2	2.0
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-
AKITA	-	-	3	3.0
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-
TOCHIGI	2	1.7	2	1.7
GUMMA	3	2.4	-	-
SAITAMA	1	0.6	1	0.6
CHIBA	1	0.6	-	-
TOKYO	-	-	3	0.7
KANAGAWA	1	0.6	1	0.6
NIIGATA	-	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	1	1.4
FUKUI	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	1	0.5	-	-
AICHI	-	-	1	0.4
MIE	-	-	1	0.9
SHIGA	-	-	3	4.4
KYOTO	-	-	5	3.6
OSAKA	-	-	-	-
HYOGO	-	-	5	2.0
NARA	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	1	1.3
TOTTORI	-	-	1	2.2
SHIMANE	-	-	1	1.4
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	8	6.9
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	1	1.5
KAWA	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-
CHUGUO	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-
* Aug 1950	9	0.1	48	0.8
** 1949	4	0.1	43	0.6
* 1949	5	0.1	48	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Monthly Report - 26 August 1950  
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PREFECTURE	TRACHOMA		INFECTIOUS DIARRHEA	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
HOKKAIDO	1011	325.1	3	1.0
AOMORI	193	204.8	-	-
IWATE	610	609.4	-	-
MIYAGI	526	426.1	-	-
AKITA	161	162.2	-	-
YAMAGATA	106	101.8	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	152	97.0	-	-
IBARAKI	221	139.8	-	-
TOCHIGI	100	83.0	7	5.8
GUMMA	156	125.4	-	-
SAITAMA	471	285.6	-	-
CHIBA	355	214.5	-	-
TOKYO	495	118.1	-	-
KANAGAWA	290	161.8	-	-
NIIGATA	107	56.8	-	-
TOYAMA	56	72.5	-	-
ISHIKAWA	91	124.9	-	-
FUKUI	67	118.1	-	-
YAMANASHI	155	245.8	-	-
NAGANO	306	190.3	-	-
GIFU	133	112.8	-	-
SHIZUOKA	145	77.9	-	-
AICHI	1004	402.4	-	-
MIE	78	69.5	-	-
SHIGA	179	265.2	-	-
KYOTO	89	64.5	-	-
OSAKA	732	269.3	-	-
HYOGO	399	163.4	-	-
NARA	69	114.6	-	-
WAKAYAMA	160	211.1	-	-
TOTTORI	30	65.4	-	-
SHIMANE	43	61.5	-	-
OKAYAMA	239	187.3	3	2.4
HIFOSHIMA	209	132.1	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	68	58.4	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	67	99.7	-	-
KAGAWA	84	116.3	-	-
EHIME	716	625.1	-	-
KOCHI	33	49.3	-	-
FUKUOKA	806	314.6	-	-
SAGA	158	219.4	-	-
NAGASAKI	98	80.9	-	-
KUMAMOTO	140	101.4	-	-
OITA	41	42.6	-	-
MIYAZAKI	224	275.2	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	130	95.2	-	-
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* Aug 1950	11,703	188.6	13	0.2
** Jul 1950	19,991	257.8	14	0.2
* Aug 1949	11,140	179.6	22	0.4

See footnotes at end of table.



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PREFECTURE	TSUTSUGAMUSHI DISEASE			SCHISTOSOMIASIS		
	Number	Cases	Rate	Number	Cases	Rate
HOKKAIDO	-	-	-	-	-	-
AOMORI	-	-	-	-	-	-
IWATE	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-	-	-	-	-
AKITA	16	-	16.1	-	-	-
YAMAGATA	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
IBARAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	-	-	-	-	-
GUMMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
SAITAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
CHIBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOKYO	-	-	-	-	-	-
KANAGAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-
NIIGATA	40	-	21.2	-	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUI	-	-	-	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	125	-	198.2
NAGANO	-	-	-	-	-	-
GIFU	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-	-	-	-	-
AICHI	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIE	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIGA	-	-	-	-	-	-
KYOTO	-	-	-	-	-	-
OSAKA	-	-	-	-	-	-
HYOGO	-	-	-	-	-	-
NARA	-	-	-	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	-	-	-
OKAYAMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
HIROSHIMA	-	-	-	26	-	16.4
YAMAGUCHI	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-	-	-	-	-
EHIME	-	-	-	-	-	-
KOCHI	-	-	-	-	-	-
FUKUOKA	-	-	-	5	-	2.0
SAGA	-	-	-	14	-	19.4
NAGASAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-
KUMAMOTO	-	-	-	-	-	-
OITA	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-	-	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	-	-	-	-	-	-
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* Aug 1950	56	-	0.9	170	-	2.7
**Jul 1950	33	-	0.4	119	-	1.5
* Aug 1949	NA	-	NA	NA	-	NA

See footnotes at end of table.

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PREFECTURE	FILARIASIS	
	Cases	Rate
	Number	
HOKKAIDO	-	-
AOMORI	-	-
IWATE	-	-
MIYAGI	-	-
AKITA	-	-
YAMAGATA	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	-	-
IBARA	-	-
TOCHIGI	-	-
GUMMA	-	-
SAITAMA	-	-
CHIBA	-	-
TOKYO	-	-
KANAGAWA	-	-
NIIGATA	-	-
TOYAMA	-	-
ISHIKAWA	-	-
FUKUI	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-
NAGANO	-	-
GIFU	-	-
SHIZUOKA	-	-
AICHI	-	-
MIE	-	-
SHIGA	-	-
KYOTO	-	-
OSAKA	-	-
HYOGO	-	-
NARA	-	-
WAKAYAMA	-	-
TOTTORI	-	-
SHIMANE	1	1.4
OKAYAMA	-	-
HIFOSHIMA	-	-
YAMAGUCHI	-	-
TOKUSHIMA	-	-
KAGAWA	-	-
EHIME	3	2.6
KOCHI	1	1.5
FUKUOKA	-	-
SAGA	-	-
NAGASAKI	-	-
KUMAMOTO	2	1.4
OITA	-	-
MIYAZAKI	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	5	3.7
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* Aug 1950	12	0.2
** Jul 1950	10	0.1
* Aug 1949	NA	NA

See footnotes at end of table.



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Continued

PREFECTURE	SYPHILIS		GONORRHEA	
	Number	Cases Rate	Number	Cases Rate
HOKKAIDO	579	186.2	1025	329.6
AOMORI	117	124.2	132	140.1
ITATE	70	69.9	68	67.9
MIYAGI	113	91.5	119	96.4
AKITA	85	85.6	50	50.4
YAMAGATA	126	121.0	84	80.7
FUKUSHIMA	115	73.4	155	98.9
IBARAKI	108	68.3	119	75.3
TOCHIGI	118	97.9	151	125.3
GUMMA	149	119.7	189	151.9
SAITAMA	126	76.4	146	88.5
CHIBA	146	88.2	150	90.6
TOKYO	413	98.6	1164	277.8
KANAGAWA	595	332.0	1733	966.9
NIIGATA	183	97.2	131	69.5
TOYAMA	113	146.4	152	196.9
ISHIKAWA	47	64.5	91	124.9
FUKUI	42	74.1	92	162.2
YAMANASHI	26	41.2	79	125.3
NAGANO	119	74.0	139	86.4
GIFU	93	78.9	158	134.0
SHIZUOKA	167	89.7	228	122.5
AICHI	293	117.4	461	184.8
MIE	135	120.3	122	108.7
SHIGA	41	60.7	65	96.3
KYOTO	283	205.0	410	297.0
OSAKA	559	205.6	463	170.3
HYOGO	371	152.0	479	196.2
NARA	64	106.3	74	122.9
WAKAYAMA	90	118.8	179	236.2
TOTTORI	95	207.2	103	224.7
SHIMANE	41	58.7	40	57.2
OKAYAMA	205	160.6	161	126.1
HIROSHIMA	269	170.0	450	284.4
YAMAGUCHI	233	200.1	497	426.9
TOKUSHIMA	39	58.0	44	65.4
KAGAWA	98	135.7	107	148.1
EHIME	157	137.1	100	87.3
KOCHI	79	117.9	107	159.7
FUKUOKA	854	333.3	2153	840.4
SAGA	171	237.4	221	306.8
NAGASAKI	294	242.8	290	239.5
KUMAMOTO	194	140.4	244	176.6
OITA	153	158.8	178	184.8
MIYAZAKI	62	76.2	118	145.0
KAGOSHIMA	124	90.8	205	150.1
* Aug 1950	8,554	137.9	13,626	219.6
**Jul 1950	11,859	152.9	17,659	227.7
* Aug 1949	11,870	191.3	13,098	211.1

See footnotes at end of table.



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Continued

PREFECTURE	CHANCROID		LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM		
	Number	Cases Rate	Number	Cases	Rate
HOKKAIDO	53	17.0	-	-	-
AOMORI	7	7.4	-	-	-
IWATE	3	3.0	1	1.0	1.0
MIYAGI	4	3.2	-	-	-
AKITA	4	4.0	-	-	-
YAMAGATA	2	1.9	-	-	-
FUKUSHIMA	4	2.6	-	-	-
IBARAKI	5	3.2	-	-	-
TOCHIGI	1	0.8	-	-	-
GUMMA	9	7.2	-	-	-
SAITAMA	17	10.3	1	0.6	0.6
CHIBA	14	8.5	-	-	-
TOKYO	106	25.3	2	0.5	0.5
KANAGAWA	137	76.4	2	1.1	1.1
NIIGATA	10	5.3	-	-	-
TOYAMA	10	13.0	1	1.3	1.3
ISHIKAWA	9	12.4	2	2.7	2.7
FUKUI	7	12.3	-	-	-
YAMANASHI	-	-	-	-	-
NAGANO	5	3.1	-	-	-
GIFU	19	16.1	-	-	-
SHIZUOKA	8	4.3	2	1.1	1.1
AICHI	26	10.4	-	-	-
MIE	13	11.6	1	0.9	0.9
SHIGA	13	19.3	-	-	-
KYOTO	87	63.0	6	4.3	4.3
OSAKA	84	30.9	-	-	-
HYOGO	55	22.5	3	1.2	1.2
NARA	13	21.6	-	-	-
WAKAYAMA	17	22.4	1	1.3	1.3
TOTTORI	4	8.7	-	-	-
SHIMANE	-	-	-	-	-
OKAYAMA	24	18.8	-	-	-
HIROSHIMA	55	34.8	2	1.3	1.3
YAMAGUCHI	28	24.0	2	1.7	1.7
TOKUSHIMA	3	4.5	-	-	-
KAGAWA	13	18.0	-	-	-
EHIME	2	1.7	-	-	-
KOCHI	9	13.4	1	1.5	1.5
FUKUOKA	99	38.6	1	0.4	0.4
SAGA	11	15.3	-	-	-
NAGASAKI	18	14.9	-	-	-
KUMAMOTO	9	6.5	-	-	-
OTTA	10	10.4	-	-	-
MIYAZAKI	3	3.7	-	-	-
KAGOSHIMA	5	3.7	-	-	-
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* Aug 1950	1,035	16.7	28	0.5	0.5
**Jul 1950	1,430	18.4	40	0.5	0.5
* Aug 1949	1,283	20.7	50	0.8	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.



FOOTNOTES:

There were no cases or deaths reported for smallpox, typhus fever, cholera, or plague, and there were also no cases of yellow fever, anthrax, glanders, or dengue fever.

The monthly reports refer to four and five week periods: one asterish (\*) indicates a four week period and two asterisks (\*\*) a five week period.

Rates are the numbers of cases or deaths per 100,000 population per annum. Both the 1949 and 1950 rates are based upon the estimated population of July 1949.

A dash (-) indicates that no cases or deaths were reported and that the case or death rate was zero.

A rate of 0.0 indicates that there were some cases or deaths but that the rate was less than 0.1.



